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INCOME OF FAMILIES AND PERSONS IN THE UNITED STATES: 1958

(Advance data on family income in 1958 were issued in October 1959 in Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 32. Preliminary data on the 1958 income of persons appear in Series P-60, No. 31, issued in August 1959)

The average (median) income of families was estimated at \$5,100 in 1958, or about 2 percent higher than in 1957, despite the decline in economic activity which extended over much of the year, according to estimates released today by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce. However, this \$120 increase in money income between 1957 and 1958 represented little change in purchasing power for the average family, since prices also rose during this period.

Average family income has increased by about two-thirds in the postwar period (from \$3,000 in 1947 to \$5,100 in 1958). At the same time, the proportion in the lowest income groups (under \$3,000) was cut in half (from 49 percent in 1947 to 24 percent in 1958), and the proportion in the highest income groups (\$10,000 or more) had tripled. The income gains for unrelated individuals were somewhat less marked than those recorded for families. Nevertheless, the average income of unrelated individuals rose by about 50 percent between 1947 and 1958, and the proportion with incomes under \$3,000 was reduced from 89 to 70 percent during this period.

Although there was only slight evidence of an increase in the median income of nonfarm families during 1958, the income of farm families, on the average, rose substantially over the year. The median income of nonfarm families, which had been rising steadily between 1947 and 1957, reached \$5,300 in 1958, 66 percent higher than in 1947. In contrast, the median income of rural-farm families, at

\$2,700 in 1958, was only 40 percent higher than the 1947 level, despite a 10-percent increase between 1957 and 1958.

Of the Nation's 44 million families, about 4½ million, or one-tenth, received incomes of \$10,000 or more in 1958 and an additional 18 million, or two-fifths, had incomes ranging between \$5,000 and \$10,000. At the other end of the income scale, 10½ million, or about one-fourth, had incomes under \$3,000. The remaining 11 million families were in the \$3,000-to-\$5,000 bracket. The distribution of families (groups of two or more related persons residing together) by their income in 1958 is shown in

Table A.--NUMBER OF FAMILIES BY FAMILY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1958

Family income	Number of families
Total	44,202,000
Under \$1,000.	2,478,000
\$1,000 to \$1,999.	3,882,000
\$2,000 to \$2,999.	4,305,000
\$3,000 to \$3,999.	4,942,000
\$4,000 to \$4,999.	5,964,000
\$5,000 to \$5,999.	6,074,000
\$6,000 to \$6,999.	4,728,000
\$7,000 to \$9,999.	7,424,000
\$10,000 to \$14,999.	3,349,000
\$15,000 and over.	1,056,000

In 1958, the average income of both men and women remained at about the same level as in 1957. The average income of men, which had been rising steadily between 1954 and 1957, leveled off at \$3,700 in 1957 and 1958. Similarly, for women, the average

¹ The Consumer Price Index of the Department of Labor averaged 120.2 in 1957 and 123.5 in 1958.

income in 1958 was estimated at \$1,200, about the same as in 1957. A slight increase, however, was reported for men who were year-round workers. Men who worked at full-time jobs for 50 weeks or more had an average income of \$4,900 in 1958, a gain of about \$230, or 5 percent, over the previous year. There was no substantial change in the average income of women who worked throughout the year.

These are some of the highlights of the results of the annual inquiry on consumer income made in connection with the Bureau's Current Population Survey in March 1959. The survey covered the civilian noninstitutional population and members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post in continental United States.

This report covers money income only, prior to deductions for taxes. The fact that many farm workers do not pay rent for their living quarters and that many receive an important part of their income in the form of goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents.

The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below the median. In comparing median income data for 1958 with those for previous years, account should be taken of the fact that changes in income were accompanied by changes in prices. Therefore, an increase or decrease in income between selected years does not necessarily represent a similar change in economic well-being.

Since the estimates in this report are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling variability. Particular care should be exercised in the interpretation of figures based on relatively small numbers of cases as well as small differences between figures. Moreover, as in all field surveys of income, the figures are subject to errors of response and nonreporting.

SLIGHT RISE IN FAMILY INCOME IN 1958 DESPITE BUSINESS DOWNTURN

Average family income continued its upward trend in 1958, although the increase was smaller than in the preceding three years. The median income for all families was estimated at \$5,100° in 1958, about \$120, or 2 percent, above the 1957 average. Between 1956 and 1957, a gain of about \$200 had been recorded.

The slight rise in average family income in 1958, despite increased unemployment and a shorter workweek, is attributable in part to wage-rate increases in most industries. This factor largely

accounts for the rise in the average income of families headed by persons who worked at full-time jobs throughout the year. For this group, the average income rose to \$6,000 in 1958, a gain of about \$260, or 5 percent, over the previous year. The proportion of families whose head worked full time throughout the year, however, dropped from 65 percent in 1957 to 62 percent in 1958. Families headed by persons with less than a full year's employment had an average income of \$3,900 in both years.

The average income of families headed by persons who were unemployed during the survey week (in March 1959) was estimated at about \$3,500 in 1958, a drop of 14 percent from the previous year, when the corresponding average was \$4,100. This decline in the income of families whose head was unemployed is closely related to the marked increase in the duration of unemployment during 1958.

CHANGES IN FAMILY INCOME, 1947 TO 1958

Between 1947 and 1958, aggregate personal income of families and unrelated individuals rose from \$185 billion to \$338 billion. This rise was accompanied by a marked increase in average family income and by a gradual upward shift of families on the income scale. The average income of families increased by two-thirds (from \$3,000 to \$5,100) during this period. At the same time, the proportion in the lowest income groups (under \$3,000) was cut in half (from 49 percent in 1947 to 24 percent in 1958) and the proportion in the highest income groups (\$10,000 and over) had tripled (table B).

The income gains for unrelated individuals were somewhat less marked than those recorded for families. Nevertheless, the average income of unrelated individuals rose by about 50 percent during this period (from \$1,000 to \$1,500) and the proportion in the lowest income groups was reduced from 89 percent to 70 percent. The proportion with incomes of \$5,000 and over had about tripled during the same period.

The income figures presented in table B are in current dollars and do not take into account changes in purchasing power of money. Since prices also rose considerably between 1947 and 1958, the unadjusted data present a misleading picture of changes in purchasing power. A rough attempt to adjust the data for price changes is presented in table C. In this table, the limits of each income class were first converted to 1958 dollars on the basis of the change in the Consumer Price Index. Then the number and proportion of families and

² Medians cited in the text are taken from the detailed tables and rounded to hundreds of dollars.

³ The figures on aggregate income were prepared by the Office of Business Economics of the Department of Commerce and are not based on the survey data shown in this report. For a description of the methods used in preparing these estimates, see the section on "Comparability of Current Population Survey income data with other data," page 11.

Table B.--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME (IN CURRENT DOLLARS), FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1947 TO 1958

(Fercent not shown where less than 0.5)

Total money income (current dollars)	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS												
Numberthousands	54,953	54,027	53,103	52,609	51,557	50,907	49,974	49,944	48,924	47,664	46,789	45,602
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	i∞	100	100
Under \$3,000	33 24 35 8	33 25 35 7	34 26 33 7	37 · 28 30 5	40 28 27 5	38 29 28 5	42 31 24 3	44 32 21 3	49 31 17 3	55 28 15 2	53 30 15 2	57 27 14 2
Median income	\$ 4,454	\$ 4,353	\$4,226	\$3,909	\$3,664	\$3,733	\$3,435	\$3,348	\$2,990	\$2,739	\$2,840	\$2,685
FAMILIES												
Numberthousands	44,202	43,714	43,445	42,843	41,934	41,202	1 1	40,578	39,929	39,303	38,624	37,237
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 and over	24 25 41 10	25 26 41 8	26 27 39 8	29 30 35 6	31 31 32 6	30 32 33 5	33 34 29 4	36 35 25 4	43 34 20 3	47 32 18 3	45 34 18 3	49 31 17 3
Median income	\$5,087	\$4,971	\$4,783	\$4,421	\$4,173	\$4,233	\$3,890	\$3,709	\$ 3,319	\$3,107	\$3,187	\$3,031
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS												
Numberthousands	10,751	10,313	9,658	9,766	9,623	9,705	9,142	9,366	8,995	8,361	8,165	8,365
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	. 100	100
Under \$3,000	70 19 9 2	72 18 9 1	73 19 7 1	77 17 5 1	78 16 5 1	78 17 4 1	78 17 4 1	81 16 3	85 13 2	10 2 	88 10 2	89 8 2
Median income	\$1,486	\$1,496	\$1,426	\$1,316	\$1,224	\$1,394	\$1,409	\$1,195	\$1,045	\$1,050	\$99 6	\$980

unrelated individuals at each revised income level were recomputed. For income levels below \$10,000 these computations were based on straight-line interpolations using detailed class intervals. The proportions for the "\$10,000 and over" interval were obtained graphically by fitting Pareto curves to the raw data.

The Consumer Price Index is basically a measure of changes in prices of the goods and services bought by families of city wage earners and clerical workers with incomes under \$10,000. These families represent about 64 percent of all persons living in urban places and about 40 percent of the total United States population. In this report the index has been used to adjust data for all families, regardless of income class, occupation, or place of residence. For this, and other reasons, the figures shown in table C, particularly in the "\$10,000 and over" interval, are approximations and should be used with caution.

Measured in "constant" dollars, there still appears to have been a considerable upward snift of families and somewhat less of an increase for unrelated individuals. In the case of families, the average income increased by nearly one-third, from \$3,900 in 1947 to \$5,100 in 1958. At the same time, there was a considerable rise in the proportion with incomes between \$5,000 and \$10,000 as well as a substantial rise in the proportion of families at the

highest income level. Among unrelated individuals, the median income increased by about 17 percent during this period, and the proportion with incomes under \$3,000 was reduced from 81 percent to 70 percent.

Although the unadjusted figures show a fairly steady rise in median family income throughout the decade, it is apparent from the adjusted figures that the purchasing power of the average family remained stable between 1947 and 1950. The major increase in purchasing power occurred between 1950 and 1956. Since that time, however, average family income adjusted for price changes has not risen significantly.

⁴ Since the Consumer Price Index measures changes in prices of goods and services bought by city worker families, the adjustment was also made for urban families. The pattern of change shown by the adjusted data for urban families is basically the same as that shown for all families. An alternative method of adjusting the data for price changes, applicable to all families and unrelated individuals, might have been used. This method involves the application of the price index used in deflating the personal consumption expenditure component of gross national product to current dollar distributions of families and unrelated individuals. A procedure of this type is used by the Office of Business Economics in preparing price-adjusted family income statistics. A comparison was made of the implicit price deflator index with the Consumer Price Index for the years 1947 to 1958 and revealed no appreciable difference between the two.

Table C.--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME (IN 1958 DOLLARS), FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1947 TO 1958

(Percent not shown where less than 0.5)

Total money income (1958 dollars)	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947
FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS									: :			
Numberthousands	54,953	54,027	53,103	52,609	51,557	50,907	49,974	49,944	48,924	47,664	46,789	45,602
Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000	33 24 35 8	33 24 35 8	33 24 35 8	34 26 33 7	37 27 30 6	36 27 31 6	38 29 28 5	38 31 26 5	41 30 24 5	44 30 22 4	44 30 22 4	42 29 24 5
Median income	\$ 4,454	\$ 4,469	\$ 4,486	\$4,212	\$3,940	\$4,027	\$3,734	\$3,720	\$ 3,589	\$3,320	\$3,409	\$3,469
FAMILIES	· · ·							·				
Numberthousands	44,202	43,714	43;445	42,843	41,934	41,202	40,832	40,578	39,929	39,303	38,624	37,237
Percent	100	, 100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Under \$3,000	24 25 41 10	24 25 42 9	24 25 41 10	· · 26 27 39 8	29 29 35 7	27 29 37 7	30 32 32 6	31 34 30 5	33 32 29 6	36 33 26 5	36 33 26 5	34 32 28 6
Median income	\$5,087	\$5,104	\$5,077	\$4,764	\$4,487	. \$4,566	\$4,228	\$4,121	\$ 3,984	\$3,766	\$3,826	\$3,916
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS												
Numberthousands	10,751	10,313	9,658	9,766	9,623	9,705	9,142	9,366	8,995	8,361	8,165	8,365
Percent	100	-100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	- 100	100	100
Under \$3,000	70 19 9 2	71 19 9 1	72 19 8 1	74 18 7 1	76 17 6 1	74 19 6 1	74 19 6 1	77 19 4	77 18 4 1	80 15 4 1	. 81 14 4 1	81 14 4 1
Median income	\$1,486	\$1,536	\$1,514	\$1,418	\$1,316	\$1, 504	\$1,532	\$1,328	\$1,255	\$1,273	\$1,196	\$1,266

INCOME OF PERSONS UNCHANGED IN 1958

In 1958, the average income of men remained at the same level (\$3,700) as in 1957, despite the decline in economic activity which extended over much of the year. This was attributable in part to continuing advances in the earnings of workers who obtained wage increases under long-term agreements concluded prior to 1958 or as a result of wage contracts negotiated during the year. The 1958 average was more than double the level attained by men at the close of World War II (\$1,800 in 1945). The proportion of men whose incomes were \$6,000 or more rose from only 2 percent in 1945 to 20 percent in 1958.

The over-all stability in average income for men between 1957 and 1958 was reflected in the figures for residence and major occupation groups. The average income of both farm and nonfarm residents and of workers in all major occupation groups (excluding salaried professional workers) did not change in 1958. An apparent increase in the median income of men living on farms from \$1,600 in 1957 to \$1,700 in 1958 does not represent a statistically significant change. However, other evidence indicates that there was an increase in the net income of farm operators owing partly to increased receipts from the sale of farm products.

The average income of men who worked at full-time jobs for 50 weeks or more rose in 1958 to

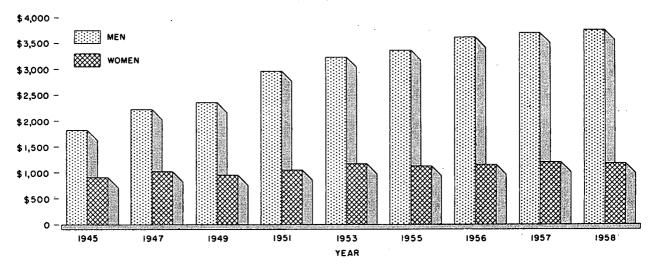
\$4,900, a gain of about \$230, or 5 percent, over the previous year. The proportion of men with income who worked full-time throughout the year, however, dropped from 61 percent in 1957 to 57 percent in 1958. All other male workers had an average income of \$2,200, about the same as it had been in the preceding two years. As might be expected, the income of men who did not work at all but depended entirely upon pensions, dividends, public assistance, or other such sources did not change substantially. The median income of men who were nonworkers in 1958 was \$1,100 in 1958 as compared with \$1,000 in 1957. The average income of men who were unemployed in March 1959 was estimated at about \$2,100 in 1958, a drop of 20 percent from the previous year when the average was \$2,700.

Among women, the average income in 1958 was estimated at \$1,200, about the same as it had been in the preceding year. Since 1945 the average income of women has increased by about \$275, or 31 percent, while that of men has more than doubled during the same period. Wage rates have increased sharply for women as well as for men during the postwar period. However, the effect of these wage increases for women has been partly offset by the rising proportion of women who work part time or intermittently and whose annual earnings therefore tend to be low. The effect of a large proportion of women working part year is reflected in the fact that the average income of women who were year-round full-time workers exceeded that of all women with

income by about 164 percent (\$3,100 as compared to \$1,200), whereas for men the difference amounted to only 32 percent (\$4,900 as compared to \$3,700). The relatively low income of women who worked full time

throughout the year is largely attributed to the concentration of women workers in lower paid occupations such as clerical workers, operatives, and service workers.

Figure 1.--MEDIAN INCOME OF MEN AND WOMEN, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1945 TO 1958



CHANGES IN THE INCOME OF THE OLDER POPULATION, 1947 TO 1958

Between 1947 and 1951, the average income of persons aged 65 and over failed to keep pace with the rise in average income recorded for persons of all ages. During this period the average income of men 65 years old and over remained at about the same level (\$1,000), while the average income of all men went up by about one-third (from \$2,200 to about \$3,000). Since 1951, on the other hand, the average income of older men increased by about one-half (\$1,500 in 1958) whereas that of all men rose only by one-fourth (\$3,700 in 1958).

The increase in the income of the over-65 group in recent years may be due in large part to the increasing importance of social insurance payments in the total income of the aged. The proportion of older men receiving old-age benefits increased from one-third in 1951 to two-thirds in 1958 and the average monthly benefit rose from \$44 to \$73 during the same period (table D). The increasing reliance of older men upon social insurance benefits is further indicated by the decline in the proportion of men 65 years old and over in the labor force from 45 percent in 1951 to 36 percent in 1958, and the fact that the proportion of older men with income went up from 89 percent to 96 percent during the same period.

Table D.--MEDIAN INCOME, AVERAGE MONTHLY BENEFIT UNDER OASDI, LABOR FORCE RATE, PROPORTION OF INCOME RECIPIENTS, AND PROPORTION OF OASDI BENEFIT RECIPIENTS, FOR PERSONS 65 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1947 TO 1958

(Medians restricted to persons with income. The labor force rates are annual averages whereas the OASDI data are generally based on December figures. OASDI data include a relatively small proportion of the aged persons in institutions and those living outside of continental United States)

		····	Male	·			•	Female		
		Average	erage Percent Avera		Average	Percent				
Year	Median income	monthly OASDI benefit ¹	In the labor force	With income	Receiving OASDI benefits ¹	Median income	monthly OASDI benefit ¹	In the labor force	With income	Receiving OASDI benefits ¹
1958	\$1,488	\$73	36	96	68	\$776	\$47	10	73	58
1957	1,421	70	38	95	63	741	46	10	72	53
1956	1,421	68	40	94	54	738	45	11	71	45
1955	1,337	66	40	94	50	700	44	11	65	41
1954	1,268	63	· 40	92	44	694	41	9	62	35 30
1953	1,150	54	42	92	39	659	36	10	59	30
1952	1,247	52	43	92	34	654	34	9	59	25
1951	1,008	44	45	89	32	536	30	9	55	23
1950	986	46	46	90	27	531	30	10	54	18
1949	1,016	27	47	88	21	516	17	10	53	14
1948	998	26	47	. 89	17	589	17	9	49	12 10
1947	956	26	48	84	15	551	17	8	47	10

¹ Restricted to old-age benefits (i.e., retired worker benefits) for men; includes old-age, wife's, and widow's benefits for women.

15. 5 6,0990 #8/ % to 15

According to estimates prepared by the Social Security Administration, payments under social insurance and related programs amounted to about one-third of the total income of the older population in 1958. The declining labor force participation rate for older men makes it unlikely that increased earnings alone could have contributed a large portion of the increase in average income of older men in recent years.

The changes in the average income of older women paralleled those reported for older men. Between 1947 and 1951. the average income of women 65 years old and over remained at about the same level (\$500). Because of the considerable extension of social insurance coverage and benefits in recent years, the average income of older women rose in 1958 to about \$800, a gain of 45 percent since 1951. The proportion of older women receiving old-age benefits increased from 23 percent in 1951 to 58 percent in 1958 and the average monthly benefit rose from \$30 to \$47 during the same period. There was a significant increase in the proportion of income recipients among older women (from 55 percent in 1951, to 73 percent in 1958), whereas the labor force rate remained at about the same level (10 percent) during the past decade.

CHANGES IN INCOME DIFFERENTIALS AMONG MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUPS, 1939 TO 1958

The available data do not permit definitive conclusions regarding changes in income differentials among major occupation groups during the past 20 years.5 There is some evidence, however, that during World War II and shortly thereafter unskilled workers made greater relative income gains than those employed at higher paid jobs. This trend appears to have stopped since 1950.

Between 1939 and 1950, gains in wage or salary income of about 220 percent were recorded by men in the lowest paid occupation group (farm laborers and foremen). These were followed by other low paid occupation groups including nonfarm laborers; service workers, and operatives, for whom gains of about 175 percent were recorded (table E). The lowest relative gains (about 110 percent) were recorded by men in the higher paid occupation groups (professional and managerial workers). Viewed somewhat differently, managerial workers made twice as much as operatives in 1939, but only one and a half times as much as operatives in 1950. In other words, the differential between these two groups narrowed considerably during this 11-year period.

Since 1950, the narrowing of differentials among major occupation groups appears to have halted, and there is even some evidence that this trend has been reversed. Between 1950 and 1958 there was no increase in the median wage or salary income for farm laborers, the lowest paid workers; and gains of only about 35 to 40 percent were recorded by men in other low paid occupations such as nonfarm laborers, service workers, and operatives. In contrast, the median for professional workers rose by 54 percent during the same period. The figures for total money income indicate the same general picture as those for wages or salaries.

Many factors are associated with the narrowing of wage differentials during the war and the immediate postwar period. Other studies have shown that workers in the lowest paid industries were among those that made the greatest relative gains during the 1940's. Since these industries were typically not directly engaged in defense work, it seems likely that the employers raised wages disproportionately in the attempt to keep workers from moving to higher

Table E.--MEDIAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME IN 1958, 1950, AND 1939, AND MEDIAN TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958 AND 1950 OF MEN IN THE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE, BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP, FOR THE UNITED STATES (Minus sign (-) denotes decrease)

Major occupation group in		Median wage c salary income			n total income		ncrease in lary income	Percent in- crease in total money	
; survey week	1958	1950 .	1939	1958	1950	1950 to 1958	1939 to 1950	income, 1950 to 1958	
					0.000	50.5	11/ 0	57.0	
Professional, technical, and kindred workers	\$5,956	\$3,874	\$1,809	\$6,393	\$4,073	53.7 (²)	114.2 (2)	27.3	
Farmers and farm managers	(2)	\ / /	(2)	1,904	1,496	44.7	95.3	53.5	
Managers, officials, and propr's, except farm	6,034	4,171	2,136	5,855	3,814		111.3	46.8	
Clerical and kindred workers	4,398	3,002	1,421	4,555	3,103	46.5	146.5	42.3	
Sales workers	4,291	3,148	1,277	4,464	3,137	36.3	160.1	55.1	
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers	4,970	3,405	1,309	5,108	3,293	46.0			
Operatives and kindred workers	3,909	2,736	1,007	4,083	2,790	42.9	171.7	46.3	
Service workers, except private household	3,090	2,299	833	3,332	2,303	34.4	176.0	44.7	
Farm laborers and foremen	750	986	309	881	854	-23.9	219.1	3.2	
Laborers, except farm and mine	2,486	1,850	673	2,877	1,909	34.4	174.9	50.7	

¹ Figures for 1939 exclude public emergency workers and persons having less than \$100 of wage or salary income but include members of the Armed Forces. Figures for 1950 exclude persons having less than \$100 of wage or salary income. For comparability with 1958, the 1950 figures were also computed for all persons reporting with \$1 or more of wages or salary income. The pattern of change shown by the adjusted figures

does not differ appreciably from that shown in the above table.

2 Median and percent increase not shown for this group since few farmers depend on wage or salary income as their major source of income.

⁵ The distribution of persons in the experienced civilian labor force by wage or salary income and occupation is the only information available on a comparable basis for the entire period 1939 to 1958. Although these data adequately portray changes in earnings for the lower paid groups, they are unsuitable for the analysis of changes in earnings for proprietors and independent professionals, whose income is largely derived from self-employment rather than from wages or salaries.

paid defense jobs and to attract new entrants into the labor market. The considerable number of uniform cents-per-hour increases were also instrumental in narrowing wage differentials during the immediate postwar period. Such increases tended to reduce differentials because they resulted in greater relative gains for lower paid workers. Finally, a number of government policies such as the minimum wage laws under the Fair Labor Standards Act and the regulations regarding wage differentials by the National War Labor Board which were instituted during this period tended to provide greater relative gains for the lower paid workers.

The reasons for the stability of wage differentials since 1950 are not yet fully understood. In part, this stability may be associated with a lessening of the pressures noted above as tending to reduce differentials. The relatively sharp increase in the income of the higher paid occupation groups may be also associated with an increase in the demand for skilled workers.

OTHER INCOME PUBLICATIONS

Current Population Survey. -- Other data based on the Current Population Survey showing the distributions of families, unrelated individuals, and persons, by income levels, have been published in the Series P-60 reports, Nos. 1 to 32. In addition, income data for 1944 and 1945 appear in the report, "Family and Individual Money Income in the United States: 1945 and 1944," Series P-S, No. 22. Occasionally, tables have been published in reports of the P-20 or P-50 series showing the crossclassification of income and other characteristics.

1950 Census. -- Distributions of persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1949 appear in the publication, U. S. Bureau of the Census, 1950 Census of Population, Volume II, Chapter C. Similar data for families and unrelated individuals appear in Volume II, Chapter B. Data for the United States and regions appear in Volume II, Part 1, United States Summary, whereas separate data for individual States are presented in the other parts. Various special reports contain additional income data; however, there is no special report dealing exclusively with income data. A preliminary report, "Estimated Distribution of Family Income in 1949 for the United States, Regions, and Selected States," Series PC-7, No. 5, presents the distribution of aggregate income among families and unrelated individuals. In addition, a monograph, Income of the American People, sponsored jointly by the Bureau of the Census and the Social Science Research Council, was published in 1955.

1940 Census. -- Data relating to wage and salary income in 1939 have been presented in several different reports of the Sixteenth Decennial Census. A complete list of these reports is shown in earlier Current Population Survey reports on consumer income.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Urban and rural residence .-- The definition of urban and rural areas used in the March 1959 survey was the same as that used in the annual income surveys since April 1951 and in the 1950 Census. This definition differs slightly from that used in the March 1950 Current Population Survey, but it is markedly different from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. The territory classified as urban is the same as that in the 1950 Census. According to the new definition, the urban population comprises all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, boroughs, and villages; (b) incorporated towns of 2,500 inhabitants or more except in New England, New York, and Wisconsin, where "towns" are minor civil divisions of counties; (c) the densely settled urban fringe, including both incorporated and unincorporated areas, around cities of 50,000 or more; and (d) unincorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more outside of any urban fringe. The remaining population is classified as rural.

According to the definition used prior to March 1950, the urban population comprised all persons living in incorporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or more and in areas (usually minor civil divisions) classified as urban under special rules relating to population size and density.

Size of place. -- The urban population is classified as living in urbanized areas or in urban places outside urbanized areas. According to the definition used in the 1950 Census and in the Current Population Survey since April 1951, the population in urbanized areas comprises all persons living in (a) cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more in 1940 or according to a special census taken between 1940 and 1950: and (b) the densely settled urban fringe, including both incorporated and unincorporated areas, surrounding these cities. Residents of urbanized areas were classified according to the size of the entire area rather than by the size of the place in which they lived. The remaining urban population is classified as living in the smaller urban places not in the urbanized areas.

Farm and nonfarm residence.—The rural population is subdivided into the rural-farm population, which comprises all rural residents living on farms, and the rural-nonfarm population, which comprises the remaining rural population. The method of determining farm and nonfarm residence in the March 1959 survey is the same as that used in the 1950 Census and in the Current Population Survey since March 1950, but differs from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. Persons on "farms" who were paying cash rent for their house and yard only were classified as nonfarm; furthermore, persons in institutions, summer camps, motels, and tourist camps were classified as nonfarm.

Dwelling unit and household.--A dwelling unit is defined, in general, as a house, apartment, or

other group of rooms, or a single room, occupied or intended for occupancy as separate living quarters by a family or other group of persons living together or a person living alone. A household consists of the entire group of persons who occupy a dwelling unit. Persons occupying living quarters which are not dwelling units, such as large rooming houses, dormitories, and YMCA buildings, are not regarded as households.

Family.--The term "family," as used in this report, refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of the same family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the head of the household or an unrelated servant and his wife are considered as additional families, and not as part of the household head's family.

Unrelated individual. -- The term "unrelated individuals," as used in this report, refers to persons (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may constitute a one-person household by himself, or he may be part of a household including one or more other families or unrelated individuals, or he may reside in a quasi household such as a hotel. Thus, a widow living by herself or with one or more other persons not related to her, a lodger not related to the head of the household or to anyone else in the household, and a servant living in an employer's household with no relatives are examples of unrelated individuals.

Primary families and individuals .-- The term "primary family" refers to the head of a household and all others persons in the household related to the head by blood, marriage, or adoption. If nobody in the household is related to the head, then the head himself constitutes a "primary individual." A household can contain one and only one primary family or primary individual. The number of "primary" families and individuals is identical with the number of households. The expression "primary families and individuals" is used in this report with the same meaning as the term "families" in the 1940 Census. It excludes lodgers, servants, and persons occupying living quarters which are not dwelling units. However, such families and individuals are included in all tables not specifically restricted to "primary" families and individuals.

Income. --For each person in the sample 14 years of age and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in 1958 from each of the following sources: (1) Money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security, veterans' payments, or other government or private pensions; (5) interest (on bonds or savings), dividends, and income from annuities, estates, or trusts;

(6) net income from boarders or lodgers, or from renting property to others; (7) all other sources such as unemployment benefits, public assistance, alimony, etc.

The amounts received represent income before deductions for personal taxes, Social Security, bonds, etc. If any amount was \$10,000 or more, it was recorded as a specific amount wherever possible. Where the specific amount was not known, the information was recorded as "\$10,000 to \$14,999," "\$15,000 to \$24,999," or as "\$25,000 or more" depending upon the respondent's best estimate. It should be noted that although income refers to receipts during 1958, the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status, etc., refer to March 1959.

Money wages or salary.--This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1958. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Net income from nonfarm self-employment.--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from a business or professional enterprise in which a person was engaged on his own account. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns or other official records do reflect inventory changes. The value of salable merchandise consumed by the proprietors of retail stores is not included as part of net income.

Net income from farm self-employment. -- This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not poll taxes or personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income. In general, inventory changes were not considered in determining net income; however, replies based on income tax returns, or other official records, do reflect inventory changes.

Social Security, veterans' payments, or other government or private pensions.--This category includes Social Security pensions and survivors' benefits, and permanent disability insurance payments made by the Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance

(BOASI), military pensions paid to retired members of the Armed Forces and Civil Service pensions including retirement pensions paid by Federal, State, or local governments to former employees, and other private pensions or retirement benefits paid by a former employer or by a union, either directly or through an insurance company.

Interest (on bonds or savings), dividends, and income from annuities, estates, or trusts.—This category includes interest on bonds or savings, dividends from stockholdings or membership in associations and cooperatives, and periodic receipts from annuities, estates, trust funds, or insurance.

Net income from boarders or lodgers or from renting property to others.--This is defined as net income from rental of a house, store, or other property to others, royalties, and receipts from boarders or lodgers.

All other sources-unemployment or sickness benefits, public assistance, alimony, etc.--The following types of income are included in this group: (1) Receipts of unemployed persons from government agencies, unions, or other organizations and periodic workmen's compensation payments received by persons injured on the job; (2) public assistance payments, such as old-age assistance, welfare payments, aid to dependent children and aid to the blind; (3) alimony, military dependency allotments, and other periodic contributions for support from persons not residing in the same household; and (4) other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Receipts not counted as income.—Receipts from the following sources were not included as income:

(1) Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from self-employment);

(2) withdrawals of bank deposits;

(3) money borrowed;

(4) tax refunds;

(5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

Income other than earnings.—This is defined as the algebraic sum of all sources of money income except wages and salaries and income from self-employment. The various types of income other than earnings are not shown separately in any of the tables in this report. Separate data are shown for the total amount of income other than earnings in tables 20 and 39.

Total money income.--This is defined as the algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a family is the algebraic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the family.

Color.--Families are classified as white or nonwhite in accordance with the color of the head.

The nonwhite group includes Negroes, Indians, Japanese. Chinese, and other nonwhite races.

Head of family. -- One person in each family was designated as the head. The head of a family is usually the person regarded as the head by members of the family. Women are not classified as heads if their husbands are resident members of the family at the time of the survey. Married couples related to the head of a family are included in the head's family and are not classified as separate families.

Size of family.--The term "size of family" refers to the number of persons who are living together and who are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Age.--The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

Number of children under 18 years of age.--This number includes all persons in the family under 18 years old related to the head of the family by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Number of earners.--This number includes all persons in the family with \$1 or more in wages and salaries, or \$1 or more or a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Veteran of World War II.--A veteran of World War II is defined as a person who had been a member of the Armed Forces of the United States on active duty at any time between September 16, 1940, and July 25, 1947. This report shows separate data for male, but not female, veterans of World War II. Veterans of World War I or other wars, or those with peacetime service, are shown as nonveterans unless they are also veterans of World War II.

Years of school completed.--Data on years of school completed in this report are based on the last full grade that the person had completed in the regular school system. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior nigh), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which advances a person toward an elementary or high school diplome, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

The median years of school completed is defined as the value which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having completed more schooling and one having completed less schooling than the median. These medians are expressed in terms of a continuous series of numbers representing years of school completed. For example, a median of 9.0 represents the completion of the first year of high school and a median of 13.0 means completion of the first year of college.

Employed.--Employed persons comprise those who, during the survey week, were either (1) "at work"--those who did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or more on a family farm or business; or (2) "with a job but not at work"--those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, industrial dispute, or bad weather, or because they were taking the week off for various other reasons.

Unemployed. -- Unemployed persons include those who did not work, at all during the survey week and were looking for work. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all during the survey week and (1) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (2) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job scheduled to start within the following 30 days (and were not in school during the survey week); or (3) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community. 1957. those whose layoffs were for definite periods of less than 30 days were classified as employed (with a job but not at work) rather than as unemployed, as were all of the persons waiting to start new jobs within 30 days.

Labor force.--Persons are classified as in the labor force if they were employed as civilians, unemployed, or in the Armed Forces during the survey week. The "experienced civilian labor force" comprises employed workers and experienced unemployed workers. The 1939 data shown in the tables on the experienced civilian labor force include the relatively small number of persons in the Armed Forces in 1940.

Not in labor force .-- All civilians 14 years of age and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed are defined as "not in labor force." These persons include those "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other," the latter group including for the most part retired persons, those too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season, and the voluntarily idle. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force. In March 1959, persons attending school during the survey week who had new jobs to which they were scheduled to report within 30 days were also included among those not in the labor force. In tables 10, 11, 28, and 29, persons in the Armed Forces are included with those not in the labor force.

Paid labor force.--Persons are classified in paid labor force if they were employed as wage or salary or self-employed workers during the survey week in March 1959, or were looking for work at that time and had last worked as wage or salary or self-employed workers.

Occupation, industry, and class of worker.--The data on occupation, industry, and class of worker of employed persons in toles 10, 11, 28, and 29, refer to the job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week. Persons who were unemployed during the survey week are classified according to their last civilian job.

The data on occupation, industry, and class of worker in tables 12, 13, 14, 30, 31, and 32 refer to the job held longest during the year. Persons who held two jobs or more were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of weeks.

The occupation and industry groupings used here are mainly the major groups—used in the 1950 Census of Population. Some industry and occupation groups were also tabulated for the first time—for this report. The composition of these groups is shown in Volume II of the 1950 Census of Population. The categories used are either detailed classifications or combinations thereof.

In tables 10, 12, 28, and 30, two or more of the major occupation groups are subdivided by class of worker into two groups: wage or salary workers and self-employed workers. The former refers to persons working for wages, salaries, commissions, tips, pay "in kind," or at piece rates for a private employer, or for any governmental unit. The latter refers to persons working in their own business, profession or trade, for profit or fees. Included in the self-employed groups in tables 10, 12, 28, and 30 are unpaid family workers, i.e., persons working without pay in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood or marriage.

The occupational and industrial classification systems used in 1940 are basically the same as those used in 1959. There are a number of differences, however, in the specific content of particular groups, as well as several differences in title. The occupation and industry data shown here for 1940 have not been entirely adjusted for comparability with the 1959 classification system; however, available evidence indicates that the 1940-1959 relationships shown by the data are not significantly affected by these differences. The 1940 classification by class of worker is comparable with the 1959 classification.

Work experience in 1958.—A person with work experience in 1958 is one who did any civilian work for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business at any time during the year, on a part-time or full-time basis.

Weeks worked in 1958.--Persons are classified according to the number of different weeks during 1958 in which they did any civilian work for pay or profit (including paid vacations and sick leave) or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business.

Part-time or full-time jobs.--A person is classified as having worked at part-time jobs during 1958 if he worked at jobs which provided less than

35 hours of work per week in a majority of the weeks in which he worked during the year. He is classified as having worked at full-time jobs if he worked 35 hours or more per week during a majority of the weeks in which he worked.

Year-round full-time worker.--A year-round full-time worker is one who worked primarily at full-time jobs for 50 weeks or more during 1958.

Part-year worker.--A part-year worker is one who worked from 1 to 49 weeks in 1958 either at full-time of part-time jobs.

Major reason for part-year work.--Each part-year worker is classified according to the way in which he spent most of the weeks in which he did not work. A person with more than one reason is classified in the activity at which he spent the greatest number of weeks away from work. These activities are categorized as unemployment; illness or disability; unpaid absence from work; taking care of home or family; going to school; and other activities. The "school" question was restricted to persons under 30 years of age and the "taking care of home or family" question was restricted to women.

 $\underline{\text{Nonworker.--A}}$ nonworker is one who did not work at all in 1958.

Median income. -- The median income is the amount which divides the distribution into two equal groups, one having incomes above the median, and the other having incomes below the median. The medians for families and individuals are based on all families and individuals. The medians for persons are based on the distributions of persons with income. The medians for wage or salary income, income from nonfarm self-employment, income from farm self-employment, and income other than earnings are based on the distributions of persons or families and individuals having these types of income.

<u>Percentages.</u>--Percentages are shown as calculated; therefore, they do not always add up to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0 percent.

Base figures.--An estimate of the size of the base (number of families or individuals, or number of persons) of each percent distribution by income in 1958 is shown in most of the tables in this report.

COMPARABILITY OF CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY INCOME DATA WITH OTHER DATA

office of Business Economics personal income series.—The income data presented in this report are not directly comparable with the estimates of personal income prepared by the Office of Business Economics of the Department of Commerce. The two sets of data were designed to accomplish different purposes and, accordingly, differ in several important respects which are discussed below.

The primary purpose of the census data is to show the distribution of persons by income levels. This report does not show estimates of the amount of aggregate income derived from the survey. The Office of Business Economics estimates, on the other hand, provide information on the amount of aggregate income received by the population. If an estimate of the amount of aggregate income were derived from the Bureau of the Census data, it would be smaller than that shown in the personal income series for the following reasons:

- 1. The personal income series is estimated largely on the basis of data derived from business and governmental sources. These sources include the industrial and population censuses, employers' wage reports under the Social Security programs, and records of disbursements to individuals by governmental agencies. The data presented in this report, on the other hand, are based on a field survey of households. As indicated below in the section on the source and reliability of the estimates, income data obtained in household interviews are subject to various types of reporting errors which tend to produce an understatement of income. It is estimated that the income surveys conducted by the Bureau of the Census during the past few years have obtained about 88 percent of the comparable total income aggregates and about 95 percent of the comparable wage or salary aggregates prepared by the Office of Business Economics.
- 2. The definitions of income are slightly different. The personal income series includes, among others, the following items which are not included in the census definition: Income in kind and the value of the services of banks and other financial intermediaries rendered to persons without the assessment of specific charges. The census definition of income includes contributions for support received from persons who do not reside in the same living quarters which are not included in the personal income series.
- 3. The Bureau of the Census excluded from its sample inmates of institutions and military personnel overseas or living on post in the continental United States. In addition, the income of persons who died or emigrated prior to the date of interview was not reported in the census inquiry. The income of both of these groups is included in the personal income estimates.

Department of Agriculture farm income series.—
The farm income data shown in this report are not directly comparable with estimates of the aggregate amount of income received by the farm population and estimates of the aggregate farm income of farm operators which are prepared by the Agricultural Marketing Service of the Department of Agriculture. Data from the two sources differ in several respects for the reasons cited below:

1. The census data show distributions of persons by farm self-employment income levels and distributions of persons by total money income levels, but do not show estimates of the amount of aggregate income. Agriculture estimates provide information

on the amount of aggregate income received by the population but do not provide distributions by income level.

- 2. The agriculture estimates are based on data derived from farm, business, and governmental sources. As indicated previously, the data presented in this report are based on a field survey of households.
- 3. The definitions of income are different. The census definition includes, among others, the following items which are not included in the agriculture series: Contributions for support received from persons not residing in the same living quarters and government and business transfers of income.
- 4. The census data on the total money income of the rural-farm population differ from the agriculture estimates of "net income of the farm population" for reasons other than those cited previously, as follows:
 - a. The census data do not include under the rural-farm classification the incomes of urban residents who report that they live on a farm while the agriculture series includes the incomes of all persons living on farms, urban or rural.
 - b. Income in kind--the imputed value of farm products grown and consumed directly in farm households, and the imputed rental value of owner-occupied farm dwellings--is included in the agriculture series but excluded from the census definition of income.
- 5. The census data on the civilian noninstitutional population's net income from the operation of a farm differ from the agriculture estimates of farm operators' "net cash income from farming" for reasons other than those cited above, as follows:
 - a. The census estimates are based on the answers to a single direct question on how much net income was derived from operation of a farm during the preceding calendar year. The agriculture series on "net cash income from farming" includes the farm incomes of all persons operating farms, as defined in the Census of Agriculture according to the number of acres on the place and the value of products grown.
 - b. The agriculture series includes the net income of farm operators from the rental of farms to other farmers but the census definition classifies these receipts as income other than earnings, not income from farm self-employment.
 - c. The agriculture definition of farm expenses includes actual expenditures on the repair, construction, or purchase of buildings, machinery, and other capital equipment added on the place while the census definition includes only the money spent on repairs. On the other hand, depreciation charges are treated as farm expenses under the census definition but not in the agriculture series.

Federal Reserve Board Surveys of Consumer Finances.—In each year since 1945, the Federal Reserve Board has conducted a survey of consumer finances which provides, among other data, information on the size distribution of income. These surveys are based

- on nation-wide samples that cover all persons in private households. Several important differences between the Federal Reserve Board Surveys of Consumer Finances and the present report may be noted:
- 1. The income-receiving unit in the Federal Reserve Board estimates is the spending unit or the family, whereas the data in the present report relate to persons 14 years old and over and to families.
- 2. The Federal Reserve Board estimates are based on a sample which is different from and smaller (approximately 3,000 spending units in 2,800 dwelling units in 66 areas) than the census sample. Differences between the results are subject to sampling variability arising from each survey. This factor alone could account for moderate discrepancies between the two sets of data.
- 3. There are some differences in the estimating procedure. The Bureau of the Census inflated its weighted sample results to agree with independent estimates of the civilian population of the United States by age, color, and sex, whereas the Survey of Consumer Finances weighted sample results were inflated to agree with independent estimates of occupied dwelling units.
- 4. Only a few income questions (usually between three and seven) are asked for each person in the Bureau of the Census sample whereas numerous detailed questions on income and other financial items are asked of the head of the spending unit and all other members in the spending unit in each household in the Federal Reserve Board sample.

Federal income tax data.--The Federal income tax coverage is incomplete because of the exemptions of persons receiving less than \$600; therefore, its coverage differs from the census coverage.

Since some of the income tax returns are filed as separate returns and others as joint returns, the income reporting unit is not consistently on the basis of either families or persons.

Income as defined for tax purposes differs from the census concept. For example, certain types of receipts such as veterans' payments. Social Security benefits, and relief payments, which constitute the main income source for some families, are excluded from income tax coverage. On the other hand, capital gains and losses which are excluded from the census definition of income are included in income tax returns.

Old-Age and Survivors Insurance earnings record data.--Census data shown in this report and the distributions made upon the basis of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance earnings record data differ for the reasons listed below:

- 1. The earnings of such groups as selfemployed physicians, most government employees, some employees of nonprofit organizations, some farm operators, some domestic servants, and workers covered under the Railroad Retirement Act are not covered by the earnings record data.
- 2. Employees' earnings in excess of \$4,200 per employer are not covered by the earnings record data.

- 3. Income other than earnings \cdot is not covered by the earnings record data.
- 4. The earnings record data are based upon employers' Social Security tax reports and the Federal income tax returns of self-employed persons, whereas the data presented in this report are obtained by household interviews.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Source of data.--The estimates presented in this report are based on data obtained in connection with the monthly population sample survey of the Bureau of the Census. Some data based on the 1940 Census of Population are also shown in selected tables. The 1958 income statistics, collected in March 1959, are based on a sample design instituted in May 1956. This sample is spread over 330 areas comprising 638 counties and independent cities, with coverage in each of the 48 States and the District of Columbia.6

Data on income were collected from approximately 26,000 representative households, or about 75 percent of the households included in the March 1959 survey. Persons in the following categories were not included:

- 1. Members of the Armed Forces living in barracks, etc., on military reservations. (Members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on military reservations were included.)
- 2. Inmates of penal and mental institutions and homes for the aged, infirm, and needy.

On approximately 4 percent of the 26,000 schedules, no information was recorded because no interview could be obtained during the week in which the enumeration was conducted. In order to account for these schedules, the weights assigned to other schedules for households of similar characteristics residing in the same sample areas were increased accordingly. In addition, complete income information was not reported for about 11 percent of the households. Substitutions were not made for these schedules. Punch cards which were prepared from these schedules were included in the tabulations which provided the base numbers for families and persons 14 years of age and over shown in the published ta-The distributions by income levels for each group, however, are based only on those cases which reported complete income information. Complete income information was not reported for approximately 7 percent of the persons and 11 percent of the families and unrelated individuals. The implicit assumption in this method of preparing distributions is that persons who do not provide income information in the survey have the same income distribution as those who do provide such information.

The Census-Current Population Survey matching study conducted during the 1950 Census and the Post-Enumeration Survey of the 1950 Census (PES), however, indicated that nonrespondents had somewhat higher

incomes than respondents. Thus, for example, about 70 percent of the persons in the PES sample who did not provide income information in the 1950 Census did provide such information in the PES; and the median income for these persons in PES (\$2,261) was about 18 percent higher than the median reported by all respondents in the census (\$1,917). Part of this difference may be due to the improved collection techniques used in PES.

Recently, another check on the income characteristics of nonrespondents was made as part of the pretest of a substitution procedure to be used to eliminate income nonresponses in the 1960 Census. In this procedure, nonresponses on income were eliminated by substituting the income reported for persons with similar characteristics. The characteristics used were age, sex, family status, color, urban-rural residence, weeks worked, and major occupation group. Each nonrespondent was classified in one of about 800 population subgroups established by using the above characteristics and was randomly assigned an income amount based on an income distribution for that subgroup. The distribution used for each subgroup was that obtained on the basis of reported cases.

A comparison of the income distributions obtained before and after the allocation of nonrespondents is shown in tables F and G. Although nonrespondents do tend to have higher income than persons who reported income information, it is evident for both families and persons that the income distributions and the proportion of income recipients obtained as a result of the allocation procedure are basically the same as those based only on cases reporting complete income information. The apparent differences between the two sets of figures are not appreciable.

Table F.--FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BEFORE AND AFTER ALLOCATION OF NONRESPONDENTS, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Total money	alloca	fore tion of condents		er ion of condents	Nonres	ondents
income	Fam- ilies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Fam- ilies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Fam- ilies	Unre- lated indi- viduals
Total	100.0	100.0	•••			
Reporting on income	89.1	87.0	•••	•••	•••	
Not reporting on income	10.9	13.0	•••		•••	
Total reporting on income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500 \$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	2.6 3.0 3.9 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3	19.3 13.4 7.9 6.9 5.1	2.6 3.0 4.0 4.7 5.1 4.6 5.3	17.5 18.0 13.1 8.0 7.1 5.2 6.0 5.2	3.6 2.7 4.0 3.5 4.9 4.9	9.2 10.9 9.1 8.1 5.8 6.1
\$4,000 to \$4,499\$ \$4,500 to \$4,999\$ \$5,000 to \$5,999\$ \$6,000 to \$6,999\$ \$10,000 to \$1,999\$ \$15,000 to \$24,999\$ \$25,000 and over	6.9 6.5 13.7 10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9	4.4 3.2 4.4 2.6 2.1 1.2	6.8 6.6 13.5 10.5 17.1 7.8 2.1 0.6	4.8 3.3 4.8 2.7 2.4 1.3 0.4	5.9 7.0 11.8 8.9 19.4 9.4 4.2	7.8 3.8 7.8 3.4 4.3 1.9 0.5
Median income	\$5,087	\$1,486	\$5,117	\$1,595	\$5,407	\$2,315

⁶ The previous sample design, in use from January 1954 through April 1956, was spread over 230 sample areas and, for prior periods, in only 68 areas.

Table G.--PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BEFORE AND AFTER ALLOC-"10N OF NONRESPONDENTS, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Percent not shown where less than 0.1)

Total money income		re allocation			er allocation		N	onrespondents	3
	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0			•••		•••	•••
Reporting on income Not reporting on income	92.9 7.1	90.7 9.3	95.0 5.0	•••			•••	•••	
Total reporting	. 100.0.	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
With income	71.6 28.4	91.7 8.3	52.9 47.1	71.9 28.1	91.8 8.2	53.6 46.4	86.3 13.7	96.0 4.0	69.9 30.1
Total with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100:0	100.0	100.0
Loss \$1 to \$499. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,499.	6.5 5.6 6.2	0.5 9.0 7.4 6.7 5.6 6.0 5.2 6.5 6.5 7.9	0.3 27.3 18.7 10.6 8.5 8.3 5.9 6.6 4.4	0.4 15.4 11.6 8.2 6.7 6.9 5.5 6.6 5.7	0.5 8.5 7.2 6.6 5.5 6.0 5.2 6.5 6.4 7.9	0.3 26.3 18.4 10.6 8.6 8.4 6.1 6.9 4.5	0.6 6.4 8.5 7.2 6.6 6.9 5.8 7.7 6.3	0.8' 4.1 5.9 5.7 4.8 5.7 4.5 6.4 6.2 7.7	11.8 14.5 10.5 11.0 9.6 9.0 10.5 6.8
\$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over. Median income.	1.9	6.6 12.1 7.6 8.1 3.0 1.0 0.4 \$3,742	1.9 2.2 1.0 0.6 0.2 0.1	4.9 8.4 5.1 5.3 2.0 0.7 0.3 \$2,576	6.7 12.3 7.6 8.3 3.2 1.1 0.4 \$3,810	1.9 2.3 1.1 0.6 0.2 0.1 	5.9 10.9 6.2 7.7 3.6 1.7 0.5	7.5 13.9 7.8 10.7 5.1 2.4 0.8 \$4,383	2.1 4.2 2.5 0.7 0.1 0.2

The estimating procedure used in this survey to obtain characteristics of persons involved the inflation of weighted sample results to independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, color, and sex for March 1959. March 1958. March 1957. March 1956. April 1955, and April 1954, and by age, sex, and veteran status (for men) for earlier years. To obtain characteristics of families the sample results were expanded by weights assigned to the principal person in the family (i.e., the wife of the head in husband-wife families or the head in other families). The independent estimates for surveys taken since April 1953 were based on statistics from the 1950 Census of Population; statistics of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces. To these totals were added the population in the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post. For the years prior to April 1953, the independent estimates of the population were based on the 1940 Census data brought forward to the survey month to take account of births, deaths, net immigration, and aging of the population.

Cross-classification of income and work experience data.—This report presents data showing the median income of persons with varying amounts of work experience in 1958. Information about the work experience of persons in the United States was obtained in the February 1959 Current Population Survey. For approximately 75 percent of these households, information on income and other characteristics of household members was obtained in the

regular March 1959 survey. The information obtained in February was matched with the data secured in March for the 26,000 households which were included in both surveys.

Estimates of the proportion of year-round fulltime workers in specified subgroups in the population are shown in various tables in this report. These proportions differ slightly from those shown for the same subgroups in the report, "Work Experience in 1958," Current Population Reports, Series P-50. No. 91. For example, the latter report indicates that 53.6 percent of all workers worked at full-time jobs for 50 to 52 weeks. In comparison, table 22 of the present report shows that 45.9 percent of all income recipients were year-round fulltime workers. This difference is due largely to the fact that the proportions are not based on exactly the same groups. The proportions presented in the Series P-50, No. 91, report relate to persons who worked at some time during the year. In contrast, the proportions shown in the present report relate to all persons who received income in 1958, including not only workers but also many persons who did not work but received income from pensions, interest, dividends, or other sources aside from earnings. A further source of difference between the proportions in the two reports lies in the fact that the data in the report on work experience are based on the full sample, whereas the data on work experience in the present report are based on three-quarters of the sample.

Reliability of the estimates.--Since the estimates in this report are based on a sample, they

may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained from a complete census, using the same schedules, instructions, and enumerators. As in any survey work, the results are subject to errors of response and nonreporting and to sampling variability.

In most cases the schedule entries for income are based on memory rather than on records, and in the majority of cases on the memory or knowledge of one person, usually the wife of the family head. The memory factor in data derived from field surveys of income probably produces underestimates because the tendency is to forget minor or irregular sources of income. Other errors of reporting are due to misrepresentation or to misunderstanding as to the scope of the income concept.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is of the variations that occur by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. As calculated for

this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of response and enumeration errors, but it does not measure as such, any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the sample would differ from a complete census figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

The figures presented in table H are approximations of the standard errors of various characteristics. Approximations were required in order to derive at moderate cost standard errors that are applicable to the wide range of items in the report. Table H shows the standard error of an estimated percentage computed by using sample data for both the numerator and the denominator of the percentage. The size of the standard error depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the class upon which the percentage is based.

Estimated percentage	Base of percentage											
	500,000	1,000,000	2,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	25,000,000	50,000,000					
2 or 98	1.4	1.0	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	ģ.					
or 95	2.1	1,5	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	ŏ.					
0 or 90	3.0	2.1	1.5	. 0.9	0.7	0.4	. 0.					
5 or 75	4.3	3.0	2.1	1.3	1.0	0.6	o. 0.					
50	4.9	3.5	2.5	1.6	i.i	0.7						

Table H .-- STANDARD ERROR OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE

Illustration of use of standard error of percent: Table 22 shows that an estimated 24.6 percent of persons with urban residence had an income of less than \$1,000 in 1958. Since the base of this percentage is 55,178,000 persons with income, the standard error of the estimate is approximately 0.4 percent. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that a census would have shown the percentages to be between 24.2 and 25.0 percent. In table 25, however, a comparable figure of 24.8 percent for male unrelated individuals with income of less than \$1,000 has a standard error of approximately 1.5 percent since the base of this percentage is estimated at 4,169,000 male unrelated individuals. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that a census would have shown the percentage to be between 23.3 percent and 26.3 percent.

The tables in this report present estimates of average (median) income as well as the corresponding distributions. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the distribution as well as on the size of the base.

Confidence limits of a median based on sample data may be estimated as follows: (1) From table H, using the appropriate base, determine the standard error of a 50-percent characteristic, (2) add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step (1). Values of the characteristic measure corresponding to the 50± one-standard-error percentage points are then read off the distribution

of the characteristic. A two-standard-error confidence limit may be determined by finding the values corresponding to 50± two-standard-error percentage points. A 1.6-standard-error confidence limit is similarly defined. For this report a difference between two estimated medians was considered to be statistically significant when the upper 1.6-standard-error confidence limit of the smaller of the two medians was less than the lower 1.6-standard-error confidence limit of the larger median.

Illustration of computation of standard error of median: The median income in 1958 of males with income who completed one or more years of college was \$5,702 (table 26). The two-standard-error confidence limits are determined as follows. As there are an estimated 9,639,000 men in this group, the standard error of the median (a 50-percent characteristic) is about 1.1 percent. Two standard errors added to and subtracted from 50 percent yield percentage limits of 47.8 and 52.2. Both these limits lie in the income classes of \$5,000 to \$5,999 as 40.8 percent of college men with income had incomes less than \$5,000 while 13.1 percent had incomes between \$5,000 and \$5,999. Using linear interpolation in the interval the lower limit is obtained as

$$\frac{47.8 - 40.8}{13.1}$$
 x \$1,000 + \$5,000 = \$5,534 and the upper

limit as
$$\frac{52.2 - 40.8}{13.1}$$
 x \$1,000 + \$5,000 = \$5,870.

LIST OF TABLES

TEXT TABLES

Table

f families by family income, for the United States: 1958
: 1947 to 1958 3
and unrelated individuals by total money income (in 1958 dollars), for the United States:
0 1958 4
ncome, average monthly benefit under OASDI, labor force rate, proportion of income recipi- and proportion of OASDI benefit recipients, for persons 65 years of age and over, by sex,
e United States: 1947 to 1958
6
and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, before and after allocation of pondents, for the United States
14 years of age and over by total money income in 1958, before and after allocation of
pondents, by sex, for the United States
error of estimated percentage
and the second of the second
DETAILED TABLES
DEIRILED INDIES
Families and Unrelated Individuals
Page
residence: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, for the
States, urban (by size of place) and rural
e and color: Median income in 1958 of families and unrelated individuals, for the United
urban and rural
family: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, for the United
urban and rural
ead: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, for the United
, urban and rural
family: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, for the United urban and rural
f related children under 18 years of age: Families by total money income in 1958, for the
States, urban and rural
of earners: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, by size
ily, for the United States, urben and rural23
n of head: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, by years of
completed, for the United States
n of head: Median income in 1958 of families by years of school completed, by residence,
and age, for the United States
on of head: Families by total money income in 1958, by major occupation group of head in 1959, for the United States
of head: Families by total money income in 1958, by major industry group of head in
1959, for the United States
on of longest job: Median income in 1958 of families, by occupation group of longest job
d in 1958, for the United States
of longest job: Median income in 1958 of families, by industry group of longest job of
n 1958, for the United States
worker of longest job: Median income in 1958 of families, by class of worker of longest
head in 1958, for the United States
erience of head in 1958: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in
by weeks worked by head, for the United States
ason for head working part year or not working in 1958: Families and unrelated individuals al money income in 1958, for the United States
of income: Families by total money income in 1958, for the United States, urban and

, Page

DETAILED TABLES -- Con.

Families and Unrelated Individuals -- Con. Table Page 18 .-- Region and color: Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, for the United States, urban and rural..... 19. -- Total income, 1944 to 1958: Families and unrelated individuals in households by total money income, for the United States, farm and nonfarm..... 31 20. -- Type of income in 1958: Families and unrelated individuals by wage or salary income, nonfarm selfemployment income, farm self-employment income, and income other than earnings, for the United States..... 21.--Selected characteristics--1958, 1951, and 1939: Median wage or salary income of primary families and unrelated individuals with wage or salary income, for the United States...... 22. -- Place of residence: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1958, by sex, for the United States, urban (by size of place) and rural..... 33 23.--Residence and color: Median income in 1958 of persons 14 years of age and over, by sex, for the United States, urban and rural.... 24. -- Age and veteran status: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1956, by sex, for the United States, urban and rural..... 35 25. -- Relationship to family head: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1958, by sex, for the United States, urban and rural..... 26.--Education: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1956, by years of school completed and sex, for the United States..... 38 27.--Education: Median income in 1958 of persons 14 years of age and over by years of school completed, by residence, color, age, and sex, for the United States..... 28 .-- Occupation: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1958, by major occupation group in March 1959 and sex, for the United States..... 29. -- Industry: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1958, by major industry group in March 1959 and sex, for the United States..... 42 30 .-- Occupation of longest job: Median money earnings in 1958 of all persons 14 years or age and over with earnings and of year-round full-time workers, by occupation group of longest job in 1958 and sex, for the United States..... 31 .-- Industry of longest job: Median money earnings in 1958 of all persons 14 years of age and over with earnings and of year-round full-time workers, by industry group of longest job in 1958 and sex, for the United States..... 32. -- Class of worker of longest job: Median money earnings in 1958 of all persons 14 years of age and over with earnings and of year-round full-time workers, by class of worker of longest job in 1958 and sex, for the United States..... 33 .-- Work experience in 1958: Civilians 14 years of age and over with income, by total money income in 1958, by weeks worked and sex, for the United States..... 34. -- Major reason for part-year work in 1958: Civilian part-year workers 14 years of age and over with income, by total money income in 1958, by sex and age, for the United States...... 35 .-- Major reason for not working in 1958: Nonworkers 14 years of age and over, by total money income in 1958, by sex, for the United States...... 36 .-- Source of income: Persons 14 years of age and over with income, by total money income in 1958 and sex, for the United States, urban and rural..... 37 .-- Region and color: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income in 1958, by sex, for the United States, by regions..... 48 38.--Total income, 1944 to 1956: Persons 14 years of age and over by total money income, by sex, for the United States, form and nonfarm..... 49 39.--Type of income in 1958: Persons 14 years of age and over by wage or salary income. nonfarm selfemployment income, farm self-employment income, and income other than earnings, by sex, for the United States..... 40.--Color and industry, 1958 and 1939: Median wage or salary income of all persons 14 years of age and over with wage or salary income and of year-round full-time workers, by major industry group and sex, for the United States..... 41 .-- Occupation. 1958 and 1939: Median wage or salary income of all persons in the experienced civilian labor force and of year-round full-time workers, by major occupation group and sex, for the

Table 1.—Place of residence: families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, for the united states, urban (by size of place) and rural

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

					Url	an					
Total money income	B-4-3			Urbaniza	d areas		Places n	ot in urban	ized areas	Rural	Rural
Total money income	Total	Total	Total	1,000,000 and over	250,000 to 1,000,000	Under 250,000	Total	25,000 and over	Under 25,000	nonfarm	farm
PAMILIES					,						
Total		•									ŀ
Numberthousands	44,202	27,192	19,364	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	7,828	(¹)	(2)	12,006	5,00
Percent	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.6
Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$3,500 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,499.	2.6 3.0 3.9 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3 5.9 6.9	1.8 1.9 3.0 4.1 4.3 4.2 5.0 5.6	1.4 1.5 2.5 3.8 3.9 3.7 4.6 5.3	1.4 1.5 2.2 3.6 3.1 2.7 3.9 4.8	1.7 1.8 2.6 4.1 5.6 4.7 4.8 5.8	1.4 1.1 3.3 4.1 4.2 5.1 6.0 6.0	2.5 3.0 4.0 4.6 5.2 5.2 6.0 6.4 7.3	1.9 1.5 3.3 4.8 4.7 5.3 5.6 6.9	2.7 3.5 4.2 4.5 5.4 5.2 6.2 7.6	1.9 3.0 3.6 4.9 4.7 4.1 5.8 6.5	8. 9. 8. 9. 8. 6. 6.
\$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	6.5 13.7 10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9 0.5	6.6 14.7 11.4 18.8 9.1 2.2 0.7	6.2 15.1 11.8 19.7 10.3 2.7 0.8 \$5,689	6.1 14.9 11.9 21.0 11.9 3.5 1.0	5.3 15.0 11.4 19.1 9.6 1.6 0.7 \$5,501	7.8 15.9 11.9 17.1 6.6 1.5 0.4	7.4 13.5 10.5 16.7 6.2 1.2 0.4	7.4 13.3 10.4 19.5 7.0 1.6 0.5	7.4 13.7 10.5 15.7 5.9 1.1 0.3	7.2 14.1 11.6 16.8 6.4 1.5 0.3	6.3 6.3 2.6 0.8 0.1
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker										, , , ,	
Percent of total	62.0 \$5,980	61.9 \$6,445	62.4 \$ 6,654	63.0 \$6,930	61.6 \$6,578	61.7 \$ 6,079	60.5 \$5,913	61.8 \$6,236	60.1 \$5,824	61.8 \$5,912	63.0 \$3,365
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS Total										: •	
Numberthousands	10,751	8,338	6 3/5	4	7.	ا ۱۰					
Percent	100.0	100.0	6,245 100.0	100.0	(1)	(1)	2,093	(1)	(1)	. 1,797	616
Under \$500	17.6	15.4	14.6	14.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499.	19.3 13.4 7.9 6.9 5.1 6.0 5.2	17.3 13.6 7.7 7.6 5.8 6.6 5.9	15.2 12.9 7.2 7.5 6.8 6.9 6.7	14.1 12.4 7.0 8:2 7.3 7.1 7.3	15.3 11.7 6.9 5.5 4.9 6.8 5.9	18.5 15.8 8.0 8.3 7.5 6.3 6.0	18.0 23.3 15.6 9.1 7.6 3.2 5.7 3.8	19.0 20.7 11.5 11.2 7.6 2.7 6.3 5.6	17.5 24.4 17.4 8.2 7.7 3.4 5.4	21.2 25.9 12.4 8.5 5.0 2.6 4.8 3.4	34.0 23.6 13.3 8.3 5.0 4.4 3.3
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	4.4 3.2 4.4 2.6 2.1 1.2 0.4 0.1	4.9 3.3 4.9 2.7 2.5 1.2 0.5 0.1	5.4 3.4 5.7 3.0 2.6 1.5 0.6	5.5 3.3 5.0 2.9 2.9 1.3 1.1	6.6 4.2 8.5 3.8 1.8 2.2 0.2	3.8 2.7 4.2 2.1 2.7 1.1	3.2 2.7 2.7 1.8 2.2 0.7 0.3	2.7 4.6 3.7 1.7 1.7	3.4 1.9 2.3 1.9 2.4 0.9 0.2 0.2	3.4 3.8 3.6 2.6 1.3 1.3 0.2	1.1 1.7 1.3 0.9 1.3 0.7 0.7
Year-Round Full-Time Workers	\$1,486	\$1,734	\$2,007	\$2,120	\$2,028	\$1,650	\$1,279	\$1,447	\$1,234	\$1,116	\$835
Workers Percent of total Median income	37.9 \$3,418	39.8 \$3,533	42.0 \$3,683	42.3 \$3,631	44.2 \$4,169	37.7 \$3,185	33.0 \$2,970	36.7	31.5 \$3,036	30.2 \$3,341	35.0

¹ Comparable figures not available.

Table 2.--RESIDENCE AND COLOR: MEDIAN INCOME IN 1958 OF FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL (Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

		Families	, ,,	Unrelated individuals		/iduals			Families		Unrelated individuals		
Residence	Total	White	Non- white	Total	White	Non- white		Total	White	Non- white	Total	White	Non- white
UNITED STATES Numberthousands Median income	44,202 \$ 5,087		3,993 \$2,711	10,751 \$1,486		1,627 \$ 1,080	RURAL NONFARM Numberthousands Median income	12,006 \$5,048		645 \$2,361	1,797 \$1, 116	1,609 \$1,189	188
URBAN						•	RURAL FARM						
Numberthousands Median income	27,192 \$5,469		2,807 \$3,392	8,338 \$ 1,734		1,355 \$1,250	Numberthousands	5,004 \$2,747	4,463 \$3,025	541 \$1,123	616 \$835		84

¹ Distributions by income levels appear in table 18.

Table 3.-TYPE OF FAMILY: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL

			·.•	Families		<u> </u>		Unrelated individuals			
			. •	Male head			÷1,				
Total money income			Marr	ied, wife pr	esent		Female				
	Total	Total	Total	Wife in paid labor	Wife not in paid labor	Other marital status	head	Total	Male	Female	
				force	force						
		•					1.				
UNITED STATES											
Total	·					:					
Numberthousands	44,202	39,870	38,585	11,014	27,571	1,285	4,332	10,751	4,332	6,419	
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999.	2.6 3.0 3.9 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3	1.9 2.4 3.3 4.3 4.6 4.5 5.2	1.8 2.3 3.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 5.1	0.9 1.0 1.7 2.8 3.2 3.5 4.3	2.1 2.8 3.8 4.9 4.9 5.5	4.6 4.4 6.4 5.6 10.3 4.8 5.5	9.3 9.1 9.7 9.7 9.4 6.0 6.8 6.7	17.6 19.3 13.4 7.9 6.9 5.1 6.0 5.2	13.7 14.8 12.4 7.3 7.6 5.3 6.0	20.3 22.2 14.0 8.2 6.5 5.1 6.0 4.7	
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	5.9 6.9 6.5 13.7	7.1 6.7 14.4	7.2 6.8 14.6	5.4 5.6 14.1	7.8 7.2 14.8	5.8 6.2 9.5	5.4 4.7 7.2	4.4 3.2 4.4	5.3 4.1 6.6	3.8 2.7 3.0	
\$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999.	10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9 0.5	11.3 17.8 8.1 2.0 0.6	11.4 17.9 8.1 2.0 0.6	12.9 26.0 12.1 1.7 0.1	10.8 14.8 6.6 2.1 0.7	8.5 13.9 6.1 2.9	5.2 7.3 2.9 0.5 0.2	2.6 2.1 1.2 0.4 0.1	3.8 3.6 2.5 1.0 0.1	1.7 1.2 0.4 0.1	
Median income	\$5,087	\$5,292	\$5,315	\$6,214	\$4,983	\$4,260	\$2,741	\$1,486	\$2,114	\$1,268	
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker								· . ·.			
Percent of total	62.0 \$5,980	65.8 \$6,043	66.5 \$6,049	65.8 \$7,034	66.8 \$5,726	45.0 \$5,750	27.3 \$4,460	37.9 \$3,418	44.8 \$3,878	33.3 \$3,153	
URBAN											
Numberthousands	27,192 \$5,469	23,973 \$5,703	23,146 \$5,720	7,137 \$6,534	16,009 \$5,422	827 \$5,100	3,219 \$3,091	8,338 \$1,734	3,165 \$2,498	5,173 \$1,400	
RURAL NONFARM							٠.				
Numberthousands	12,006 \$5,048	11,178 \$5,215	10,922 \$5,253	3,075 \$6,024	7,847 \$4, 959	256 \$3,292	828 \$2,250	1,797 \$1,116	781 \$1,587	- 1,016 \$918	
RURAL FARM											
Numberthousands	5,004 \$2,747	4,719 \$2,831	4,517 \$2,875	802 \$4,144	3,715 \$2,664	202 \$2,205	285 \$1,405	616 \$83 5	386 \$964	230 \$676	

Table 4.--ACE OF HEAD: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL (Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

				Families						Unrela	ted indiv	riduals		
Total money income			A	ge of hes	d (years)						Age (3	rears)		
	Total	14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over	Total	14 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over
United States		·												
Total														
Numberthousends	44,202	2,269	9,117	10,686	9,448	6,662	6,020	751,10	904	1,142	1,138	1,729	2,306	3,532
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999.	2.6 3.0 3.9 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3 5.9	4.0 8.5 9.2 8.0 10.3	1.8 1.9 2.1 2.9 4.5 3.8 4.9 7.2	1.8 1.4 2.0 2.9 3.4 3.7 4.5 5.0	3.0 2.4 3.3 3.1 3.9 4.0 4.7 5.0	2.7 3.7 4.5 4.4 4.1 5.6 5.7	4.2 8.5 11.2 13.5 10.0 8.1 6.0 5.9	17.6 19.3 13.4 7.9 6.9 5.1 6.0 5.2	27.3 14.3 12.5 7.4 8.2 6.7 8.0 5.8	9.6 7.6 6.8 5.9 7.5 7.6 8.8 6.9	16.1 8.2 7.8 7.9 7.9 4.6 6.4 8.0	15.7 10.9 7.8 7.0 8.2 7.8 8.9 7.3	17.1 14.1 13.4 7.7 8.3 6.7 7.5 5.5	19.9 34.3 19.9 9.0 4.7 2.0 2.4 2.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	6.9 6.5 13.7 10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9 0.5	8.1 11.2 7.1 9.0 1.2 0.1	8.4 8.8 17.8 13.0 17.3 4.4 1.0	6.8 7.2 15.9 12.0 21.3 9.3 2.2 0.5	6.0 5.0 13.1 11.0 20.0 11.7 2.8 1.1	7.0 5.8 12.4 11.2 15.7 9.1 2.8 0.6	5.0 4.4 6.3 4.8 6.9 4.0 1.0	4.4 3.2 4.4 2.6 2.1 1.2 0.4 0.1	4.9 2.0 2.0 0.9	8.7 9.3 10.4 3.5 5.7 1.9 0.1	7.2 4.1 7.9 6.8 4.1 1.9	7.6 3.7 6.1 3.7 2.8 2.2 0.3	3.7 3.7 5.1 2.9 2.2 1.1 0.8 0.1	1.0 1.0 0.9 0.6 0.6 0.7
Median income	\$5,087	\$3,783	\$5,207	\$5,704	\$5,738	\$5,153	\$2,666	\$1,486	\$1,333	\$3,289	\$2,728	\$2,532	\$1,850	\$939
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker														
Percent of total	62.0 \$5,980	52.3 \$4,649	70.5 \$5,761	73.5 \$6,231	70.7 \$6,530	62.2 \$6,010	19,4 \$4,379	37.9 \$3,418	39.2 \$2,711	58.8 \$4,092	62.9 \$3,726	56.4 \$3,500	45.4 \$3,335	10.0 \$2,294
URBAN								:		İ				
Numberthousands Median income	27,192 \$5,469	1,466 \$3,878	5,395 \$5,339	6,413 \$ 5,931	5,919 \$ 6,422	4,282 \$5,857	3,717 . \$ 3,124	8,338 \$1,734	697 \$1,496	950 \$3,285	976 \$3,019	1,378 \$ 2,757	1,803 \$2,134	2,534 \$996
RURAL NONFARM				1					<u> </u>					
Numberthousands	12,006 \$5,048	635 \$3,93 3	3,053 \$5,306	3,221 \$5,864	2,309 \$5,432	1,436 \$4,449	1,352 \$2,284	1,797 \$1,116		159 	110 •••	265 \$1,875	364 \$1,431	768 \$841
HURAL FARM	.		İ		.		į		-				1	
Numberthousands	5,004 \$2,747	168	669 \$3,148	1,052 \$3,329	1,220 \$2,928	944 \$2,702	951 \$1,919	616 \$835	76	33	. 52	86	139	230 \$755

Table 5.—SIZE OF FAMILY: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL

		Unrelated		Familie	having sp	ecified nu	mber of per	rsons	*	Total	Median size
Total money income	Total	-bivibni akau	Total	2	3	4	5	6	7 or more	persons in families ¹	of family
UNITED STATES											
Total		1									
Numberthousands	54,953	10,751	44,202	14,247	9,584	9,062	5,702	2,894	2,713	161,974	3.32
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	•••
Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$25,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$24,999.	5.5 6.1 5.8 5.4 4.8 4.8 5.7 6.5 5.9 12.0 9.1 14.0 6.4 1.6	17.6 19.3 13.4 7.9 6.9 5.1 6.0 5.2 4.4 3.2 4.4 2.6 2.1 1.2 0.4	2.6 3.0 3.9 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3 5.9 6.9 10.7 10.7 16.8 7.6	3.9 5.3 6.4 7.0 5.8 6.3 6.3 6.3 11.0 8.0 13.4 5.3 1.2	1.9 2.2 3.1 4.4 4.6 4.4 5.1 6.0 7.6 7.1 13.3 12.2 17.4 8.5 1.7	1.7 1.5 1.9 3.6 3.6 4.7 5.3 7.6 6.7 16.3 12.0 20.7 9.0 0.6	1.5 1.3 2.8 3.2 3.8 4.4 5.8 6.8 16.4 12.6 9.2 2.5	2.0 2.4 3.2 3.3 4.4 3.8 4.9 5.5 6.4 7.4 16.4 17.1 7.9 2.7	3.4 4.0 5.6 6.6 5.8 5.6 6.1 7.6 5.8 12.1 9.8 7.0 1.9	2.4 2.7 3.6 4.2 4.8 4.5 5.1 5.8 7.0 6.7 14.3 11.1 17.2 7.9 2.0 0.6	2.62 2.41 2.47 2.45 2.84 3.02 3.11 3.26 3.41 3.51 3.66 3.65 3.65
Median income	\$4,454	\$1,486	\$5,087	\$4,084	\$5,268	\$5,685	\$5,657	\$5,413	\$4,533	\$5,224	•••
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker											
Percent of total	57.5 \$5,700	37.9 \$3,418	62.0 \$5,980	49.7 \$5,644	63.9 \$6,103	72.3 \$6,227	70.5 \$6,208	66.8 \$5,920	61.5 \$5,533	64.4 \$5,991	•••

¹ Distributed by income levels of their families.

Table 5 .-- SIZE OF FAMILY: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RUFAL--Con.

		Unrelated		Pamilie	es having s	pecified n	umber of p	ersons		Total	Median
Total money income	Total .	individ- uals	Total	2	3	4	5	6	7 or	persons in families ¹	sise of family
UHRAN											
Numberthousands Median income	35,530 \$4,717	8,338 \$1,734	27,192 \$5,469	9,446 \$4,506	6,156 \$5,638	5,483 \$5,936	3,243 \$5,999	1,611 \$5,875	1,253 \$5,613	95,664 \$5,649	3.17
RURAL NONFARM											,
Numberthousands Median income	13,803 \$4,632	1,797 \$1,116	12,006 \$5,048	3,308 \$3,876	2,461 \$5,118	2,728 \$5,699	1,817 \$5,654	857 \$5,268	835 \$4,458	45,858 \$5,138	3.59
RURAL FARM		,							,		
Numberthousands	5,620 \$ 2,486	616 \$835	5,004 \$2,747	1,493 \$2,114	967 \$3,011	851 \$3,083	642 \$3,523	426 \$2,988	625 \$2,711	20,452 \$2,862	3.55

¹ Distributed by income levels of their families.

Table 6 .-- NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE: FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL

			`.		 :	· - ······			
	Total		Pamilies havin	g specified n	umber of chil	dren under 18	years of age		Total children
Total money income	families	None	1	2	3	4	. 5	6 or more	in families ⁱ
united states									
Total							,	• .	
Numberthousands	44,202	17,714	8,771	8,410	4,844	2,376	1,102	985	61,617
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500 \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$33,500 to \$3,499.	2.6 3.0 3.9 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3 5.9	2.9 4.2 5.3 6.7 6.0 5.3 5.6	2.5 2.3 3.6 4.4 4.4 4.3 5.5	1.6 1.8 2.0 2.7 3.9 3.8 4.6	2.3 1.8 2.3 3.4 3.6 4.1 4.9 6.3	2.0 2.7 3.6 3.8 5.7 4.3 5.6 6.9	5.1 3.3 6.6 3.7 7.4 4.1 6.5 6.2	4.7 5.9 7.6 7.3 7.9 8.4 5.4	2.6 2.6 3.6 3.8 4.9 4.6 5.2 6.2
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	6.9 6.5 13.7 10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9	6.2 5.6 11.0 9.0 15.8 8.5 1.9	7.1 6.4 13.3 11.8 17.7 8.5 1.8 0.6	8.1 7.4 17.2 12.0 19.7 6.8 2.1	6.6 7.8 17.4 12.6 17.2 6.9 1.9 0.7	6.5 8.3 15.7 12.0 15.3 5.5 1.5	9.2 5.9 15.7 9.0 11.3 4.5 1.4	7.9 6.3 8.6 8.3 9.9 3.1 0.7	7.4 7.2 15.4 11.4 16.3 6.2 1.7
Median income	\$5,087	\$4,694	\$ 5,275	\$5,494	\$5,384	\$5,031	\$4,385	\$3,700	\$5,123
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker									
Percent of total	62.0 \$5,980	52.2 \$6,169	66.7 \$6,105	72.9 \$5,972	69.7 \$5,938	66.5 \$5,719	63.0 \$5,291	53.6 \$4,759	67.3 \$5,802
URBAN			• .				,		
Numberthousands Median incomethousands	27,192 \$5,469	11,742 \$5,218	5,515 \$5,588	5,022 \$5,690	2,696 \$5,661	1,264 \$5,535	529 \$ 5,159	424 \$ 4,250	34,143 \$5,523
RURAL NONFARM									
Numberthousands Median income:	12,006 \$5,048	3,981 \$4,330	2,369 \$5,269	2,627 \$5,569	1,598 \$5,480	762 \$ 4,853	362 \$4,350	307 \$4,074	19,296 \$5,079
FURAL FARM									
Numberthousands	5,004 \$2,747	1,991 \$2,436	887 \$ 2,839	761 \$3,089	550 \$ 3,397	350 \$2,841	211 \$ 2,636	254 \$ 2,325	8,178 \$2,868

¹ Distributed by income levels of their families.

Table 7.—NUMBER OF EARNERS: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SIZE OF FAMILY, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL.

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

			Families	•		Unre	elated individu	als
Total money income and size of family	Total	Families	having specia	ied number of	earners	Total	Pa	Non-
<u> </u>	Total	None	1	2	3 or more	Total .	Earners	earners
UNITED STATES								
Total						,		
Numberthousands .	44,202	3,181	21,279	15,368	4,374	10,751	6,768	3,983
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500.	2.6	14.3	2.3	1.1	1.0	17.6	8.3	34.5
\$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499.	3.0	14.6	2.9	1.5	1.3	19.3 13.4	11.5	33.1 17.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999	4.8	20.7	4.7	2.7	2.1	7.9	8.5	6.7
\$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999	5.1 4.7	13.4	5.6 5.4	3.2 4.1	3.2 2.4	6.9 5.1	9.3 7.2	2.8 1.5
\$3,000 to \$3,499	5,3	3.8	6.8	4.5	`2.0	6.0	8.9	1.0
\$3,500 to \$3,999	5,9	3.0	7.3	5.2	3.4	5.2	7.6	0.0
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	6.9	1.3	8.8 7.6	6.1 7.0	4.9 3.8	4.4 3.2	5.0	0.5 0.1
\$5,000 to \$5,999	13.7	1.5	15.6	14.4	11.0	4.4	6.7	0.3
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	10.7	0.6	10.5 12.0	13.2	9.9 27.1	2.6 2.1	3.9	0.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	7.6	0.5	4.3	9.6	19.9	1.2	1.7	0.4
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	1.9	0.1	1.8 0.6	1.5 0.3	4.0	0.4	0.6 0.1	0.1
Median income	\$5,087	\$1,570	\$4,666	\$5,879	\$7,201	\$1,486	\$2,604	\$735
Head Year-Round Full-Time Worker	.				į.			* (3)
Percent of total	62.0 \$5,980	2.7	66.0 \$5,370	66.0 \$6,621	67.0 \$8,027	37.9 \$3,418	55.7 \$3,507	3.7
Two-Person Families								$\mathcal{F}_{-\delta}$
Numberthousands	14,247 \$4,084	2,298 \$1,588	6,883 \$3,963	5,066 \$5,795	:::	:::		• •••
Three-Person Families.		ĺ						
Mimberthousands	9,584 \$5,268	403 \$1,528	4,395 \$4,581	3,896 \$6,081	890 \$7,066	•••	:::	• •••
Four-Person Families		.	·.			.	.]	
Numberthousands	9,062 \$5,685	\$1,408	4,654 \$5,198	3,015 \$ 6,130	1,175 \$8,010		:::	·
Five-Person Families			•	• .	1			
Numberthousands	5,702 \$5,657	103	2,873 \$5,282	1,799 \$5,932	\$7,600	:::		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Six-or-More-Person Families					1			
Numberthousands	5,607 \$5,049	159	2,474 \$4,750	1,592 \$5,115	1,382 \$6,261	•••	•••	•••
URBAN						·		
Numberthousands	27,192	2,155	12,661	9,768	2,608	8,338	5,325	3,013
Median income	\$5,469	\$1,640	\$4,994	\$6,272	\$8,416	\$1,734	\$2,852	\$775
RURAL NONFARM					•			• •
Numberthousands Median incomethousands	12,006 \$5,048	747 \$1,526	6,046 \$4,802	4,159 \$5,699	1,054 \$6,423	1,797 \$1,116	1,037·· \$2,143	760 \$66 7
RURAL FARM								
Numberthousands	5,004 \$2,747	279 \$1,097	2,572 \$2,490	1,441 \$3,266	712 \$3,930	616 \$835	406 \$1,006	210 \$449

Table 8.--EDUCATION OF HEAD: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0,1)

		Kler	mentary scho	xol		High school	- 1		College		Median
Total money income	Total ¹	Total	Less than 8 years ²	8 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years	Total	1 to 3	4. years or more	years of school completed
-											
Families .											
Numberthousands	44,202	16,384	7,899	8,485	19,350	8,427	10,923	7,951	3,739	4,212	10.9
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$1,000	5.6 8.7 9.8 11.2 13.4	10.3 15.8 14.8 13.5 13.0	14.9 21.2 17.1 11.9 11.5	6.1 10.7 12.6 15.0 14.5	3.2 5.2 7.6 11.5 15.5	3.9 7.2 9.6 12.6 15.9	2.6 3.7 6.1 10.7 15.3	1.6 2.5 4.0 5.2 9.1	2.0 3.2 5.8 6.7 11.4	1.3 1.8 2.3 3.9 7.1	8.1 8.2 8.7 9.6 10.7
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 and over	13.7 10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9 0.5	11.0 7.4 9.9 3.6 0.5 0.1	9.0 5.3 6.7 2.1 0.3 0.1	12.9 9.5 12.9 5.1 0.6 0.2	16.9 12.4 18.8 7.4 1.2 0.2	16.2 11.7 15.9 6.2 0.7 0.1	17.4 13.0 21.1 8.4 1.5 0.2	11.5 13.3 26.8 16.8 6.9 2.3	13.5 14.0 24.1 14.8 3.5	9.7 12.7 29.4 18.6 10.0 3.4	11.5 12.1 12.3 12.6 15.5
Median income	\$5,087	\$3,674	\$2,813	\$4,386	\$5,414	\$5,049	\$5,667	\$ 7,313	\$6,529	\$8,143	
unrelated individuals					·			·			
Numberthousands	10,751	4,685	2,565	2,120	3,406	1,485	1,921	2,020	903	1,117	9.8
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Under \$1,000	36.9 21.3 12.0 11.2 7.6	48.7 27.0 10.8 7.9 2.9	54.7 26.1 9.5 6.6 1.6	41.7 27.9 12.4 9.5 4.5	24.9 19.3 15.3 15.2	34.3 20.7 15.5 12.2 10.1	17.9 18.3 15.1 17.5 13.1	28.0 11.2 10.7 12.4 11.9	24.7 12.3 15.5 17.4 12.8	30.8 10.3 6.8 8.2 11.1	8.5 8.7 10.4 12.1 12.4
85,000 to \$5,999 86,000 to \$6,999 77,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 815,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	4.4 2.6 2.1 1.2 0.4 0.1	1.2 0.8 0.6 	1.0 0.3 0.3	1.5 1.4 1.0 0.1	6.4 3.5 2.3 1.0 0.1	3.3 1.5 1.1 1.2	8.8 5.1 3.2 0.8 0.2 0.1	8.6 5.3 5.5 4.3 1.8 0.3	8.5 4.0 3.0 1.4 0.5	8.6 6.4 7.6 6.7 2.9 0.5	12.7 12.8 13.4
Median income	\$1,486	\$1,048	\$914	\$1,297	\$2,379	\$1,758	\$2,914	\$3,008	\$2,839	\$3,256	

¹ Includes persons not reporting years of school completed, not shown separately.
² Includes persons reporting no years of school completed, not shown separately.

Table 9.—EDUCATION OF HEAD: MEDIAN INCOME IN 1958 OF FAMILIES BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, BY RESIDENCE, COLOR, AND ACE, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

		Ele	mentary scho	mol .		High school			College	•	Median years of
Selected characteristics	Total ¹	Total	Less than 8 years ²	8 years	Total	1 to 3 years	4 years	Total	1 to 3	4 years or more	school completed
Fies idence										•	
Urban	\$5,469 5,048 2,747	\$4,303 3,595 2,164	\$3,598 2,693 1,688	\$4,869 4,338 2,843	\$5,552 5,468 3,768	\$5,204 5,146 3,305	\$5,827 5,673 4,176	\$7,530 7,063 5,447	\$6,566 6,672	\$8,483 7,524	11.4 11.3 8.6
COLOR OF HEAD		_		. :							
White	\$5,300 2,711	\$3,951 2,245	\$3,140 1,969	\$4,487 3,167	\$5,525 3,530	\$5,226 3,288	\$5,742 3,929	\$7,373 5,654	\$6,568	\$8,202	11.3 8.2
AGE OF HEAD				.							
14 to 24 years	\$3,783 5,207 5,704 5,738 5,153 2,666	\$2,492 3,544 4,191 4,437 4,249 2,406	\$2,832 3,317 3,395 3,571 1,994	\$4,112 4,785 5,095 4,776 2,983	\$3,981 5,140 5,788 6,068 6,121 3,312	\$3,441 4,765 5,444 5,713 5,714 3,100	\$4,304 5,399 6,020 6,488 6,651 3,571	\$4,269 6,706 7,887 9,429 8,094 4,695	\$4,297 6,214 7,046 8,054 6,914 4,313	\$7,248 8,568 10,775 9,330 4,940	12.2 12.3 12.1 10.4 8.8 8.3

¹ Includes persons not reporting years of school completed, not shown separately.
² Includes persons reporting no years of school completed, not shown separately.

TABLE 10. — COCUPATION OF HEAD: FAMILIES BY TOTAL HONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY MAJOR COCOPATION GROUP OF HEAD IN MARCH 1959, FOR THE UNITED STATES (Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

					-		Hea	Weeds employed as civilians in March 1959	l as civil	fans in M	reh 1959								Heads
Total momey income	Total	Total.	Professional, and kindred		technical,	Farmers	Managera	Managers, officials, and proprietors, exc. farm	3, and farm	Clerical		Crefts- men,	Operat		Service workers,	F. F.	La- borers,		in Armed Forces or not in
		ployed civil- ians	Total	Self- em- ployed	Sala- ried	ferm man- agers	Total	Self.em- ployed	Sala- ried	and kindred vorkers	Sales	foremen, and kindred vorkers	and kindred vorkers	house-e hold p	except private house-	_ g	farm farm and mine	March 1959	labor force in March 1959 ¹
TOTAL	`										197								
Numberthousands	44,202	35,090	3,759	618	3,141	2,503	5,358	2,713	2,645	2,555	2,350	7,021	6,652	273	2,186	25	2,209	1,702	7,410
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500 \$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	0.6.4.2.	3.50	46.000	0 0001	0.4	11.1 9.4 9.7 8.8	2.0 0.8 0.8 1.4	3.6 1.6 1.6 3.7	0000	0.00 0.11 0.01	10101	00011	401194 40001	7.05 7.05 7.05 8.48	11.6.4.7	8.11.23	0 6 8 9 9	0.00.00	8.4 12.0 12.8 12.8
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	7. v. v.	4.4.0	3.0	1:8	3.2	800	3.2.5	8.44	4.0.0	7.27	126,4	4.4.7	407	7.7	8,1,5	1.0.01 4.0.01	4.7.0	7.2	6. 6. 8. 8. 8.
#, 000 to #, 499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$4,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00	7.3 15.7 12.2 19.4 19.4 19.8 19.8	7.7 10.8 14.5 14.5 29.3 18.6 7.7	202 202 203 203 203 203 203	44.11 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00 9.00	44644499 94694999	4, 2, 11, 2, 4, 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 7, 7, 6, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7, 7,	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	4086.50	2 8 8 4 4 4 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6,6,8,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8 16.8	44444	10.8 2.8.7 1.0.0 1.0.0	& 444400 :	10.4 14.3 16.3 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10	40 8 6 1 0 U	24549400 46101841
Median income	\$5,087	\$5,561	\$7,788	\$11,029	\$4,7\$	\$2,556	\$7,012	\$5,995	\$7,862	\$5,692	\$6,268	\$6,018	\$5,157	\$1,690	4,456	\$2,188	. %	\$3,534	\$2,537
HEAD YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKER				·				•					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•					
Percent of total,	\$5,980	\$6,010	\$8,212	\$11,842	84.1 \$7,907	\$2,750	87.3 \$7,373	83:1 \$6,353	\$8,078	82.4 \$5,892	79.9	75.3	66.7 \$5,576	27.3	72.0	53.0	53.9	16.8	(3)

¹ Includes about 900,000 families headed by members of the Armed Forces living off post or on military reservations.
² Comparable figures not available.

Table 11. -- Indicity of head: Families by Yotal Money inodes in 1958, by Major indicity Group of head in Mago 1959, for the united states

(Wedian not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

Reads	in Armed or or not in labor force tn March		7,410	100.0	6.6 8.4 12.0	8 5 8 8 5 8	8.8 8.8	24.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.4	0000	\$2,537		(2)
	Heads unem- ployed in March 1959		1,702	100.0	2.9 5.0 5.7	80 0 80 4 80 4	7.7	11.8 6.9 6.6	0.3	\$3,534		16.8
	Public adminis- tration		1,925	100.0	00.2	, L 0	2.9 4.8	8.9 8.9 15.2	1.7	\$6,027		90.9 \$6,190
	Professional and related services		2,590	100,0	333	2 4 4 0 0 6	5.0	6.6. 6.11 6.11 6.11 6.11	2.7	\$6,185		74.0
	Enter- taliment and recre- ation services		25	100.0	:::3	2,7	6.2	15.5	5.5	\$5,870	:	4. ::
	Personal serv- ices		1,270	100.0	3.5 5.9	6.9 6.8	7.3	2.2.51 2.2.5 2.3.5 2.3.5	469	. 97.4.63		61.7
	Business and repair services		1,128	100.0	1.6	8.2.28 8.9.48	5.2	7. 6. 21 C	2.0	\$5,552	. •	78.7
reh 1959	Finance, insur- ance, and real		1,217	100.0	1.8 0.8 1.3	1.2.1	2.6	6.0 14.8 1111	2.8	\$6,839		82.9 \$7,296
Liens in Ma	Retail trade		4,655	100.0	1.3	8.1.4	4.9	9.6 6.0 1.0 1.0 8.7	# 10 2 5 6	\$5,284		79.7 \$5,637
rato ese ber	Whole- sale trade		1,697	100.0	0.8 0.1	1.8 4.2.2	6.2	5.7.5. 5.0.00 5.00	6.6. 6.7.9	\$5,979		\$2.4
Heads employed as civilians in March 1959	Transpor- tation, communication, and other public		3,083	100.0	0.4	7 7 7	5.1.	. 6.7 18.2 15.2	2.6.10	\$6,112		\$6,429
	Mamu- factur- ing		10,514	100.0	6.00	2.2.1	5.7	17.0	0.0	\$5,987		74.6
	Con- struc- tion		3,066	100.0	2001	4 w w	6.0	0.0 7.3 11.8 8.81	0.10	\$5,338		\$5,873
ļ	Mining		167	100.0	0.0	0,00	8 8	2.13 2.23 2.23 2.23	0.00	\$5,492		\$5,846
	Agricul- ture, forestry, and fish- eries		3,220	100.0	10.01	10,4	6.4	44.00	0.0	\$2,553	-	73.1 \$2,837
	Total employed civil- ians		35,090	100.0	2.2	200	4. 2. 8. 8.	27.7.27.27.29.24.24.24.24.24.24.24.24.24.24.24.24.24.	8.00	\$5,561		75.1
	Total		44,202	100.0			5.3	6.9 5.5 5.7 8.8		\$5,087		62.0 \$5,980
	Total momey income	TOTAL	Numberthousands	Percent	Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499.	\$2,000 to \$2,499.	\$3,500 to \$3,499	\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999.	\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	Median income	HEAD YEAR-BURD FULL-TIME WORKER	Percent of total

¹ Includes about 900,000 families headed by members of the Armed Forces living off post or on military reservations.
² Comparable figures not evaluable.

Table 12.--OCCUPATION OF LONGEST JOB: MEDIAN INCOME IN 1958 OF FAMILIES, BY OCCUPATION GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF HEAD IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

Occupation group	Median total money income	Occupation group	Median total money income
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Self-employed. Medical and other health workers. Other self-employed. Salaried. Engineers, technical Medical and other health workers. Teachers, primary and secondary schools. Other salaried workers. Farmers and farm managers. Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm. Self-employed. In retail trade. Other self-employed. Salaried. Cherical and kindred workers. Secretaries, stenographers, and typists. Other clerical and kindred workers.	11,107 13,250 9,684 7,416 8,882 6,522 6,972 2,453 6,806 5,914 5,522 6,372 7,604 5,629	Sales workers. In retail trade. Other sales workers. Craftsmen; foremen, and kindred workers. Foremen. Craftsmen. In construction. Other craftsmen. Operatives and kindred workers. In durable goods manufacturing. In nondurable goods manufacturing. Service vorkers, except private household workers. Service workers, except private household waiters, cooks, and bartenders. Other service workers. Farm laborers and foremen. Laborers, except farm and mine	5,21 6,99 5,89 7,41 5,74 5,60 5,74 4,98 1,93 4,37 3,85 4,44 1,97

Table 13.—INDUSTRY OF LONGEST JOB: MEDIAN INCOME IN 1958 OF FAMILIES, BY INDUSTRY GROUP OF LONGEST JOB OF HEAD IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Industry group	Median total money income
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	\$2,42
Mining	5,076
Construction	5,162
Manufacturing	5,91
Durable goods	5,924
Nondurable goods	5,90
Transportation, communication, and other public util	5,943
Transportation industries	5,808
Other industries	6,200
Wholesale trade	6,07
Retail trade	5,23
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6,70
Susiness and repair services	5,54
Personal services	3,649
Intertainment and recreation services	5,463
Professional and related services	6,089
Public administration	5,95

Table 14.—CLASS OF WORKER OF LONGEST JOB: MEDIAN INCOME IN 1958 OF FAMILIES, BY CLASS OF WORKER OF LONGEST JOB OF HEAD IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

Class of worker	Median total money income
Private wage or salary workers	\$5,549 2,116 5,636
Government workers. Public administration workers Federal. Other public administration workers Other government workers	5,784 5,952 6,266 5,662 5,560
Self-employed workers In agriculture In nonagricultural industries	4,446 2,470 5,830
Unpaid family workers	•••

Table 15.---WORK EXPERIENCE OF HEAD IN 1958: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY WEEKS WORKED BY HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES

					Wo	orked in 195	i8 ²		•		
Total money income	Total ¹	-	١	orked at fu	ll-time job	98	, h	orked at pa	rt-time job	DB B	Did not work
	1001	Total	Total	50 to 52 weeks	27 to 49 weeks	26 weeks or less	Total	50 to 52 weeks	27 to 49 weeks	26 weeks or less	in 1958 ²
FAMILIES											
Total, by work experience	100.0	85.5	78.8	60.6	13.5	4.7	6.7	2.8	1.6	2.3	12.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500	2.6	1.8	1.5	. 1.4	1.2	3.6	6.0	4.9	4.6	8.3	7.9
\$500 to \$999	3.0	2.0	1.3	0.9	1.4	6.2	10.7	9.8	9.0	13.0	9.8
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	3.9	2.5	1.9	1.3	2.8	6.6	10.5	8.5	6.8	15.4	14.2
\$2,000 to \$2,499	4.8 5.1	3.5 4.2	2.7 3.7	1.9	3.9	10.3	12.3	. 12.3	10.1	13.9	14.5
\$2,500 to \$2,999	4.7	4.2	3.9	2.7 3.0	6.1 6.3	10.2	9.2 8.0	9.2	8.5	9.6	11.2
\$3,000 to \$3,499	5.3	5.1	5.0	4.1	6.8	11.3	5.7	7.8	10.5 6.8	6.3 6.0	7.1 5.7
\$3,500 to \$3,999	5.9	5.9	5.8	4.9	8.4	9.2	6.9	6.0	8.8	6.8	4.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499	6.9	7.3	7.4	7.0	9.2	7.3	5;3	5.4	6.8	4.2	
\$4,500 to \$4,999	6.5	6.9	7.1	6.9	8.3	6.5	4.2	5.2	4.4	3.0	3.8 2.9 6.0
\$5,000 to \$5,999	13.7	14.9	15.6	16.2	15.0	9.0	7.4	8.5	10.1	4.4	6.0
\$6,000 to \$6,999	10.7	11.8	12.4	13.4	10.5	4.9	4.7	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.4
\$7,000 to \$9,999	16.8	18.7	19.9	22.4	14.1	4.2	5.0	6.8	5.3	2.9	5.3
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	7.6	8.4	8.9	10.4	5.0	1.2	3.1	4.4	3.1	1.5	2.3
\$25,000 and over	0.5	2.2	2.3	2.7 0.8	0.8	0.6	0.8	1.4	0.7	0.3	0.3
	- 1	*1	* 1			•••	0.1	0.3	•••	•••	} 0.1
Median income	\$5,087	\$5,443	\$5,622	980,5\$	\$4,735	\$3,181	\$2,581	\$2,846	\$3,037	\$1,978	\$2,166

¹ Total represents all families in March 1959, including about 900,000 families headed by members of the Armed Forces living off post or on military reservations.

² Represents civilian family heads and unrelated individuals in February 1959.

Table 15. --WORK EXPERIENCE OF HEAD IN 1958: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY WEEKS WORKED BY HEAD,
FOR THE UNITED STATES--Com.

				•	Wo	rked in 195	8 ²				
Total money income	Total ¹	,	W	orked at fu	11-time job	8	٧	orked at pa	rt-time job	,	Did not work
Total money income	10 cal	Total	Total	50 to 52 weeks	27 to 49 weeks	26 veeks or less	Total	50 to 52. weeks	27 to 49 weeks	26' weeks or less	in 1958²
Unrelated individuals											
Total, by work experience	100.0	65.6	54.2	37.7	11.0	5.5	11.4	4.7	2.4	4.3	34.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	. 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999.	17.6 19.3 13.4 7.9 6.9 5.1 6.0 5.2 4.4 2.6 2.1	12.1 11.2 10.4 7.9 8.4 7.0 8.3 7.6 6.6 5.1 6.7 3.5 3.0	9.7 7.7 8.5 7.5 9.0 7.5 8.5 7.8 6.0 7.9 4.3 3.6	6.8 6.1 6.0 6.8 8.7 6.8 10.6 10.3 9.3 6.3 8.8 5.5 4.5	13.4 6.6 10.3 8.2 10.9 11.0 8.9 4.9 6.2 7.3 8.2 1.9 2.1	22.0 20.5 21.7 10.4 7.1 5.0 3.3 3.9 1.5 1.2	23.1 27.3 19.4 10.0 5.5 4.5 3.0 3.1 1.1 1.0 0.3	22.2 23.8 17.1 10.7 7.0 6.4 4.4 5.7 0.3 1.0	12.5 30.7 19.0 11.8 7.8 4.6 3.3 2.0 2.6 1.3	29.8 29.1 22.0 8.2 2.5 2.5 1.4 1.1 0.7 1.1	27. 35. 19. 7. 3. 1. 1. 0. 0. 0.
15,000 to \$24,999 25,000 and over	0.4	0.6 0.1	0.7 0.1	1.0 0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.3	•••	•••	0.
fedian income	\$1,486	\$2,500	\$3,005	\$3,418	\$ 2,527	\$1,173	\$993	\$1,118	\$1,179	\$847	\$82

¹ Total represents all families in March 1959, including about 900,000 families headed by members of the Armed Forces living off post or on military reservations.

² Represents civilian family heads and unrelated individuals in February 1959.

Table 16.--Major reason for head working part year or not working in 1958; Families and unrelated individuals by total money income in 1958, for the united states

(Percent and median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

				Par	t_year wo	rkers					Home	orkers		
				Major:	reason fo	r part-ye	ar work			м	ajor reaso	n for no	t working	
Total money income	Total	Total	Unem- ploy- ment or layoffs	Illness or disa- bility	Unpaid absence from work	Taking care of home ¹	Going to school ²	Other reasons ³	Total	Unem- ploy- ment or layoffs	Illness or disa- bility	care	Going to school ²	Other reasons ³
FAMILIES ·												,		
Total, by reason for part- year work or not working	100.0	64.3	33.8	11.9	6.4	3.0	1.5	7.7	35.7	1.4	9.5	10.3	0.3	14.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	,	100.0
Under \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$5,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 and over	10.6 17.7 15.9 14.1 12.3 10.1 7.0 8.5 3.9	6.8 11.9 14.7 16.1 15.2 12.3 8.3 10.2 4.5	4.8 10.4 15.8 18.0 16.9 13.8 8.2 9.3 2.5	7.4 13.4 12.8 13.4 15.7 10.3 8.7 12.9 5.4	3.7 7.2 7.9 10.7 11.7 15.5 11.4 18.6 13.3	23.5 25.4 18.6 14.0 5.9 4.9 3.3 3.9 0.7	6.3 12.7 18.4 17.7 15.8 15.2 8.2 5.1 0.6	10.9 14.3 15.7 16.4 13.1 8.5 7.5 6.7 6.9	17.6 28.7 18.3 10.2 6.7 5.9 4.4 5.3 2.8	:::	20.2 33.9 18.2 8.6 5.1 6.2 3.6 2.8 1.3	24.1 22.4 15.4 10.1 8.1 6.6 4.2 5.7		10.8 29.5 20.3 11.2 6.8 5.4 5.5 7.1
Median income	\$3,411	\$4,032	\$4,059	\$4,191	\$5,568	\$2,059	\$3,712	\$3,555	\$2,166	•••	\$1,879	\$2,195	•••	\$2,478
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS	- 1		,							1				
Total, by reason for part- year work or not working	100.0	40.5	13.9	6.2	6.1	6.6	2.5	5.2	59.5	1.9	12.6	29.5	1.4	14.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	:	100.0	100.0		100.0
Under \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,999. \$4,000 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 and over.	51.3 26.2 9.3 5.3 3.7 2.1 0.8 0.7 0.6	35.0 25.3 15.2 9.2 7.9 4.5 1.2 0.5	27.6 26.2 24.2 9.3 6.3 4.8 0.4 1.2	36.5 23.9 14.8 11.7 9.1 3.0 0.9	16.8 15.3 13.9 15.3 17.3 9.9 3.5 4.5 3.5	49.6 27.7 7.9 6.6 3.3 3.3 1.2 0.4		44.3 27.6 7.4 4.9 8.9 3.4 3.4	62.4 26.9 5.3 2.6 0.8 0.6 0.5 0.4		72.3 21.5 3.9 1.3 0.4 0.6	64.4 26.1 4.0 2.7 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.5		46.0 34.9 9.3 4.0 1.6 0.4 1.4 0.8 1.6
Median income	\$975	\$1,465	\$1,855	\$1,565	\$3,261	\$1,014		\$1,207	\$825		\$692	\$813		\$1,115

¹ Restricted to female family heads. 2 Not available for persons 30 years of age and over. 3 Includes, among others, retirement and service in the Armed Forces.

Table 17.--SOURCE OF INCOME: PARTLIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RUBAL

(Wedlan not shown where base is less than 200,000)

	- 4	Others Income; DO: earnings	. 9	23.28 23.28 23.28 20.00	1000001 6774484	\$1,683	6.7 \$1,748	5.6 \$1,625	81,292
	Wages	self=> self=> employ- ment income, and other	1.3	0,6,4,4,0,4,4 0,6,4,6,4,4,6,4,4,6,4,6,4,6,4,6,4,6,4,6,	3.6 6.4 6.9 8.9 8.9	\$5,564	3.5	4.6 \$6,176	14.6
earmings	Income ome	Farm: self. employ- ment: throme and other.	-	# 7 4 4 4 4 4 0 # 5 6 8 5 6 8 9	1000000	\$2,159	0.1	3:	10.0
Barnings and income other than earnings	Self-employment income and other income	Nonferm self- employ- ment income and other	6	41114444444444444444444444444444444444	6.1 6.1 1.1 1.1 7.1	\$5,101	2.4	2.4	2.0
and Income	Self.e	Total		2.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	9.6.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	\$3,792	2.5	2.9	11.6
Barnings	ن	Wages or selary and other	. 2.	2,52 2,53 2,53 2,53 2,53 2,53 3,53 3,53	23.24.48.23 23.44.83.23 1.66.23	\$5,393	34.5	30.5 \$5,190	11.5
		Total	o,	1,50 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00	26.14.60 2.14.60 2.14.60 2.14.60	\$5,287	40.5	38.0	377
	self.	Wages or salary and farm self employment income only	ď	8477748 6004477748	22.2 22.1 1.5 1.5 0.9	\$2,961	0.1	1.2	20.3 \$2,761
	Wages or salary and self- employment income	Wages or salary and nonfarm self-employment income only	o	8 4 9 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	446467	\$5,968	3.7	5.0	1.8
	Mages o	Total ³	o v	11.3 6.1 6.1 6.1 6.9	000 n 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	74 ,825	3.9	\$5,190	23.3
Earnings only	at	Farm self- employ- ment tracome only	. 4	74 74 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	0.100000	\$1,855	1:0	 	12.8 \$1,678
Barni	Self-employment income only	Nonfarm self- employ- ment income		41.01.0.0.0.0. 20.01.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.	6.1.6.4.4.0.4.6.4.6.4.6.4.6.4.6.4.6.4.6.4.6	\$5,431	3.2	3.2	1:
_	ŭ	Total ²	3	0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 0,0	1.2 2.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5	*4, 128	3.3 \$5,651	3.7	15.2 \$2,071
		Wages or salary only			22.7 22.7 22.7 24.0 24.0 24.0 24.0 24.0 24.0 24.0 24.0	\$5,474	44.8	45.9	18.2 \$3,3%
		Total	63	848 936 936 937 937 937 937 937 937 937 937 937 937	52.0 57.8 58.8 58.8 59.1 57.1 57.1	\$5,333	52.0 \$5,725	56.0 \$5,268	56.7 \$2,738
		Total ¹	8		100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	\$5,087	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Total money income	UNITED STATES	Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499.	84,000 to \$4,499. 84,500 to \$4,999. 85,000 to \$5,999. 87,000 to \$5,999. 810,000 to \$1,999.	Median income	UTBAN All families Median income	RURAL NONFARM All families Median income	KURAL PARM All families

京のはまれては、張松孝 は lincludes a relatively small number of families reporting no money inoune, not shown separately.

* Includes a relatively small number of families reporting both farm and roadfarm self-angloyment thouse, not shown separately.

* Includes a relatively small number of families reporting income from wages or salary, and from both nonfarm and farm self-angloyment, not shown separately.

* Includes a relatively small number of families reporting income other than earnings and both nonfarm and farm self-angloyment income, not shown separately.

Table 18.--REGION AND COLOR: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

Total money income	·	United States		Northeast	North		South		West
Total money income	Total	White	Nonwhite	Northeast	Central	Total	White	Nomehite	West
PAMILIES									
				· ·					
United States				•	1 1				
Total	44,202	40,209	3,993	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(!)	(¹)
Numberthousands	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500	2,6	2.2	6.8	1.7	2.0	4.2	3,2	9.7	1.9
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	3.0 3.9	3.3	9.6 10.5	1.3 2.3	2.5 3.4	5.8 6.6	4.2 5.1	14.1	1.5 2.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999	4.8 5.1	4.4	9.4 10.6	3.9 3.5	4.7	6.4 7.3	5.4 6.3	11.6	3.6 4.5
32,500 to \$2,999	4.7	. 4.4	7.1	3.6	4.3	6.3	6.2	7.1	4.0
13.00 to \$1,499. 11,500 to \$1,499. 12,500 to \$2,499. 12,500 to \$2,499. 13,500 to \$3,499.	5.3 5.9	5.2 5.8	6.9 6.7	4.6 5.6	5.6 6.4	6.0	5.7 6.2	7.5 5.0	4.6 5.1
34,000 to \$4,499	6.9 6.5	6.9. 6.7	7.4	7.6 7.0	7.4 7.1	6.6	7.0	4.8	5.7
4,500 to \$4,999	13.7	14.4	7.5	15.9	14.3	11.4	5.9 12.7	2.5 4.6	7.3 13.8
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	10.7 16.8	11.3 17.9	4.6 5.8	12.3 18.6	10.9 17.1	9.0 12.6	10.2 14.6	2.8	11.0 21.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	7.6 1.9	8.1 2.0	2.0	9.1 2.4	7.5 1.8	4.9	5.7	1.0	10.2
\$15,000 to \$24,999	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.4	. 0.1	. 0.6
sedian income	\$5,087	\$5,300	\$2,711	\$5,560	\$5,154	\$4,106	\$4,565	\$2,014	\$5,674
Head year-round full-time worker			-						
Percent of total	62.0 \$5,980	63.7 \$6,118	44.8 \$3,921	64.0 \$6,298	62.9 \$5,938	59.5 \$5,317	62.8 \$ 5,623	43.0 \$2,841	61.4 \$6,756
Urban					· .				
dedian income	\$5,469	\$5,679	\$3,392	\$5,595	\$5,555	\$4,679	\$5,192	\$2,569	\$5,970
Rural Nonfarm			*			,			
edian income	\$5,048	\$5,211	\$2,361	\$5,704	\$5,034	\$4,424	\$4,777	\$2,068	\$5,342
Rural Farm				٠	* . * .		1.7 4		
edian income	\$2,747	\$3,025	\$1,123	\$3,848	\$3,305	\$2,055	. \$2,411	\$1,089	\$4,130
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS									
United States		•				, .	**	•	
Total	• .								•
umberthousands	10,751	9,124	1,627	(¹)	(1)	(1)	(¹)	(2)	(¹)
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Inder \$500	17.6 19.3	16.9 18.4	23.2	16.4 16.4	16.6 20.6	23.7	21.3 21.6	30.0	13.7
11.000 to \$1.499	13.4	13.3	14.0	13.0	12.3	24.4 12.9	11.9	31.9 15.3	14.7 16.1
1,500 to \$1,999	7.9 6.9	7.9 6.8	7.5 7.9	9.2 8.4	8.3 7.3	6.6 6.0	7.6 6.1	3.6 5.7	7.3 5.6
2,500 to \$2,999	5,1	4.9	6.6	6.5	4.5	4.1	4.4	3.2	5.7
3,000 to \$3,499	5.2	6.1 5.5	5.9 3.1	7.7 5.3	5.7 5.5	4.8 3.9	5.5 4.5	3.0 2.3	5.7 6.0
4,000 to \$4,499	4.4	4.6	3.2	4.2	3.7	3.9	.4,5	2.6	6.2
4,500 to \$4,999	3.2 4.4	3.6 4.8	0.7 1.7	3.1 4.2	3.5 4.7	2.4 3.3	3.3 4.2	0.9	4.2 5.6
6,000 to \$6,999	2,6	2.8	0.9	2.7	3.1	1.5	1.8	0.6	3.0
7,000 to \$9,999	2.1 1.2	2.4 1.4	0.5	1.8	2,1 1.8	1.4	1.7 1.4	0.6	3.6 1.4
15,000 to \$24,999	0.4 [0.5	.0.1	0.2	0,3	0.1	0.2	- ::	1.3
25,000 and over	91 486	0.1 \$1,592	\$1,080	0.1 \$1,728	0.1 \$1,530	\$1,074	97.200	\$813	0,1
Year-round full-time	\$1,486	42,552	\$1,000	\$1,720	41,550	41, 074	\$1,298		\$1,877
worker ercent of total	37.9	37.8	37.1	39,8			2/1	20.4	·
edian income	\$3,418	\$3,572	\$2,297	\$3,381	36.9 \$3,487	33.6 \$2,701	34.1 \$3,125	32.4	41.1 \$3,935
. <u>Urban</u>]							
edian income	\$1,734	\$1,860	\$1,250	\$1,802	\$1,914	\$1,269	\$1,524	\$ 929	\$2,091
Rural Nonfarm									
edian income	\$1,116	\$1,189	•••	\$1,616	\$968	\$909	\$1,037	•••	\$1,317
	\$835	0.10						ľ	•
1 Comparable figures not available.	6000	\$919	•••	••••	\$944	\$587	•••		•••

Comparable figures not available.

Table 19.--TOTAL INCOME, 1944 TO 1958: FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS IN HOUSEHOLDS BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(The figures in this table are limited to families and individuals living in dwelling units only, to facilitate historical comparisons. The small number of families and individuals residing in hotels, lodging houses, and similar places are excluded here. Percent not shown where less than 0.1)

Total money income	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	. 1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS							* *		,		• . ;				t :
United States	٠.				-			٠ _							
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0	100.0
Under \$500	4.9 6.1 5.7 5.4 5.4 4.8 5.5	5.4 6.5 5.6 5.2 5.5 4.6 5.7 5.9	5.7 6.6 5.6 5.3 5.6 5.1 6.2 6.1	6.2 7.2 6.3 5.6 5.8 5.5 7.4 6.7	7.5 7.4 6.3 5.9 5.8 6.4 7.3 7.4	7.6 6.7 5.7 5.5 6.2 7.6 7.6	7.0 7.5 6.5 6.1 7.1 7.2 9.2 8.2	7.8 7.4 5.9 6.5 7.9 7.6 9.5	9.4 8.4 6.9 7.3 9.0 8.5 10.7 8.1	9.4 9.1 7.9 7.9 10.2 9.8 10.1 7.8	7.9 8.3 8.0 7.8 10.2 9.6 10.7 8.1	8.4 8.7 9.0 11.0 9.9 10.1	•••	10.0 9.5 9.1 12.0 12.4 11.5 9.3 6.0	11.9 11.3 11.5 10.6 11.2 9.5 9.4 6.7
\$4,000 to \$4,499\$ \$4,500 to \$4,999\$ \$5,000 to \$5,999\$ \$6,000 to \$6,999\$ \$7,000 to \$9,999\$ \$10,000 to \$14,999\$ \$15,000 to \$14,999\$ \$25,000 and over\$ Median income	6.5 6.0 12.1 9.3 14.2 6.4 1.6 0.4 \$4,500	6.9 6.2 12.8 8.9 13.8 5.5 1.2 0.4	7.4 6.3 12.0 8.4 13.1 5.0 1.2 0.5	7.4 6.4 11.1 8.2 10.9 4.1 0.8 0.4 \$3,948	7.5 6.3 10.4 7.3 9.4 3.7 0.9 0.3	7.6 6.4 11.3 6.9 9.8 3.4 0.9 0.3	7.2 6.4 10.2 6.4 7.6 2.4 0.7 0.4 \$3,467	8.1 5.7 9.3 5.9 6.4 2.0 1.1 \$3,368	6.9 5.0 7.7 4.4 4.9 2.8	5.9 4.5 6.8 4.0 4.3 2.3	6.7 4.7 7.1 8.5 2.5	6.0 4.2 6.7 7.7 2.5		5.0 3.4 5.3 -5.3 1.3	4.2 3.7 4.1 4.2 1.6
Urban and Rural Nonfarm	4.,200	4.,	4.,25	42,7	75,150	42,100	, , , , ,	72,55	,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	,-,			
Median income	\$4, 745	\$ 4,648	\$4,468	\$4,195	\$3,949	\$3,98 <u>1</u>	\$3,611	\$3,546	\$3,188	\$2,989	\$3,101	\$2,900	\$2,659	\$2,595	\$2,410
Median income	\$2,486	\$2,274	\$2,149	\$1,937 :	\$1,803	\$1,926	\$2,011	\$1,953	\$1,790	\$1,462	\$1,861	\$1,781	(-(1)		157,157
FAMILIES			. 1												, t.'.
United States Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0	100.0
Under \$500	2.6 3.0 4.0 4.8 5.1 4.7 5.3 5.8	3.0 3.4 4.0 4.4 5.1 4.5 5.7 6.1	3.2 3.3 4.4 4.5 5.1 5.1 6.2 6.3	3.4 4.3 5.0 4.9 5.5 7.4 7.2	4.6 4.2 5.6 5.4 5.5 6.4 7.6 7.9	4.7 3.9 4.9 5.0 5.7 6.0 7.6 8.2	4.1 4.4 5.3 5.5 6.7 7.5 9.8 8.8	4.4 4.8 5.3 6.1 7.6 7.8 9.9 9.8	5.8 5.7 6.2 7.0 9.0 8.9 11.6 9.0	5.9 6.2 7.2 7.6 10.2 10.4 11.2 8.8	4.8 5.8 7.1 7.4 10.4 10.1 11.6 9.1	4.3 6.4 7.8 8.8 11.3 10.7 11.4 8.3	::	5.8 7.7 8.4 12.1 13.0 12.5 10.3 7.0	7.5 9.5 10.2 10.4 11.7 10.6 11.0
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$25,000 and over Median income:	6.9 6.5 13.7 10.7 16.8 7.6 1.9 0.5	7.3 6.8 14.5 10.3 16.3 6.5 1.4 0.5	8.0 6.8 13.7 9.8 15.6 5.9 1.5 0.5	8.1 7.3 12.7 9.5 12.9 4.8 0.9 0.5	8.4 7.2 11.9 8.5 11.1 4.4 1.0 0.4 \$4,167	8.6 7.3 13.2 8.2 11.6 4.1 1.0 0.3	8.2 7.2 11.9 7.5 9.0 2.8 0.9 0.4 \$3,889	9.2 6.4 10.8 6.8 7.6 2.4 1.2	7.9 5.7 9.0 5.2 5.8 3.2 \$3,319	6.8 5.3 7.8 4.7 5.1 2.6	7.6 5.4 8.1 9.8 2.8	6.9 4.8 7.7 8.9 2.7		5.8 3.9 6.1 6.1 1.4 \$2,621	5.0 4.3 5.0 5.1 1.8 \$2,533
Urban and Rural Nonfarm	* \$5,331	\$5,232	\$5,061	\$4,705	\$4,406	\$4,462	\$4,1 11	\$3,913	\$3,497	\$3,324	\$3,391	\$3,207	\$2,981	\$2,857	\$2,794
Rural Farm .	\$ 2,738	\$2,495	\$2,375	\$2,117	\$1,968	\$2,131	\$2,226	\$2,131	\$1,970	\$1,587	\$2,034	\$1,958	(1)	\$1,410	\$1,272
UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS .			•	,											
United States					·										
Total Under \$500. \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,499.	100.0 15.3 19.9 13.5 7.9 7.1 5.3 6.2 5.3	100.0 16.1 20.6 12.7 8.5 7.3 5.5 5.7 5.2	100.0 17.4 22.2 11.6 9.2 7.7 5.2 6.1 5.0	100.0 19.9 22.1 12.9 8.9 7.5 5.5 7.3 4.1	100.0 21.9 23.5 10.2 8.4 7.5 6.8 5.9 5.0	100.0 21.7 20.6 9.7 8.1 9.7 7.4 7.7	100.0 20.2 21.6 12.3 9.1 9.3 5.9 6.6 5.4	100.0 25.5 21.2 9.0 9.4 6.6 7.3 4.6	100.0 28.1 22.2 10.5 9.0 9.3 6.3 5.7 3.5	100.0 27.1 23.6 11.0 9.5 9.9 6.9 4.5 2.8	100.0 26.0 22.9 13.0 10.0 9.4 6.1 5.5	100.0 31.0 19.7 13.4 10.5 9.3 5.5 3.3 2.7		100.0 34.2 19.7 13.6 11.6 8.9 5.5 3.4 0.6	100.0 31.6 19.2 17.3 11.3 9.1 4.6 2.6 1.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over.	4.6 3.3 4.7 2.7 2.2 1.3 0.3 0.1 \$1,582	4.9 3.3 4.7 2.2 2.2 1.0 0.2 \$1,535	4.5 3.5 3.9 1.6 1.3 0.4 0.1 0.2 \$1,448	3.5 2.1 2.7 1.9 1.1 0.4 0.2 0.2 \$1,310	3.1 1.9 3.0 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.2 0.1 \$1,225	2.9 2.5 2.2 0.9 0.8 0.3 0.3 0.5 \$1,397	2.6 2.4 2.1 1.0 0.3 0.2 \$1,332	-	2.0 1.1 1.0 0.4 0.5 0.4 \$992	1.9 0.4 1.4 0.4 0.3 0.4		1.1 0.8 0.9 0.8 1.0		0.3 0.7 0.3 0.8 0.3 \$899	0.9 0.7 0.4 0.5 0.4 \$979
Urban and Rural Nonfarm Median income Rural Farm	\$1, 677	\$1, 633	\$1,522	\$1,371	\$1,312	\$1,489	\$1,410	\$1,285	\$1,079	\$1,042	\$1,148	\$1,077	\$1,105	\$976	\$1,057
Median income	\$847	\$828	\$723	\$635	\$583	\$589	\$665	\$733	\$532	\$500	\$533	\$582	(1)	\$401	\$461

¹ Comparable figures not available..

Table 20.--TYPE OF INCOME IN 1958: FAMILIES AND UNKREATED INDIVIDUALS BY WAGE OR SALARY INCOME, NONFARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, FARM SELF-EMPLOYMENT INCOME, AND INCOME OTHER THAN EARNINGS, FOR THE UNITED STATES

										· 		
	Wage o	or salary	income	Nonfer	n self-emp income	loyment	Ferm sel	f-employme	nt income	Íncome o	ther than	earnings
Income	Families and un- related indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Families end un- related indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Families and un- related indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals	Families and un- related indi- viduals	Fami- lies	Unre- lated indi- viduals
Numberthousands Number with specified type of incomethousands	54,953 43,074	44,202 36,942	10,751	54,953 5,991	44,202 5,510	10,751	54,953 3,848	44,202 3,568	10,751	54,953 25,250	44,202 19,923	10,751 5,327
Percent of those with specified type of income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$500. \$300 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$7,000 to \$7,999. \$10,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$1,999. \$115,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over.	6.7 4.8 4.0 5.4 4.8 6.1 6.0 7.5 6.4 13.1 9.5 14.4 5.6	5.7 3.6 3.6 4.7 5.7 5.8 7.6 6.6 14.1 10.5 16.2 6.3 1.2	12.6 11.3 9.8 9.1 9.5 7.0 7.2 7.1 6.7 3.1 3.2 1.5	22.5. 8.3 6.1 4.4 5.6 4.1 5.1 4.3 7.5 4.6 6.3 2.5	22.0 7.3 5.8 4.3 5.6 4.2 5.5 3.3 8.0 6.6 6.6 6.1 1.7	28.5 20.7 9.9 6.0 3.0 4.5 5.1 2.4 1.8 4.2 0.9 2.4	40.6 11.9 12.0 5.7 7.0 4.1 3.5 2.7 3.1 1.5 2.3 1.9 1.8 1.2	40.5 11.4 12.2 5.9 7.2 4.2 3.5 2.8 3.2 1.5 2.4 1.9 2.0 1.1	43.0 19.2 10.9 3.1 4.7 3.6 4.1 1.0 2.6 1.6 1.0 1.6	36.9 25.2 15.0 9.7 5.0 2.6 1.8 1.1 0.6 0.3 0.6 0.3 0.4 0.3	38.2 22.5 14.4 10.5 5.5 2.7 2.0 1.2 0.7 0.3 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.3	31.6 35.6 17.2 6.5 3.1 2.0 0.9 1.0 0.5 0.2 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3
Nedian income of specified type for those with such income	\$4,516	\$4,885	\$2,485	\$2,878	\$3,088	\$1,045	\$895	\$916	\$682	\$760	\$ 761	\$ 758

Table 21.--SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS--1958, 1951, AND 1939: MEDIAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME OF PRIMARY FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH WAGE OR SALARY INCOME, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Characteristics of primary family or individual	1958	1951	1939	Characteristics of primary family	1958	1951	1939
COLOR	,			SIZE OF FAMILY			
White families and individuals Nonethite families and individuals	\$4,882 2,437	\$3,673 1,943	\$1,325 489	2 persons	\$4,362 4,897 5,344 5,252 4,592	\$3,365 3,694 3,891 3,952 3,556	\$1,219 1,297 1,374 1,322 1,134
SEX, MARITAL STATUS, AND AGE OF HEAD	i	•				, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Families with male head, married, wife present	\$5,107	\$3,773	\$1,319	FAMILIES BY NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE		,	:
Age of nead: Under 35 years	4,843 5,593 5,594 4,221 3,987 2,865	3,665 4,111 3,957 3,303 3,412 2,407	1,171 1,449 1,481 1,243 1,159 909	None	\$4,732 4,961 5,203 4,724	\$3,662 3,662 3,761 3,544	\$1,368 1,315 1,288 956

Table 22.--PLACE OF RESIDENCE: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN (BY SIZE OF PLACE) AND RURAL

					Urb	in					
Total money income and sex	Total			Urbanized	lareas		Places	not in urb	panized	Rural	Rural
TOTAL MANEY THOUSE WIN SOL	Ioual	Total	Total	1,000,000 or more	250,000 to 1,000,000	Under 250,000	Total	25,000 or . more	Under 25,000	nonfarm	farm
								İ		:	
BOTH SEXES											
Number of personsthousands	121,373	75,597	54,310	(¹)	(1)	(1)	21,287	(1)	(¹)	31,213	14,563
lumber of persons with income thousands.	86,883	55,178	39,321	(1)	(1)	· (¹)	15,857	(2)	(1)	22,042	9,663
		13,213			` ,			, ,		,	14 14 1
Income Recipients	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
088	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	- 0,2	0.3	100.0	0.2	0.4	0.4	1.4
11 to \$499	16,2 11,8 8,3 6,7 6,9 5,5 6,5	13.0 11.3 8.3 6.5 7.0 5.8 7.0 6.2	11.5 10.5 8.0 6.3 6.7 5.8 7.0 6.4	10.3 10.0 7.7 5.7 6.4 5.7 6.8 6.7	13.0 11.1 8.4 6.7 7.2 5.8 7.1 5.7	12.9 11.3 8.4 7.2 6.8 6.2 7.5 6.4	16.6 13.0 8.9 7.2 7.8 5.7 6.8 5.7	14.5 11.4 9.1 7.5 7.6 5.2 7.5 6.2	17.5 13.6 8.8 7.1 7.8 5.8 6.5 5.5	17.5 12.1 7.6 6.4 6.3 4.6 6.2 5.5	30.1 14.4 9.6 8.4 7.5 6.0 4.1
4,000 to \$4,499	6.2 4.8 8.2 5.0 5.1 1.9 0.6	6.7 5.0 9.1 5.4 5.5 2.2 0.7 0.3	7.0 5.2 10.0 5.8 5.9 2.4 0.8 0.4	7.4 5.2 10.6 6.4 6.4 2.9 1.1	6.5 4.7 9.3 5.4 5.7 2.4 0.5 0.3	6.8 5.9 9.0 4.7 4.8 1.2 0.5	5.8 4.3 6.9 4.3 4.6 1.5 0.4	6.0 5.0 6.9 5.0 5.7 1.5 0.4 0.2	5.8 4.1 6.9 4.1 4.2 1.5 0.4 0.2	6.3 5.2 8.3 5.5 5.6 1.7 0.6 0.1	3.3 2.8 3.3 1.7 1.8 0.8 0.3
Median income	\$2,474	\$2,818	\$3,071	\$3,288	\$2,803	\$2,762	\$2,252	\$2,477	\$2,169	\$2,480	\$1,178
Year-Round Full-Time Workers						•					
Percent of all income recipients	45.9 \$4,374	46.9 \$4,556	48.6 \$4,711	49.5 \$4,896	47.9 \$4,590	46.8 \$4,414	42.8 \$4,221	43.8 \$4,424	42.5 \$4,150	44.7 \$4,530	43.5 \$2,399
MALE						•					
number of personsthousands tumber of persons with income thousands	58,378 53,543	35,480 32,715	25,510 23,449	(1)	(1) · (1)	. (¹) (¹)	9,970 9,266	(1)	(¹)	.15,303 14,126	7,595 6,702
Income Recipients				[٠.	,
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
loss 4499 15:00 to \$499 11,000 to \$1,499 11,500 to \$1,499 12,000 to \$1,999 12,000 to \$2,499 12,500 to \$2,999 13,000 to \$3,499 13,500 to \$3,499	0.5 9.0 7.4 6.7 5.6 6.0 5.2 6.5	0.3 6.4 6.1 6.3 4.7 5.6 5.2 6.7 7.0	0.2 5.4 5.4 6.0 4.3 5.2 4.8 6.4 7.1	0.2 5.1 5.3 5.7 3.6 4.7 4.5 5.8 7.3	0.2 6.3 5.3 6.5 5.3 5.9 4.9 6.6 6.3	0.2 5.1 5.5 6.0 5.3 6.0 5.7 7.6 7.5	0.4 9.0 8.0 7.0 5.7 6.6 6.0 7.6 6.7	0.2 7.8 6.5 7.0 6.0 6.2 5.5 8.0 7.0	0.4 9.4 8.6 7.0 5.6 6.7 6.1 7.4 6.6	0.4 8.8 7.4 5.9 5.8 5.4 4.5 6.3	2.0 20.8 13.0 10.5 9.2 8.9 7.0 5.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$9,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999.	7.9 6.6 12.1 7.6 8.1 3.0 1.0	8.5 7.0 13.7 8.3 9.0 3.5 1.2 0.5	8.6 7.2 15.0 8.9 9.6 3.9 1.4	8.7 6.8 15.5 9.7 10.1 4.5 1.8 0.7	8.4 6.6 14.2 8.1 9.7 4.1 0.8 0.6	8.8 8.7 14.5 7.8 8.3 2.0 0.8 0.3	8.1 6.6 10.6 6.9 7.5 2.6 0.6	8.2 7.3 10.1 7.5 9.2 2.5 0.6 0.4	8.1 6.3 10.7 6.6 6.8 2.6 0.6 0.3	8.5 7.2 12.2 8.4 8.7 2.7 1.0	4.3 3.8 4.7 2.4 2.5 1.1 0.4 0.1
fedian income	\$3,742	\$4,099	\$4,303	\$4,450	\$4,155	\$4,067	. \$3,485	\$3,699	\$3,408	\$3,922	\$1,699
Year-Round Full-Time Workers					· ·						
Percent of all income recipients	57.4 \$4,948	58.0 \$5,254	59.6 \$5,385	59.9 \$5,524	59.1 \$5,340	58.9 \$5,039	54.3 \$4,834	56.6 \$4,970	53.5 \$4,779	56.7 \$5,070	56.3 \$2,452

¹ Comparable figures not available.

Table 22.--PLACE OF RESIDENCE: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN (BY SIZE OF PLACE) AND RURAL---Com.

Total money income and sex	Total			Urbanize	d areas		Places	not in uri	banized	Rural	Rural
		Total	Total	1,000,000 or more	250,000 to 1,000,000	Under 250,000	Total	25,000 or more	Under 25,000	nonfarm	farm
PEMALE									÷		
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with income	62,995	40,117	28,800	(1)	(1)	(¹)	11,317	(¹)	(1)	15,910	6,968
thousands	33,340	22,463	15,872	(¹)	· (1)	(¹)	6,591	(¹)	(¹)	7,916	2,961
Income Recipients Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Loss	0.3 27.3 18.7 10.6 8.5 8.3 5.9 6.6 4.4	0.3 22.1 18.3 11.0 9.1 8.9 6.6 7.3	0.2 20.0 17.7 10.8 9.0 8.7 7.2 8.0	0.2 17.9 16.9 10.5 9.0 9.0 7.5 8.3 5.8	0.2 21.7 18.6 10.8 8.6 8.9 6.9 7.8 4.9	0.3 22.9 18.7 11.5 9.6 7.8 6.8 7.4	0.3 27.1 19.8 11.5 9.2 9.4 5.3 5.6 4.3	0.3 24.0 18.3 12.2 9.8 9.7 4.8 6.9	0.3 28.2 20.3 11.2 9.0 9.3 5.4 5.2 4.1	0.4 32.3 20.1 10.5 7.4 7.9 4.8 6.1 3.5	0.1 52.3 17.3 8.3 6.9 4.4 3.9 3.0
\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over. Median income	3.5 1.9 2.2 1.0 0.6 0.2 0.1	4.2 2.1 2.7 1.2 0.7 0.3 0.1	4.8 2.5 3.0 1.4 0.7 0.3 0.1 	5.4 2.7 3.5 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.1 0.1 \$1,744	4.1 2.1 2.9 1.7 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.1	4.2 2.4 2.1 0.8 0.3 0.1	2.7 1.3 1.8 0.9 0.6 0.1	2.8 1.9 2.2 1.4 0.7 0.2	2.7 1.1 1.7 0.7 0.6 0.1 	2.6 1.7 1.6 0.6 0.4 0.1 0.1	0.9 0.5 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.1
Year-Round Full-Time Workers						, ,	, -,		,-y-22		44.0
Percent of all income recipients Median income	28.4 \$3,101	31.4 \$ 3,216	33.2 \$3,325	33.8 \$3,427	33.2 \$3,281	31.4 \$3,114	27.4 \$2,856	26.1 \$3,149	27.9 \$2,757	24.9 \$ 2,8 50	15,2 \$2,136

¹ Comparable figures not available.

Table 23.--RESIDENCE AND COLOR: MEDIAN INCOME IN 1958 OF PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL

Residence		Male			Female	
Residence	Total	White	Nomwhite	Total	White	Nonwhite
UNITED STATES ¹						
Number of persons with incomethousands	58,378 53,543	52,625 48,423	5,753 5,120	62,995 33,340	56,551 29,205	6,444 4,135
Median income for persons with income	\$3,742	\$3,976	\$1,981	\$1,176	\$1,279	\$750
URBAN	į	,				•
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with incomethousands	35,480 32,715	31,652 29,288	3,828 3,427	40,117 22,463	35,595 19,542	4,522 2,921
Median income for persons with income	\$4,099	\$4,285	\$2,710	\$1,423	\$1,518	\$969
RURAL NONFARM					Ì	
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with incomethousands	15,303 14,126	14,363 13,288	940 838	15,910 7,916	14,892 7,238	1,018 678
Median income for persons with income	\$ 3,922	\$4,084	\$1,612	\$932	\$985	\$463
RURAL FARM						
Number of personsthousands	.7,595 6,702	6,610 5,847	985 .855	6,968 2,961	6,064 2,425	904 536
Median income for persons with income	\$1,699	\$1,980	\$552	\$476	\$61.3	\$299

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ Distributions by income level appear in table 37.

·												
		Age (years) 25 to 34 35 to 44										
					25 to 34	* :		35 to 44				
Total money income and sex	Total	14 to 19	20 to 24	m-4-1	Veteran of	Not a		Veteran of	Not a veteran	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over
				Total	World War II	of World War II	Total	World War II	of World War II			
UNITED STATES												
Male ;] .									Ì	
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with income	58,378	7,385	. 4,678	11,070	3,822	7,248	11,416	7,458	3,958	9,827	.7,232	6,770
thousands	53,543	3,787	4,400	10,898	3,795	7,103	11,294	7,415	3,879	9,643	7,006	6,515
Income recipients										` `	7.4.474	113
Percent	0.5	0.1	100.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	100.0	0.3	0,6	1.1	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499	9.0 7.4 6.7	65.0 17.5 6.5	8.8 11.4 10.7	2.3 2.9 3.9	0.7 1.2 2.2	3.1 3.8 4.8	2.2 2.2 2.6	1.2 1.3 1.7	3.9	3.7 4.3	5.6	20.7
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	5.6	3.6 2.5	9.8	4.1	3.1	4.6	3.8 3.8	2.9 3.2	4.4 5.4 5.1	3.8 3.8 6.0	6.4 5.2 6.1	20.8 12.6 8.6
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	5.2 6.5	1.4	9.0	5.3 7.5	4.6 5.7	5.7 8.5	4.6 6.4	4.0 5.9	5.8 7.2	5.1 6.7	6.1	5.3 5.0
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7.9	0.9	7.8	10.5	10.0	9.0	6.9 9.6	6.8 9.3	10.3	8.8	7.0 8.6	3.6
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	6.6 12.1	0.5	3.7 5.6	10.0 17.0	10.2 18.7	9.9	8.7 16.7	9.2 17.9	7.7	6.7	6.8	2.9
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	7.6 8.1	0.i	2.3 1.8	10.1 9.1	13.3 13.6	8.3 6.6	11.2 14.1	13.3 15.6	7.3	9.8 10.2	8.1 8.1	2.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	1.0	:::	0.1	2.2 0.7	3.3 1.0	1.6 0.5	4.8 1.4	5.3 1.6	3.9	5.2 1.8	3.5 1.6	0.4
\$25,000 and over	0.4 \$3,742	\$384	\$2,3%	0.1 \$4,459	0.2 \$5,010	0.1 \$4,171	0.4 \$ 4,924	0.4 \$5,225	94,306	0.9 \$4,501	\$3,968	\$1,488
Year-round full-time	40,112		,	V.,,	\$3,020	7,,-1-	4 1,324	,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,			42,400
workers Percent of all income recipients	57.4	8.3	43.4	69.5	: .		n. a	ļ				
Median income	\$4,948	\$1,833	\$3,462	\$5,046	76.0 \$5,453	65.8 \$ 4,804	74.8 \$5,384	77.1 \$5,609	70.4 \$ 4,844	71.7 \$5,177	64.7 \$4,721	18.4 \$3,561
<u>Female</u>	·	ļ.				_						
Number of personsthousands	62,995	7,595	5,460	11,630	(1)	(1)	12,027	(1)	(1) ,	10,308	7,838	8,137
thousands	33,340	3,199	3,327	5,221	(¹)	(1)	5,937	(1)	(1)	5,606	4,101	7 5,949
Income recipients Percent	100.0	100 0	100.0	100.0	(1)	43			(1)			
Loss	0.3	100.0	0.1	0.2	(¹) 	(1)	100.0	(1)	(1)	0.4	0.4	0.2
\$1 to \$499 \$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	27.3 18.7 10.6	67.7 14.1 5.1	23.3 13.9 11.2	25.1 11.9 9.4		•••	20.1 12.7		•••	19.1 12.1	24.3 18.1	26.0 43.0
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	8.5	4.3	10.5	9.8	•••	:::	11.0 9.0 10.0	•••	•••	10.7 10.0 11.2	11.2 8.2 8.0	13.9 6.6 2.9
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	5.9 6.6	2.5 1.3	9.8 9.4	8.0 8.7			7.2 9.1			7.0	5.7 6.7	1.6
\$3,500 to \$3,999:	4.4	0.6	5.2	5.4	•••	•••	6.3	•••	•••	6.4	4.3	1.2
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999	3.5 1.9 2.2	0.1 0.1 0.1	3.4 1.4 0.8	5.1 3.0 2.2	•••	:::	4.8 3.1 3.6	•••	***	2.7	1.8	0.6 0.3
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	1.0		0.1	0.5	•••		1.7	•••		3.4 1.8 1.3	3.4 2.0 1.2	0.8 0.4 0.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	0.2 0.1		0.1	0.1			0.2			0.3	0.5	0.2
\$25,000 and over	\$1,176	3 370	\$1,572	\$1,671	•••		\$1,817	•••		 \$1,884	0.1	••• \$776
Year-round full-time	,	, ,,,	-,,,,,,,,	-, -,-,-			4-9011	"		41,004	\$1,326	φ//O
workers			<u>. </u>			ļ						
Percent of all income recipients	28.4 \$3,101	8.2 \$ 2,358	35.1 \$2,918	33.1 \$3,163	:::	:::	38.4 \$3,257		:::	42.1 \$3,178	31.1 \$3,104	5.8 \$2,291

¹ Veteran status of women not obtained.

₹ 3

Table 24. -- ACE AND VETERAN STATUS: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF ACE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RURAL--Com.

		Age (years)										
	Total	Age (Years)								· ·	T	
Total momey income and sex		14 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 34			35 to 44					
				Total	Veteran of World War II	Not a veteran of World War II	Total	Veteran of World War II	Not a veteran of World War II	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and over
URBAN											, _e e-	
Male	,					<u> </u>						
umber of personsthousands	35,480	4,072	2,915	6,670	2,344	4,326	6,889	4,598	2,291	6,153	4,647	4,134
thousands	32,715 \$4,099	2,037 \$418	2,770 \$2,558	6,577 \$4,567	2,324 \$5,058	4,253 \$4,300	6,807 \$5,151	4,561 \$5,357	2,246 \$4,657	6,058 \$5,029	4,485 \$4,419	3,981 \$1,669
	41,077			.,,	45,050	4.7200	40,00	,	4.,22.	45,000	,,,	V _,
Female mber of personsthousands	40,117	4,456	3,630	6,844	(1)	(1)	7,539	(1)	(1)	6,867	5,281	5,500
mber of persons with income thousands.	22,463	1,910	2,374	3,359	(1)	(1)	3,986	(2)	(1)	3,861	2,954	4,019
dian income	\$1,423	\$412	\$1,755	\$1,898			\$2,099	•••		\$2,150	\$1,626	\$836
RURAL NONFARM				. !			, •		**			
Male										•		
mber of personsthousands	15,303	1,898	1,176	3,417	1,266	2,151	3,345	2,319	1,026	2,351	1,537	1,579
thousands	14,126 \$3,922	1,020. \$367	1,089 \$2,581	3,375 \$ 4,644	1,259 \$5,153	2,116 \$4,371	3,335 \$5,021	2,316 \$5,328	1,019 \$4,370	2,290 \$4,446	1,497 \$3,709	1,520 \$1,31
	42,1			V. ,	1		V - V				,	, ,
Female mber of personsthousands mber of persons with income	15,910	1,958	1,366	3,738	(±)	(1)	3,167	(1)	(¹)	2,300	1,575	1,806
thousands	7,916	862	71.6	1,455	(1)	(¹)	1,416	(1)	(1).	1,311	789	1,367
dian income	\$932	\$ 330	\$1,284	\$1,436	•••	•••	\$1,462	, •••	•••	\$1,452	\$958	\$708
RURAL PARM			,		,							
Male												
mber of personsthousands	7,595	1,415	587	983	212	7711	1,182	541	641	1,323	1,048	1,057
thousands	6,702	730	541	946	212 \$3,198	734 \$2,159	1,152 \$2,813	538 \$3,369	614 \$2,364	1,295 -\$2,209	1,024 \$1,850	1,014
dian income	\$1,699	\$333	\$1,352	\$2,420	\$2,178	₹,129	كالارعة	لا0دردچ	40€رعة	· фс, соз	,000 t	\$1,20 4
<u>Female</u>						,,						
mber of personsthousands	6,968	1;181	464	1,048	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	1,321	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	1,141	982 358	831 563
thousands	2,961 8476	427 3 303	237 38 65	\$483		(-)	535 8783	(-)		\$584	\$570	\$472

¹ Veteran status of women not obtained.

Table 25. --RELATIONSHIP TO PAMILY HEAD: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGR AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RUBAL

				Male						Female	це		
				In families						In fam	families		
Total momey income	. 6	1		Head		1	Unrelated	į					Unrelated
	1000	iotal in families	Total	Married, wife present	Other marited status	Melative of head	-plainur elen	Total	rotal in families	Head	Wife of head	Other relative of head	individ-
UNITED STATES													
Number of persons with incomethousands	* * *	54,046 49,374	39,870 39,583	38,585	1,285	14,176 9,791	4,332	62,995	56,576 27,577	4,332	38,585 16,446	13,89	6,419
Income Recipients													
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100,0	100,0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Load. 1 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999	00 c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	004422225 33425225	០៧4៧២២២៤ សំសំជាធំរៅសំសំឆាំមាំ	61 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	0 % 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 8 2 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	0.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 1822 8.4.521 11.0.00 6.00	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	25.5 17.9 7.1 7.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6.5 6	0.22 2.21 2.21 2.24 2.24 2.24 2.24 2.24 2
84,000 to 84,499. 84,500 to 84,999. 85,000 to 85,999. 87,000 to 85,999. 810,000 to 814,999. 825,000 and over.	2,5 % U.S. S. 3 3 5 8 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 0 4 4 0	2 5 7 7 9 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	0 6 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 8 8 0 6 4 9 0 .	8 8 8 1 1 1 0	v4.04.04.0 v.u.v.o.a.o.u.u	2.00 · 00.00 ·	4,1,2,0 0,0 0,0 0,0 1,0 1,0 1,0	# 4 # 4 # 4 # 6 # 6 # 6 # 6 # 6 # 6 # 6	E110000 .	40.40000 .	4 6 6 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Median income	\$3,742	\$3,853	\$4,362	\$4 ,402	\$2,537	686\$	\$2,274	\$1,176	#0°7	\$1,686	\$1,19¢	10/4	\$1,442
Year-Round Full-Time Workers Percent of all income recipients.	77.4	78.7 986,39	65.9 \$5,160	66.6 \$5,176	4.76	28.3	44.3 \$3,936	28.4 101,03	27.2 \$3,075	30.0	\$3,065	\$2,995	34.9 \$3,243
URBAN							·						
Number of persons with incomethousandsthousands	32,480 32,715 \$4,099	25, 25 28, 25 28, 28	5,80 18,00 1	2,24 2,98 7,69	827 793 85,4 47	8,342 5,831 \$1,389	3,165	40,117 22,463 \$1,423	7,7,8 17,8,1 18,13	3,219 2,831 \$1,858	22,72 10,239	8,579 4,771 \$898	5,173 4,622 \$1,625
RUBAL NONPARM													
Number of personsthousemis. Number of persons with incomethousemis. Median income.	85,44 81,44 82,92	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	11,178 11,115 14,438	10,922 10,880	25. 25. 25. 25.	3,344	781 739	15,910 7,916 \$932	14,894 6,974 \$919	828 728 \$1,382	10,922	3,144	1,016 942
KOPAL PAIP	•		· ·										
		6,3%	4,719	4,517	202	2,490	33.88	2,961	6,738 2,762	\$ 8 R	1,608	1,936	130
Neglen Income,		#1°17	42,28 5	12,74	:	1017	¥1,079	9. X	4465	\$74.5	878	\$405	

Table 26.--EDUCATION: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OWER BY TOTAL MOMEY INCOME IN 1958, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

		Klem	entary sol	nool	E:	igh schoo	L	,	• • •	College	. ,		
Total money income and sex	Total ¹		Less			1 to			1 to	4 54	pers or m	are .	Hedian years of school
		Total	than 8 years ²	years ;	Total	3 years	years	Total	3 years	Total	4 years	5 years or sore	ploted
MALE			:		•							,	ì
Total, 14 Years and Over			٠.										
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with income thousands	58,378 53,543	21,352 18,950	10,530	9,822	26,079	12,759	13,320 מיס, נו	9,966	4,901	5,065 4,982	2,971 2,943	2,094	10.7
Income recipients	CHCICC	18,950	10,292	8,658	24,075	10,997	15,078	9,639	4,657	4,702	2,943	2,009	11.0
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	•••
Under \$500 \$500 to \$999. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,500 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,000 to \$3,499.	9.5 7.4 6.7 5.6 6.0 5.2 6.5	12.6 11.7 10.3 8.3 8.3 6.9 7.8	14.7 15.2 12.4 9.5 9.0 7.0 7.3 5.3	10.2 7.5 7.8 6.8 7.4 6.7 8.4 8.2	9.0 4.9 4.9 4.3 5.1 4.9 6.4 7.3	15.7 5.9 5.4 4.9 5.2 4.9 6.7 6.9	3.3 3.9 4.5 3.8 5.1 5.0 6.1 7.7	3.9 4.8 3.9 3.1 3.5 2.4 3.8 3.8	6.0 7.0 4.6 3.6 4.2 3.4 4.3 4.0	1.9 2.6 3.2 2.6 2.8 1.5 3.2 3.5	2.5 2.6 3.4 2.4 2.8 1.5 3.4 3.9	0.9 2.8 2.8 3.0 2.8 1.5 2.9 3.0	9.1 8.5 8.7 8.8 9.0 9.2 9.8 10.6
\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$6,999. \$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 and over.	7.9 6.6 12.1 7.6 8.1 3.0 1.0	7.1 5.3 7.9 3.7 2.8 0.6 0.2 0.1	5.6 4.3 5.3 2.6 1.4 0.3 0.1	8.8 6.5 10.9 5.0 4.5 0.9 0.2 0.1	9.5 7.9 15.1 9.2 8.5 2.2 0.5 0.1	9.1 7.3 13.0 7.3 6.0 1.3 0.3 0.1	9.8 8.4 17.0 10.9 10.6 2.9 0.7 0.1	5.6 6.0 13.1 11.5 18.5 10.4 4.2 1.7	6.8 7.2 14.1 11.1 14.1 6.9 1.9 0.6	4.3 4.8 12.2 11.8 22.7 13.8 6.4 2.7	4.7 5.4 13.4 10.7 24.3 13.5 4.1 1.5	3.7 3.8 10.3 13.5 20.2 14.3 10.0 4.6	11.1 11.6 12.1 12.3 12.7 14.5
Median income	\$3,742	\$2,428	\$1,905	\$3,224	\$4,168	\$3,594	\$4,548	\$5,702	\$4,924	\$6,627	\$6,374	\$6,926	••••
25 Years and Over		·											
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with income thousands	46,315 45,356	17,859 17,279	9,898 9,518	7,961 7,761	19,055 18,872	8,278 8,186	10,777 10,686	8,523 8,382	3,774 3,704	4,749 4,678	2,726 2,706	2,023 1,972	10.8 10.8
Median income	¥,213	\$2,714	\$2,080	\$3,508	\$4,710	\$4,367	\$4,992	\$6,228	\$5,600	\$6,866	\$6,710	\$7,103	••••
PEMALE									# 1				. · ·.
Number of personsthousands Number of persons with income	62,995	20,662	10,635	10,027	33,178	14,216	18,962	8,351	5,128	3,223	2,478	745	11.2
thousands	. 33,340	10,825	5,880	4,945	17,025	7,032	9,993	5,059	2,991	2,068	1,502	566	11.4
Income Recipients								,					
Percent Under \$500	100.0	100.0 33.6	100.0 36.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1,00.0	100.0	•••
\$500 to \$999	18.7	28.3	31.3	29.8 24.7	26.6 14.4	37.0 17.7	19.2	17.6 11.6	21.3	11.9 8.4	9.9	6.1 4.8	10.0 9.0
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	10.6	12.9 8.7	. 12.6 7.7	13.3	9.7 8.9	9.9	9.5 8.4	8.8 6.6	9.6 7.4	7.7 5.3	8.8 5.3	5.1 5.1	10.4 10.9
\$2,000 to \$2,499	8.3	6.3	5.0	7.9	10.1	8.7	11.1	6.3	6.6	5.8	6.0	5.3	12.0
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	5.9 6.6 4.4	3.4 3.2	2.6 2.0	4.5	7.1 8.5	5.0 5.0	8.6 11.0	7.5 7.6	8.0 8.2	6.7 6.8	7.2 7.5	5.6 5.1	12.3 12.4
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	3.5 1.9 2.2 1.0	0.8 0.5 0.4 0.2	0.9 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.2	1.3 0.8 0.6 0.2	5.2 4.1 2.0 2.1 0.8	2.7 2.0 0.9 1.2 0.1	5.6 2.8 2.7 1.2	8.0 7.4 4.6 6.7 3.6	5.7 3.1 5.2 1.5	7.3 10.0 6.9 9.1 6.7	9.7 6.1 8.3 3.7	4.6 10.9 9.1 11.2 14.2	12.5 12.6 12.7 12.9 13.8
\$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.6	2.4	0.3	5.7	3.9	10.2	16.2
\$15,000 to \$24,999	0.2	0.1		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8	0.4	1.4	1.1	2.3 0.5	•••
\$25,000 and over	•••	•••			•••			0.1	0.2			•••	•••
Median income	\$1,176	\$790	\$711	\$909	\$1,464	\$867	\$2,036	\$2,429	\$1,865	\$3,309	\$2,903	\$4,381	•••

¹ Includes persons not reporting years of school completed, not shown separately.
² Includes persons reporting no years of school completed, not shown separately.

Table 27.--EDUCATION: MEDIAN INCOME IN 1958 OF PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED, BY RESIDENCE, COLOR, AGE, AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

		Elem	entary scl	hool	H	igh school	L			College			
Selected characteristics	Total ¹		Less			1 to			l to	4 ye	ars or m	ore	Median years of school
		Total	than 8 years ²	8 years	Total	years	4 years	Total	years	Total	4 years	5 years or more	pleted
RESIDENCE													
Urban											,		
Male Female	\$4,099 1,423	\$3,054 918	\$2,504 845	\$3,594 -1,055	\$4,306 1,716	\$3,840 1,101	\$4, 7 02 2,181	\$5,779 2,594	\$4,921 2,085	\$6,780 3,447	\$6,656 2,948	\$6,936 4,404	11.2 11.5
Rural Nonfarm													
Male Female	\$3,922 932	\$2,361 675	\$1,786 595	\$3,356 779	\$4,306 1,133	\$3,800 613	\$4,661 1,773	\$5,868 2,111	\$5,332 1,553	\$6,406 3,115	\$5,930 2,883	\$6,989	10.8 11.3
Rural Farm													
Male Female	\$1,699 476	\$1,325 406	\$990 368	\$1,875 475	\$2,296 549	\$1,572 410	\$2,907 1,106	\$3,330 1,489	\$2,675	•••	:::	•••	8.7 9.3
COLOR								•					
White							.				, .		
Male	\$3,976 1,279	\$2,664 839	\$2,076 765	\$3,276 924	\$4,297 1,559	\$3,774 927	84,654 2,095	\$5,810 2,394	{\$}	(3)	(3)	(3)	11.1 11.5
Nomwhite		,											
Male Female	\$1,981 750	\$1,585 705	\$1,447 663	\$2,328 863	\$2,534 949	\$ 2,224 839	\$2,994 1,330	\$3,679 2,365	(3)	(3)	(3)	(3)	8.2 8.9
AGE-MALE4													
14 to 24 years	\$1,010 4,459 4,924 4,501 3,968 1,488	\$735 3,018 3,495 3,428 3,215 1,448	\$722 2,522 2,860 2,694 2,661 1,289	\$747 3,526 4,149 4,065 3,792 1,729	\$1,276 4,529 5,076 5,002 4,846 2,004	\$770 4,275 4,718 4,522 4,512 1,910	\$2,411 4,688 5,335 5,433 5,273 2,240	\$1,543 5,548 6,934 7,774 6,493 3,092	\$1,257 5,023 6,302 6,366 5,472 2,710	\$2,477 5,970 7,731 9,220 7,857 3,658	\$2,857 5,914 7,543 9,129 7,161	\$6,092 8,043 9,386	10.7 12.3 12.1 10.3 8.7 8.2

¹ Includes persons not reporting years of school completed, not shown separately.
2 Includes persons reporting no years of school completed, not shown separately.
3 Not available.
4 Data not available for women.

Table 28.--OCCUPATION: FERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY MAIOR OCCUPATION GROUP IN MARCH 1959 AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Percent and median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

	,						E Z	ployed as	civilian	Employed as civilians in March 1959	1959								In Armed
Total money income and sex	Total	Total en-	Professi and ki	Professional, technical, and kindred workers	mical, ere	Farmers	Manage and]	Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm		Clerical	Sales	Crafts- men, foremen.	1	Private wo	Service workers,		La- borers,	Unem- ployed in	Forces or not in
		civil- tans	Total	Self- en- ployed ¹	Sala-	1 B.T.B. 1820 847e78	Total	Self. em- ployed	Sala-	7 2			kindred h		60 I	and foremen		1959	force in March 1959
MALE	,																		
Number of personsthousands	58,378	42,842	4,471	92.9	3,795	2,922	5,695	2,871	2,824	2,919	2,745	8,158	8,324	53	2,754	1,417	3,394	2,971	12,565
thousends.	53,543	42,170	4,411	673	3,738	2,890	5,665	2,847	2,818	2,902	2,663	8,152	8,270	38	2,682	1,175	3,322	2,732	8,641
Income Recipients				-														. :	<i>:</i>
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.01	100.0
1083 \$499	2.0	9.6	0.1	0°T 8°0	1.9	4.7 13.1	1.2	2.3	0.0	0.1	10.8	0.0	3.1	::	0.1	33.5	9.5	4.07	0.3
\$1,000 to \$1,499	6.7	4.7	7.1	.8	2.3	 	1.4	3.6	0 1	2.4	0 n	1.5	3.5	. : :	6.5	13.6	7.6	10.5	20.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,499	0.0	7.0	2.0	0.1	2 2	1 1 1 1 1	3.5	3.4	6 4	3.0	0 9	N 6	4 4	:	000	10.7	0 0	10.3	9.6
\$2,500 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,499	200	7.0	2.5	2.5	2,5	6.5	3.0	5.8	3.2	7.1	4.4	6.7	4.8	:::	10,1	3.1	8 O	8 8	4.6
יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	6.9	7.3	4.2	1.7	4.6	4.4	4.7	5.4	0.4	7.6	7.7	7.0	10.1	:	10.0	2.4	0.6	6.2	2.7
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	6.6	9,3	5.4	. 4.1	5,50	2.5	8.9	6.9	5.8	13.5 12.6	7.9	10.7	10.01	::	10.4	. i. i	8 8	4.4	2.6
\$5,000 to \$5,999	7.6		12.5	ສຸນ	15.0 2.5.0	2.4	15.0	ت د و ق	16.6	12.11	8.6 8.0	222	16.4	::	10.6	0.2	8 6	0 0	4 4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	, o c		8.T.	20.1	10.1	3,1	11.5	2.01.0 8.4.1	12.3	9 7 6	6.1	12.8	0.2	::	0.0	0.2	1.3	1.9	1. 6.0
\$25,000 and over	0.4		1.1	17.0	2.0	000	2.0	2.0	0.0	000	0.4	; ;		<u>; ; ; </u>	; ;	::	::	::	: °
Median income	\$3,742	\$4,344	\$6,393	\$10,366	\$6,178	\$1,904	\$5,855	\$5,07	\$6,580	\$4,555	797,14	\$5,108	* ,083	:	\$3,332	\$88	\$2,877	\$2,130	\$1,120
Year-Round Full-Time Workers													-	,			··	1 22	·
Percent of all income recipients	57.4	70.5	81.0 \$6,902	84.8 \$11,382	80.5	\$2,127	86.3 \$6,176	81.3	91.0	75.8	67.2	73.2	63.6	::	67.8	43.6	47.4	13.9	(3.3)
I Translation of section 1		:														٠	3		

Includes a very small number of unpaid family workers. 2 Comparable figures not available.

Table 28, --COCUPATION: FERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY IN 1958, BY MAJOR COCUPATION GROUP IN MARCH 1959 AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES.--Com.

	, .				`		Z	Employed as civilians in March 1959	ofvillan	s in Marc	h 1959						,		In Armed
Total money income and sex	Total	Total en-	Professional, and kindred	rofessional, technics and kindred workers	technical,	Percers and	Manage and] ex	Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm		Clerical	Sales	Crafts- men, foremen.	4	Service Private workers, house-excent			La- borers,	Unem- ployed in	Forces or not in
		civil- tens	Total	Self- em- ployed 1	Sala- ried	agers	Total	Self- em- ployed ¹	Sala-	kindred		ered kindred workere	End Edindred Vorhers	bold p	private bouse- hold	borers and foremen	farm		force In March 1959
FEMALE						,						,							
Number of personsthousands	62,995	20,985	2,721	791	2,557	801	ग्रा,	262	550	6,134	1,582	138	3,167	2,163	3,151	558	8	1,391	40,619
thousands	33,340	18,655	2,449	ટ્સ	2,306	8	ŝ	451	867	5,690	1,320	187	2,982	1,928	2,828	167	2	1,048	13,637
Income Recipients																		···	
Percent	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	:	100.0	•	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	•	100.0	100.0	100.0	:	:	100.0	100.0
Loss. \$1 to \$499.	0.3	0.3		1	6.2	[::	4.1	9.2		90	200	::			0.2	:	:	: 2	0.3
\$500 to \$999	18.7	E.			7.9	:	0.0	12	8.	6.5	2		8	8	18.5	::	::	18.9	28.0
\$1,500 to \$1,999	8.5			: :	0.4		9 6	12.6	9 79	5,1	10.5	::	7,57	7.0	13.0	: :	: ;	13.6	1.6 6.4
\$2,000 to \$2,499.	60 4 60 4				6.1	:	7.7	6.3	7.8	2	20.0	:	19.5	5	ខំ	:	:	99	3.2
43 000 to 43 009	9.9		2.0		0.6	::	200	9.5	22.2	127	 	::	 	0.8	5.7	::	::	0 0 0 0	1.9
יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	7:4	*		:	10.2	:	7.7	8.	1.01	12,5	4.6	:	6.2	7.0	0.0	:	:	1.7	0.7
\$4,000 to \$4,499.	200	9.0	12.1	:	7.21	•	9.6	2.7	10.0	2.6	3.5	:	9,6	0.2	1.7	:	:	8.0	5.0
\$5,000 to \$5,999.	2.2		10.2	::	10.7	::	0.	90	9 6	4.7	1.0	: :	1 6	0.5	7 7	: :	::	2	7,0
\$7,000 to \$9,999.	0.0		3.5	: :	9 6	: :	9.0	N 0	10.6	57.0	90	: :	70	::	0.5	: :	:	:	0.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	7.0		6.0	:	0.8	:	1.9	7	5.6	:	:	:	:	:	6	:	:	: :	0.2
\$25,000 and over	::		; :	::	:	::	51	31	7:1	::	::	::	; :	::	::	::	::	::	: 6:
Median income	41,176	102°C	£3,528	::	\$3,592		£2,764	\$1,450	13,564	62),029	#1,734	:	\$2,196	8	40,394	:	:	\$ 1 ,005	\$605
Year-Round Full-Time Workers									,									•	
Percent of all income recipients	28.4	49.3	8.47	<i>/</i> :	46.2	:	8.89	8.5	Į.	20	47.5	•	45.8	*	38.9	:	;	10.6	£
PETER TEXABLE	107'5t		4,23y	:	ZZ,	:	12,23	11,71	2,92	27,28	2,372	:		12,230	\$2,119	:		:	

¹ Includes a very small number of unpaid featly warbers.
² Comparable figures not svallable.

Table 29. --INDUSTRY: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP IN MARCH 1959 AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

							Employed	as civilians	Ħ	March 1959							In Armed
Total money income and sex	Total	Total employed civil- ians	Agricul- ture, forestry, and fish- eries	Mining	Con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing s	franspor- tation, communi- dation, and other public	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insur- ance, and real	Business and repair services	Personal serv- loes	Enter- tainment and recre- ation services	Professional and related services	Public adminis- tration	Unemployed In March 1959	Forces or not in labor force in March 1959
MALE		,															
Number of personsthousands	58,378	42,842	4,605	54.7	3,802	12,558	3,608	1,941	6,191	1,371	1,413	1,278	107	2,911	2,216	2,971	12,565
number of persons viol thousands	53,543	42,170	4,321	545	3,776	12,488	3,597	1,938	6,062	1,356	1,394	1,243	330	2,845	2,215	2,732	8,641
Income Recipients										····							
Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	0.001	100,0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1. to \$4.99 \$1.000 to \$11,499 \$1.000 to \$1,499 \$2.000 to \$2,499 \$2.500 to \$2,999 \$3.500 to \$3,499 \$4.000 to \$4,499 \$4.000 to \$4,999 \$6.000 to \$6,999 \$1.000 to \$6,999	# 0.04.6.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	** • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	######################################	201.0.0.4.6.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2	25 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 4 5 5 7 5 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 7 8 7 7 7 7 8 7 7 7 7	\$ 5.844.66.88 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86.66 5.64.86 5.64.	\$5,270	2, 2,2,4,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,	83 000000000000000000000000000000000000	544.0004.404. 40.004.800.11. 86.004.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.44.800.11. 86.004.14.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44	\$ 54444466 50 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	::00 :00 :00 :00 :00 :00 :00 :00 :00 :0	24 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 4	25.1.1 20.0.5 20
Percent of all income recipients	57.4	70.5	66.8 \$2,086	73.4	52.2	\$5,410	\$5,424	76.6 \$5,356	68.4	81.9 \$5,643	72.9	\$3,787	52.9	71.6	\$5,293	13.9	EE.

1 Comparable figures not available.

Table 29. --INDUSTRY: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP IN MARCH 1959 AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES.--Com: (Percent and median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

Total mailteen from the control of t								Employed	Employed as civilians in March 1959	ans in Mar	зь 1959							
62,995 20,986 776 24 4,105 613 526 4,067 1,277 379 3,536 33,340 18,655 272 22 97 3,685 781 475 3,457 1,210 332 3,113 100,0	Total money income and sex	Total	Total employed civil- ians	Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	Mining	Com- struc- tion		Transpor- tation, communi- cation, and other public	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insur- ance, and real estate		Personal serv.		Profes- sional and related services	Public adminis- tration	Unem- ployed in March 1959	In Armed Forces or not in labor force in March 1959
100,0 100,0 100,0 24 124 4,105 813 526 4,067 1,1277 379 3,536 133,340 18,655 272 22 97 3,885 781 475 3,437 1,120 332 3,113 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 27,3 10,3 22,3 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,5 10,6 10,6 14,7 11,3 22,3 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,5 10,6 10,6 15,9 15,1 15,1 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,6 10,6 15,0 10,0 10,0 10,0 10,0 100,0 100,0 100,0 27,3 10,3 22,3 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,6 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4 10,4 28,5 10,4 10,4	FEMALE																	
100.0 10	Number of personsthousands.		20,985	902	*	124	4,105	£	258	4,067	1,277	379	3,536	172	4,439	617	1,391	40,619
100.0 10	thousands.		18,655	272	8	6	3,885	781	475	3,457	1,210	332	3,113	3,	4,064	.793	1,048	13,637
100.0 100.	Income Recipients					-									·			
20.3 0.0.3 0.0.4 0.0.1 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.5	Percent	100.0	100.0	100.0	:	:	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0	100.0	100.00	:	100.00	100,0	100.0	100,0
10.6 9.6 5.1 7.4 2.3 5.3 12.2 7.0 8.5 12.7 5.9 12.1 5.7 17.3 8.1 12.3	Loss \$1 to \$499 \$500 to \$999	27.31 18.7	. 4.1 	53.2 22.3	::::	:::	5.7		8.7	16.8	9.59	9.6	35.2	:::	10.0	4.6	30.6	43.9
\$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	0 8 6 5 6 6	9 6	6.2	::	::	10.8	5.3	6°6	12.2	7.0	8 8 2 6	14.7	::	6.8	6.1 2.9	ង.ដ ១.១	11.6
3.5 6.0 7.6 12.5 6.3 2.2 5.8 8.1 0.6 2.2 3.7 4.7 8.0 5.0 0.9 2.1 6.3 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.2	\$5,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999.	0.00	10.6	0000	::::	::::	2112 2.2.3.	16.2	6 17 1 6 4 8 6	15.8 6.1 8.1 8.1	14.1 18.6 10.3	6.0 c	8 4 0 L	::::	01 0, 80 4 0, 20 80 4	2,67	2 2 2 2	3,000
\$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	\$4,000 to \$4,499. \$4,500 to \$4,999. \$5,000 to \$5,999. \$6,000 to \$6,990.	2,5	9 0 0 0	8.0	:::	:::	2.4.0	12.5 8.0 6.1		0.0	5.8 5.7	6.3	0.00		8.5	15.9	8.00	000
#1,176	\$7,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	000	8,2,0		::::	::::		6.0	0010	000	0110		0.7	:::	2.00	2,00	:::	0000
\$1,176 \$2,201 \$462 \$2,688 \$1,793 \$2,906 \$1,731 \$2,612 \$2,995 \$840 \$1,731 \$3,413 \$1,731 \$1,731 \$2,935 \$1,93	\$25,000 and over	:	:	:	:	:	0.1	:	:	::	::	:	::	::	::	}:	::	; :
28.4 49.3 18.4 56.3 71.3 55.0 47.9 67.4 52.4 31.4 80.401 80.423 83.724 83.431 80.423 83.234	Median income	\$1,176	£2,201	*	:	:	£2,688	\$3,393	\$2,908	11,731	218,53.	\$2,935	078\$:	\$2,552	\$3,608	\$1,015	\$605
\$3,40 \$3,133 \$4,50 \$1,40 \$2,40 \$1,40 \$2,40 \$1,40 \$	Year-Round Full-Time Workers									<u></u>		,					. ,	
	Percent of all income recipients.	\$3,101	49.3	18.4	::	::	56.3 \$3,302	71.3 \$3,734	\$3,431	47.9 \$2,443	67.4	52.4	31.4	::	45.1	72.3	10.6	Œ

1 Comparable figures not available.

Table 30.--Occupation of Longest jub: Median Money Earnings in 1958 of all persons 14 years of ace and over with Earnings and of year-round full-time workers, by occupation group of Longest jub in 1958 and sex, for the United States

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

Occupation group	All w	orkers	Year-rot	ind full- forkers	Occupation group	All vo	rkere	Year-rou time w	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		Male	Female	Male	Female
Professional, technical, and kindred workers Self-employed Medical and other health workers Other self-employed Salaried Engineers, technical Medical and other health workers Teachers, primary and secondary. schools Other salaried workers Farmers and farm managers. Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm Self-employed In retail trade Other self-employed Salaried Secretaries, stenographers, and typists Other clerical and kindred workers	\$6,132 9,945 11,805 8,934 5,938 7,738 5,559 1,555 5,599 4,787 4,336 6,247 4,356	\$3,114 2,765 3,580 2,726 2,435 1,207 1,109 2,692 3,003 2,515	11,231	4,141 3,954	Other sales workers	*4,133 2,704 5,227 4,832 6,088 4,540 4,660 3,995 4,178 3,831 3,660 3,018 2,991 3,028 460 2,287	1,870 2,494 1,886	4,333 6,082 5,346 6,245 5,200 5,361 5,167 4,502 4,750 4,305 4,428 	\$2,344 2,286 2,722 3,36 2,777 2,111 1,16 1,991 1,800 2,08:

Table 31.--INDUSTRY OF LONGEST JOB: MEDIAN MONEY EARNINGS IN 1958 OF ALL PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER WITH EARNINGS AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY INDUSTRY GROUP OF LONGEST JOB IN 1958 AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

Industry group	All wor	rkers	Year-round full-	time workers
matery group	Male	Female	Male	Female
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	\$1,079	\$294	\$1.875	
Mining	4,388	***	5,289	
Construction	3,710		4,868	
Manufacturing	4,667	2,377	5,348	\$3,278
Durable goods	4,737	3,054	5,436	3,63
Nondurable goods	4,514	2,113	5,192	3,00
Transportation, communication, and other public	4,524	تندوب		الله و د
utilities	4,937	3,203	5,345	3,587
Transportation industries	4,763	3,259	5,266	•
Other industries	5,248	3,180	5,466	3,47
Wholesale trade	4,618	2,429	5,297	3,456
Retail trade	3,463	1,084	4,346	2,361
Finance, insurance, and real estate	4,991	2,626	5,496	3,197
Business and repair services	4,043	2,025	4,849	
Personal services	3,017	864	3,862	2,240
intertainment and recreation services	1,758	610		•
rofessional and related services	4,990	2,658	5,936	4.02
Public administration	4,881	3,031	5,178	3,946

Table 32.--CLASS OF WORKER OF LONGEST JOB: MEDIAN MONEY EARNINGS IN 1958 OF ALL PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AND OVER WITH EARNINGS AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY CLASS OF WORKER OF LONGEST JOB IN 1958 AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

Class of workers	All wor	kers	Year-round full.	time workers
Oracle of Workers	Male	Female	Male	Female
Private wage or salary workers	\$ 4,119	\$1,510	\$5,061	\$2,969
In agriculture	689	288	1,928	4-,
In nonagricultural industries	4,252	1,614	5,120	2,972
Government workers	4,610	3,027	4,948	3,923
Public administration workers	4,881	3,031	5,178	3,946
Federal	5,037	3,683	5,290	4,217
Other public administration workers	4,713	2,742	4,985	3,428
Other government workers	4,197	2,916	4,640	3,894
Self-employed workers	3,103	727	3,805	1,658
In agriculture	1,549		1,882	•
In nonagricultural industries	4,434	786	5,317	1,750
Inpaid family workers	314	312		
In agriculture	304	284		•••
In nonagricultural industries				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Table 33.---WORK EXPERIENCE IN 1958; CIVILIANS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER WITH INCOME, BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY WEEKS WORKED AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Percent not shown where less than 0.1)

							Vork	ed in 19	58 ²						
Total money income and sex	Total ¹	·		Vor	ked at fu	ll-time j	obs			Vork	ed at par	t-time j	obs		Did not work
		Total	Total	50 to 52 veeks	40 to 49 weeks	27 to 39 weeks	14 to 26 weeks	13 weeks or less	Total	50 to 52 veelus	40 to 49 weeks	27 to 39 weeks	14 to 26 weeks	13 weeks or less	in 1958 ²
MALE	·														
Number of persons thousands Number of persons with	58,378	48,379	42,051	30,727	4,536	2,697	2,246	1,845	6,328	2,348	610	. 649	1,103	1,618	8,926
incomethousands	53,543	47,103	41,556	30,475	4,516	2,678	2,182	1,705	5,547	2,063	581	621	999	1,283	5,394
Percent with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100,0
Loss	0.5 9.0 7.4 6.7 5.6 6.0 5.2 6.5	0.5 7.8 5.2 4.6 4.7 5.7 5.2 6.8 7.0	0.5 3.7 3.4 3.7 4.3 5.6 5.4 7.3 7.6	1.8 1.9 2.3 2.8	0.3 1.7 2.6 3.1 4.2 8.1 7.6 9.7 9.9	0.7 4.2 5.6 6.8 9.3 11.2 10.2 11.1 10.8	0.1 6.8 10.5 15.7 12.2 14.0 11.6 10.4 6.1	0.2 38.5 21.2 9.7 12.3 6.8 4.9 2.5	0.7 37.2 18.0 11.3 8.1 6.2 3.6 3.7 2.5	13.0 10.7 7.5 3.5 4.2	0.5 21.2 20.6 10.4 6.4 8.1 8.3 5.2 4.4	0.4 29.3 22.1 11.5 8.1 8.3 4.2 4.4 2.3	0.3 38.8 21.7 11.8 8.0 5.1 3.0 4.6 2.1	14.2	0.4 18.8 25.4 23.2 12.0 7.0 3.9 2.7 1.5
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	7.9 6.6 12.1 7.6 8.1 3.0 1.0	8.7 7.4 13.8 8.6 9.1 3.3 1.2 0.4	9.6 8.3 15.3 9.7 10.2 3.7 1.3 0.5	10.2 8.8 18.0 11.4 12.7 4.7 1.7	10.6 11.2 13.5 8.4 6.5 1.9 0.6	11.0 5.3 6.9 4.1 2.2 0.5 0.1	4.3 3.5 2.5 1.3 0.8 0.1	0.6 0.3 1.0 0.3 0.3 0.2 0.1	2.4 1.4 2.7 0.7 0.8 0.4 0.2 0.1	3.1 2.1 4.1 0.9 1.5 0.8 0.3 0.1	5.2 1.9 5.8 1.2 0.4	2.7 1.6 2.3 1.6 0.4 0.8	1.6 1.2 1.1 0.2 0.5	0.4 0.2 0.6 0.2	1.1 0.8 1.2 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.1
Median income	\$3,742	\$4,139	\$4,441	\$4,948	\$4,136	8 3,093	\$2,169	\$769	\$834	\$1,205	\$1,368	\$960	\$752	\$382	\$1,116
FEMALE						. ,			٠.		•				
Number of persons thousands	62,995	28,736	19,623	10,602	2,288	2,025	2,144							j	
Number of persons with incomethousands.	33,340	24,396	17,821	9,863	2,119	1,904	1,898	2,564	9,113 6,575	3,054 1,928	888 771	878	1,585	2,708	34,197
Percent with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	725 1 0 0.0	1,248	1,903	8,911
Loss	0.3 27.3 18.7 10.6 8.5 8.3 5.9 6.6 4.4	0.3 23.5 12.3 10.1 8.9 10.3 7.7 8.7 5.7	0.3 12.6 9.4 9.5 9.8 12.5 9.9 11.5 7.7	0.3 2.3 3.6 5.5 8.7 14.0 12.3 16.4 11.6	0.1 3.9 6.4 11.4 14.1 17.5 12.3 12.2 6.5	0.1 6.6 13.5 18.5 16.3 14.4 10.1 6.8 4.2	0.4 17.8 28.6 22.1 12.4 8.2 5.0 2.7 1.3	0.3 67.4 17.5 6.4 2.7 2.7 1.2 0.7	0.3 51.8 19.8 11.7 6.6 4.8 2.0 1.4 0.6	0.5 30.1 24.0 16.8 10.1 9.2 3.6 3.3 0.9	29.4 23.8 15.7 11.4 8.6 5.9 2.2 0.7	42.0 27.9 15.4 7.6 3.9 0.6 0.3 0.6	0.6 56.8 23.9 9.6 4.8 1.8 1.0 0.2 0.8	0.1 82.3 8.1 5.0 2.0 1.3 0.1 0.5	100.0 0.3 37.3 35.1 11.8 6.9 3.1 1.4 1.3 0.8
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	3.5 1.9 2.2 1.0 0.6 0.2 0.1	4.8 2.6 2.9 1.3 0.7 0.2 0.1	6.6 3.5 3.9 1.8 0.8 0.2 0.1	10.1 5.2 5.7 2.7 1.2 0.3 0.1	5.3 3.1 4.3 1.6 1.2 0.1	3.6 2.5 2.1 0.8 0.4 0.1	0.5 0.4 0.3 0.4 0.1	0.5 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1	0.4 0.3 0.2 0.3 0.2 0.1	0.3 0.6 0.3 0.3 0.7	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.4 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.4 0.3 0.1
Median income	31,176	\$1,717	\$2,340	\$3,101	\$2,403	\$1,846	\$1,074	\$369	\$481	\$904	\$932	3 643	\$436	\$303	\$678

¹ Total represents all persons 14 years of age and over in March 1959, including about 1,000,000 members of the Armed Forces living off post or on military reservations.

² Represents all civilians 14 years of age and over in February 1959.

Table 34.—MAJUR REASON FOR PART-YEAR WURK IN 1958: CIVILIAN PART-YEAR WURKERS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER WITH INCOME, BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SEX AND AGE, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

			Me	le					•	Female			
Total money income			Major reas	on for par	t-year wo	rk			Major	reason for	part-yea	r work	
and age	Total	Unem- ploy- ment or layoffs	rilness or disa- bility	Unpaid absence from work	Going to school	Other reasons ²	Total	Unem- ploy- ment or layoffs	Illness or disa- bility	Unpaid absence from work	Taking care of home	Going to school ¹	Other reasons
Total, by reason for part-year work	100.0	48.6 100.0	14.1	7.8	16.9	12.6	100.0	17.4	9.0	6.3	49.2	15.2	2.9
Under \$1,000 \$1,000 to \$1,999 \$2,000 to \$2,999 \$3,000 to \$3,999 \$4,000 to \$4,999 \$5,000 and over	28.0 15.8 16.0 14.3 11.9 14.0	15.6 17.1 21.0 17.8 14.8 13.7	18.2 14.8 15.1 18.1 15.6 18.1	7.6 9.3 11.2 14.9 16.0 41.0	80.4 10.4 4.5 2.8 1.1 0.8	29.0 23.2 16.2 11.8 8.2 11.6	100.0 55.4 21.4 12.7 5.8 2.6 2.0	30.8 32.9 24.4 8.8 2.3 0.9	100.0 32.6 28.3 19.1 14.3 4.5 1.3	20.3 20.5 20.7 15.6 10.2 12.7	100.0 64.0 20.0 9.0 3.9 1.6 1.6	100.0 86.3 9.9 2.9 0.5 0.4 	100.0 40.5 18.6 19.4 2.8 12.1 6.5 \$1,511
MEDIAN INCOME—AGE 14 to 24 years	\$802 3,398 3,114 1,966	\$1,717 3,285 2,872	\$3,540 3,389 1,667	\$4,909 4,674	\$582 	\$1,160 3,191 1,970 1,916	\$696 994 1,219 974	\$1,123 1,695 1,642	\$1,784 1,592	\$2,643 2,700	\$789 762 802 864	\$575 	

Table 35.—MAJOR REASON FOR NOT WORKING IN 1958: NONWORKERS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER, BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Percent and median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

			Male					Fem	ale		
		Ma,	jor reason :	for not wor	king			Major res	son for no	t working	
Total money income	Total	Unem- ploy- ment or layoffs	Illness or disa- bility	Going to school ¹	Other reasons ²	Total	Unem- ploy- ment or layoffs	Illness or disa- bility	Taking care of home	Going to school ¹	Other reasons ²
Total, by reason for not working	100.0	6.9	24.0	34.2	34.9	100.0	1.7	4.8	80.5	10.8	2.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
With income	60.5 39.5	56.3 43.7	82.2 17.8	15.1 84.9	90.8 9.2	26.2 73.8	36.4 63.6	59.4 40.6	24.7 75.3	14.6 85.4	57.2 42.8
Total with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$1,000	44.6 35.2 20.2	51.5 34.1 14.4	54.4 30.2 15.4	89.8 9.2 1.0	30.3 42.7 27.0	72.5 18.7 8.7		78.8 17.3 3.9	71.1 19.3 9.7	94.8 3.8 1.4	55.3 30.2 14.5
Median income	\$1,153	\$971	\$919	\$557	\$1,461	\$690	•••	\$ 635	\$703	\$527	\$904

Not available for persons 30 years of age and over.
Includes, among others, retirement and service in the Armed Forces.

Not available for persons 30 years of age and over.
Includes, among others, retirement and service in the Armed Forces.

Table 36.--SORICE OF INCORE: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF ARE AND OFER VITE INCORE, BY TOTAL NOREY INCORE IN 1958 AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, URBAN AND RUBAL (Median not shown where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)

zere less than 0.1)			
(Median not show where base is less than 200,000; percent not shown where less than 0.1)	The state of the s		Perminen W
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				-	Rerratage	ngs only		- Annual Control of the Control of t			Ramines	and fracine other then services	of her then	oomuludo		
·				8	Self-employment income only	ti	Mages (Wages or salary and self- employment income	l self-			Self-e	Self-employment income and other income	ncome	Wages	
Total money income and sex	Totel ¹	Total	Vages or salary only	Total ¹	Nonfarm self- employ- ment income only	Farm self. employ- ment income omly	Total ²	Wages or salary and nomfarm self- employment income only	Wages or salary and farm self-employment income only	Total	Vages or salary and other fraces	Total 3	Nonfarm self- employ- ment income and other	Farm self- employ- ment income and other	salary, self- employ- ment income, and other	Other income; no earnings
UNITED STATES MALE									·						-	
Total with income	100.0		x,	7.5	4.7	2.7	3.6	1.5	2.0	25.7	20.0	3.9	2.3	1.5	1.8	6.8
Under \$500. \$500 to \$599. \$1,000 to \$1,999. \$2,000 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,499. \$3,000 to \$2,999.			24882888 348828888	3 4 4 4 6 9 9 4 4 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	4444444	, 44444444 94489544	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	0.0 2.1 1.1 1.1 1.2 1.3	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	3.7.2.8.8.3.8.8 3.6.4.8.4.2.4.0	2028828 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 2024 20	44232444 244313	010000011	41086411	1.00.000	12.22 22.23 22.25 22.25 22.25 23.25 25.25
#,000 to \$4,499 #,500 to \$4,999 \$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$4,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	2848284 80611868	20.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 7.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1.40 1	464225	6.5.7 6.5.7 7.5.0 9.0 9.0 9.0 9.0	. 0 0 0 1 0	~~~~~~ ~~~~~~~~~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		38611124	2888438 	3888888 11126540	4 4 4 4 4 8 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	2.0 2.1 3.8 4.7 1.7	0000000	44444	0000011
Median income	\$3,742	13,957	* ,045	\$3,309	*, 401	\$1,584	\$3,300	4 ,653	82,28	\$4,252	*,34	\$3,332	* ,778	\$1,684	177	11,151
Total with income	100.0	62.1	58.9	2.5	2.2	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.2	14.2	12.7	1.2	8.0	7.0	0.3	7.62
Under \$500. \$500 to \$593. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$1,000 to \$1,499. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$2,000 to \$2,999. \$5,000 to \$2,999. \$5,000 to \$2,999. \$5,000 to \$2,999.	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	28.62.25.45.88.55.83.45. 2.6.2.1.6.6.6.84.52.	44444444444444444444444444444444444444	4.4.4.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0	2,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44	0.00	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	200011	2,272 10,272 10,272 10,273 10,	6.9% H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H H	24444444 24444444444444444444444444444	00011001100 00011001100 140110	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	.00000000000000000000000000000000000000	20000 20000 20000 2000 2000 2000 2000
Median income	\$1,176	\$1,437	\$1,484	209	169\$: .	\$1,500	:	:	\$1,985	\$ 2,030	\$1,434	\$1,591	: :	:	\$729
Male: Total with income Emale: Total with income	100.0	61.6	57.3	2°5	2.2	0::	1.5	1.3		79.7	13.7	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.1	23.5
Male: Total with income Female: Total with income RURAL PARM	100.0	63.1	28.93 4.74	3.2	3.0	0.5	3.3	2.2	0.3	25.0	20.2	13.0	6.0 8.3	0.4	1.8	8 62 23 25
Male: Total with income	100.0	68.7	8.4.7	4.6	1,8	18.7	13.6	0.8	12.3	10.5	7.3	3.4	8.0	2.8	5.2	27.2
1 Includes a relatively small	all number ,	number of persons reporti	remorting bo	th farm and	nonform so	وسسارسما	the distance of	ot ohom on	- Longe							

limitudes a relatively small number of persons reporting both farm and nomfarm self-employment income, not shown separately.

Includes a relatively small number of persons reporting income from wages or selary, numfarm self-employment, and farm self-employment, not shown separately.

Includes a relatively small number of persons reporting income other than earnings and both farm and numfarm self-employment income, not shown separately.

Table 37. -- REGION AND COLOR: PERSONS 14 TEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME IN 1958, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, BY REGIONS

Total morney fraction and see	45	United States			Northeast		*	North Central			South			West	
Yad nine amonit famour tagor	Total	White	Nonwhite	Total	White	Nomwhite	Total	Mate	Nonwhite	Tota1	White	Nonwhite	Total	\$ ette	Nomentite
MALE		-													27 11
Number of personsthousands	58,378	52,625	5,753	(1)	(1)	£	(1)	ε	(1)	(3)	(1)	(1)	(3)	3	· £
thousands.	53,543	48,423	5,120	(1)			(1)		(1)	£	(1)	£	3	(1)	Œ
rereent With income	100.0	100.0	100,0	1	100.0	7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.001	100.0
108499 \$1 to \$499 \$500 to \$999.	2.00	8.2	16.7	4.0	6.0	6.00	6.63	4.6.4	.4.0	8.61	0.7	23.5	7.8	9.6	0.3
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	5.6	6.3	8.6		0.0		4.0	3 4 4	7. 0	16.2	3.60	12.7	200	- - - - -	7.7
\$2,000 to \$2,499	6.0	5.7	0.6		5,1		3 40 4	36,0	10.	7.7		0.01 0.02	7.7.	4.7	6.0
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	6.5	6.9	7.8		1.07		0.40	, 6, 4 , 1, 4	, T.	18.5	7.0.2	. 6. 5.	8.2.	5.2	10.6
\$4,000 to \$4,499	7.9	8.1	6.7		9.5		5.8	8.4	19.7	6.7	2.5	7.4	2.6	5,1	5.5 c of
\$5,000 to \$5,999	12.1	6.9	4.4		7.7		7.3	13.0	4.9	0.0	20.0	6.0	0.2		9.0
\$6,000 to \$6,999 \$7,000 to \$9,999	7.6	8,80	1.7		8 8		8.1	4,00	8.6		90.	9.0	0,7,	30	2.7
\$10,000 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$24,999.	3.0	3.3	4.0		. e. e.		20.0		9.0	0 H V	15.0	0.1	4.3	7.7	9.50
\$25,000 and over	0.4	0.4	0.1		0.5		7.0	0.4	0.5	0.5		::	0.4	0.4	7.0
Median income	\$3,742	\$3,976	\$1,981	\$4,174	\$,256	\$3,127.	\$3,932	\$,023	\$3,091	\$2,748	\$3,233	\$1,263	\$4,330	\$4,426	\$3, 213
Year-Round Full-Time Workers															,
Percent of all income recipients	57.4	58.7	\$3,209	\$5,136	\$5,214	53.1 \$3,823	\$5,009	58.9 \$5,085	45.8	54.8	57.7	41.8	55.6	56.2 \$5,701	46.2
PEMALE		1							· · ·						•
Number of persons with income	62,995	56,551	6,444	£	3	.£	£	£	3	£	3	£.	ε	£	· Đ
thousands.	33,340	29,205	4,135	£	€	£	(1)	€	€	€.	5	(1)	(1)	3	: 5
Percent with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.00	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Говв	6.0	6,0	0.2	0.3	0.3	:	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3	6	0.0	2.0	2	1
\$500 to \$999.	18.7	18.2	28.5	7.71	20.7	19.1	28.6	8.05	88	% % 	18.81	24.3	26.0	28.0	26.1 12.9
\$1,500 to \$1,999.		2.0	1 7 1	9.6	6.9	3 T	8.1	7.7	12.8	8.0	8.0	10.9	6.11 6.13	7.11	13.3
\$2,500 to \$2,999		4.0	3.4	7.1	7.1	8.4	8.0	9.0	12.9	8.1	4.6	3.7	8 4	9.9	9.6
\$3,000 to \$3,499. \$3,500 to \$3,999.		7.1	1.8	8.4	9.0	900	0.7	6.7	3.6	7.7	8 4	17.	200	2.9	. 40
\$4,000 to \$4,499		3.8	1.6	4.2	4.3	2.6	3.5	3.6	2:1	2,4	0 6	0.6	7.6	0.0	4. 2.
\$5,000 to \$5,999	2.2	2.1	9.0	2.6	2.7	1:1	2.2	2.3	0.10	1.4		0.3	2.6	5.6	50.0
\$6,000 to \$6,999	0.0	1.1	1.0	1.4	1.5	::	1.0	0.0	:	0.7	6.0		11	1:1	0.0
\$10,000 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$24,999	0.2	0.0	:	6.0	0.0	:	200	200	0.3	0.5	000	2 :	0.3	200	::
	:	; :	::	; :	; ;	::	::	::	::	::	: :	::	0.0	0.0	::
Median income	\$1,176	\$1,279	\$750	\$1,541	\$1,560	\$1,415	\$1,190	\$1,195	\$1,135	\$883	\$1,076	\$4.89	\$1,292	\$1,286	\$1,340
Year-Round Full-Time Workers	-							_	•					 -	
Percent of all income recipients	28.4	\$3,194	\$1,877	31.5	31.6	30.7	\$3,168	\$3,215	24.0	\$2,562	\$2,813	19.7	26.8	\$3,587	23.6
2 Comparable figures not available.					1] .

Table 38.--TOTAL INCOME, 1944 TO 1958: PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME, BY SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FARM AND NONFARM

(Percent not shown where less than 0.1)

	٠.,		()	Percent :	not snow	n where .	Less than	P (1.1)							
Total money income and sex	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1951	1950	1949	1948	1947	1946	1945	1944
UNITED STATES	İ								·	٠.		2.7			
Male							.*.			1					
								l							
Total persons	91.7		91.9	92.1	90.2	91.3	91.3	90.1	90.1	89.9	100.0	100.0	(1)	89.5	100.0
Percent without income	8.3			7.9	9.8		8.7	9.9			10.1	11.1		10.5	11.1
Percent of those with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0	100.0
Loss	0.5 9.0		0.7 8.4	0.9	1.0 8.6	1.1	0.6 7.7	0.4 8.7	0.7 10.6	0.8	0.5 9.6	0.4 9.8		0.6 11.6	0.5
\$500 to \$999 \$1,000 to \$1,499	7.4 6.7		8.1	8.8 7.0	8.8 7.3	8.3 6.4	8.2 7.2	8.4 7.0	9.4	10.7		11.1		16.5 13.8	12.2
\$1.500 to \$1.999	5.6 6.0	5.2	5,5	5.8 7.0	6.5	6.0 7.6	6.7 8.3	6.9 9.6		9.3	9.3 13.2	11.3		12.2 13.2	11.9
\$2,000 to \$2,499. \$2,500 to \$2,999. \$3,000 to \$3,499.	5.2	5.2	5.7	6.2 8.2	7.4 9.3	7.4	8.5 13.2	9.8 12.3	10.2 12.5	11.6 11.5	11.5	11.3		10.7	11.6
33.300 to 33.999	6.5	6.8	.7.4	8.3	9.1	9,2	9.7	10.3	8.4	7.7	7.3	5.9	:::	4.8	5.6
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	7.9 6.6		9.2	8.9 6.9	6.2	8.7 6.1	7.8 5.7	8.0	6.2	4.8 2.9	5.1 2.9	4.3 2.1		2.3 1.5	2.0
\$5,000 to \$5,999	12.1 7.6	7.0	11.9	10.3 5.4	9.2	9.5 4.3	8.0 3.2	6.4 2.8	4.6 2.0	3.4 1.6	3.6	3.0	•••	2.4	2.2
\$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	8.1 3.0	7.1	6.5 2.4	5.1 1.9	1.8	4.2 1.5	3.2 1.0	2.6 1.0		1.4		3.0	``	1.3	2.0
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	1.0	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	} 0.9	2.0	1.4	1.6	1.6	•••	0.8	1.2
Median income	\$3,742	,	\$3,608	\$3,354	\$3,199	\$3,223	1	\$2,952	\$2,570	\$2,346	\$2,396	\$2,230	•••	\$1,811	\$2,046
Female			9.7	٠.									. 1		
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(¹)	100.0	100.0
Percent with income Percent without income	52.9 47.1	52.6 47.4	51.9 48.1	49.3 50.7	46.4 53.6	46.4 53.6	46.5 53.5	43.7 56.3	43.2 56.8	41.8 58.2	40.9 59.1	39.2 60.8	•••	45.1 54.9	47.9 52.1
Percent of those with income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	·(1)	100.0	100.0
Loss	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	•••	0.1	0.1
\$1 to \$499. \$500 to \$999.	27.3 18.7	26.8 18.7	27.3 19.3	27.7 19.3	26.2 19.9	26.3 19.5	28.0 18.7	29.2 19.6	31.7 19.8	31.3 20.0	28.9 20.6	29.8 19.5	•••	30.3 24.3	30.5 23.7
\$1,000 to \$1,499 \$1,500 to \$1,999	10.6 8.5	9.1	10.6 8.7	11.6 9.0	11.2 10.2	11.3 10.1	10.8 11.0	10.9 12.3	11.4 12.2	13.5 12.7	14.5 13.9	16.0 15.6	•••	19.4 13.8	19.3 12.9
\$2,000 to \$2,499 \$2,500 to \$2,999	8.3 5.9	8.8 6.1	9.0	9.4 6.4	9.8 7.0	10.7 7.4	10.6 7.4	11.0 7.2	11.6 6.5	11.2 5.2	11.6 5.2	10.4 3.8	• • • •	7.0 2.7	7.3 2.9
\$3,000 to \$3,499 \$3,500 to \$3,999	6.6	6.9	6.5 4.5	7.0 3.7	6.9 3.8	6.5 3.4	7.4 2.6	4.9 2.2	3.3 1.2	3.1 1.0	2.4 1.0	2.1 0.9	•••	1.1	1.2 0.6
\$4,000 to \$4,499 \$4,500 to \$4,999	3.5	3.2 1.7	3.0 1.3	2.6 0.8	1.8	1.7 0.6	1.4	1.0 0.5	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.6	•••	0.2	0.4
\$5,000 to \$5,999 \$6,000 to \$6,999	2.2	1.9	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	•••	0.1	0.3
\$7,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2 0.1	0.3	0.3	•••	0.1	0.3
\$15,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 and over	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1	0.2	0.1	} 0.1	0.2	. 0.1	0.2	0.3	•••	0.1	0.3
Median income	\$1,176	\$1,199	\$1,146	0.1 \$1,116	\$1,161	0.1 \$1,168	\$1,147	\$1,045	.] \$953	\$960	\$1,009	\$1,017	•••	\$901	\$909
URBAN AND RURAL NONFARM			'			,		,,,	, , ,		, ,				
		·													
Male	100.0	,,,,,	100 6	160.0					no'-				3		
Total persons	92.2	92.3	100.0 92.4	92.4	90.9	100.0 91.9	92.3	100.0 90.7	90.8	100.0	100.0	100.0 89.6	100.0 91.5	100.0	90.0
Percent without income	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.6	9.1	8.1	7.7	9.3	9.2	9.5	9.3	10.4	8.5	9.5	10.0
Median income	\$4,050	\$3,986	\$3,899	\$3,646	\$3,469	\$3,421	\$3,258	\$3,130	\$2,784	\$2,563	\$2,585	\$2,368	\$2,116	\$2,042	\$2,265
Female		·				,									* .
Total persons	100,0 54.2	100.0 54.0	100.0 53.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0 46.2	100.0	100.0	100.0 43.1	100.0	100.0	: 100.0	100.0
Percent without income	45.8	46.0	46.7	49.2	51.7	51.7	51.6	53.8	45.2 54.8	44.1 55.9	56.9	58.8	51.7 48.3	48.8 51.2	51.5 48.5
Median income	\$1,283	\$1,302	\$1,257	\$1,220	\$1,252	\$1,250	\$1,252	\$1,147	\$1,043	\$1,049	\$1,122	\$1,103	\$909	\$ 962	\$969
RURAL FARM									•		,		1		
Male															
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	88.2 11.8	88.5 11.5	88.8	90.0 10.0	85.8 14.2	87.3 12.7	87.3 12.7	86.4 13.6	86.7 13.3	87.0 13.0	85.5 14.5	85.8 14.2	•••	85.3	84.7
Median income	\$1,699	\$1,570	\$1,461	\$1,324	\$1,342	\$1,394	\$1,481	\$1,436	\$1,328	\$1,054	\$1,385	\$1,360		14.7 \$904	15.3 \$951
Female				İ											
Total persons	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1.00.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(1)	100.0	100.0
Percent with income	42.5 57.5	40.9 59.1	40.8 59.2	38.1	32.7	32.9	33.3	27.7	31.0	28.0	29.7	28.6		27.6	29.4
Median income	\$476	\$467	\$468	61.9 \$470	67.3 \$ 499	67.1 \$482	66.7 \$449	72.3 \$440	69.0 \$417	72.0 \$392	70.3 \$467	71.4 \$483		72.4 \$431	70.6 \$439
				-: +4,0		7702	****		 /	2002		C 0444		10+0	4+37

¹ Comparable figures not available.

Table 39.--Type of income in 1958: Persons 14 years of age and over by wage or salary income, nonfarm self-employment income, farm self-employment income, and income other than earnings, by sex, for the united states

Waa	ge or salary incom	me	Nonfarm	self-employment	income
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
121,373	58,378	62,995	121,373	58,378	62,995
65 , 725	41,759	23,966	6,362	5,143	1,219
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
17.9 8.4 6.6 5.6 7.1 5.7 7.4 6.4	11.3 6.2 4.9 4.2 5.5 4.9 6.8 6.9	29.0 12.1 9.5 7.8 9.7 7.1 8.3 5.5	4,8 19,2 8,8 6,9 4,9 5,5 4,1 5,0 4,1	4.4 14.4 6.8 6.1 4.6 5.5 4.3 5.5	6.2 38.8 17.0 10.3 6.0 5.3 3.3 2.9 2.2
7.3 5.3 9.5 5.5 5.3 1.6 0.4 0.1	8.9 7.1 13.6 8.2 8.2 2.4 0.6 0.1	4.6 2.4 2.6 1.0 0.5 0.1	5.1 3.0 7.1 4.4 7.3 5.8 2.6 1.4	6.0 3.7 8.4 5.1 8.7 7.0 3.1 1.7	1.4 0.4 1.8 1.6 0.5 0.3
\$2,899	\$3,948	\$1,473	\$2,508	\$3,354	\$ 648
			•		
. 52.5 \$ 4,328	61.6 \$4,927	37.3 \$3,102	65.2 \$ 3,908	72.0 \$4,249	37.1 - \$1,381
Farm s	elf-employment in	icome	Income	other than earn	ings.
Both sexes	Male	Female	Both sexes	Male	Female
121,373 4,120	58,378 3,787	· 62,995	121,373 30,586	58,378 18,064	62,995 12,522
			•		
100.0		I	Į.		
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
11.3 30.5 12.1 12.4 5.8 7.2 3.6 3.4	11.9 28.6 11.1 13.0 6.0 7.6 3.7 3.6	5.0 52.5 22.3 6.1 3.8 3.2 3.2 1.3	0.7 42.4 28.0 13.5 6.7 3.3 1.7 1.1	0.9 43.8 23.8 14.5 6.9 3.7 2.1 1.3	0.4 40.1 34.0 12.1 6.4 2.8 1.2
11.3 30.5 12.1 12.4 5.8 7.2 3.6	11.9 28.6 11.1 13.0 6.0 7.6 3.7	5.0 52.5 22.3 6.1 3.8 3.2 3.2	0.7 42.4 28.0 13.5 6.7 3.3 1.7	0.9 43.8 23.8 14.5 6.9 3.7 2.1	0.4 40.1 34.0 12.1 6.4 2.8 1.2 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.1
11.3 30.5 12.1 12.4 5.8 7.2 3.6 3.4 2.6 2.8 1.3 2.2 1.7 1.6 1.1	11.9 28.6 11.1 13.0 6.0 7.6 3.7 3.6 2.8 3.0 1.4 2.4 1.8 1.8	5.0 52.5 22.3 6.1 3.8 3.2 3.2 1.3 0.7	0.7 42.4 28.0 13.5 6.7 3.3 1.7 1.1 0.8 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1	0.9 43.8 23.8 14.5 6.9 3.7 2.1 1.3 0.9 0.5 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.2	0.4 40.1 12.1 6.4 2.8 1.2 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.1
11.3 30.5 12.1 12.4 5.8 7.2 3.6 3.4 2.6 2.8 1.3 2.2 1.7 1.6 1.1	11.9 28.6 11.1 13.0 6.0 7.6 3.7 3.6 2.8 3.0 1.4 2.4 1.8 1.8 1.1 0.2 0.1	5.0 52.5 22.3 6.1 3.8 3.2 3.2 1.3 0.7	0.7 42.4 28.0 13.5 6.7 3.3 1.7 1.1 0.8 0.4 0.2 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.9 43.8 23.8 14.5 6.9 3.7 2.1 1.3 0.9 0.5 0.3 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.4 40.1 34.0 12.1 6.4 2.8 1.2 0.9 0.6 0.3 0.1 0.5 0.1 0.3
	Both sexes 121,373 65,725 100.0 17.9 8.4 6.6 5.6 7.1 5.7 7.4 6.4 7.3 5.3 9.5 5.5 1.6 0.4 0.1 \$2,899 \$4,328 Farm s Both sexes	Both sexes Male 121,373 58,378 65,725 41,759 100.0 100.0 17.9 11.3 8.4 6.2 6.6 4.9 5.6 4.2 7.1 5.5 5.7 4.9 7.4 6.8 6.4 6.9 7.3 8.9 7.4 6.8 6.4 6.9 7.3 8.9 5.3 13.6 5.5 8.2 5.3 8.2 1.6 2.4 0.4 0.6 0.1 0.1 \$2,899 \$3,948 52.5 61.6 \$4,328 \$4,927 Farm self-employment in Both sexes Male	121,373 58,378 62,995 65,725 41,759 23,966 100.0 100.0 100.0 17.9 11.3 29.0 8.4 6.2 12.1 6.6 4.9 9.5 5.6 4.2 7.8 7.1 5.5 9.7 7.4 6.8 8.3 6.4 6.9 5.5 7.3 8.9 4.6 5.3 7.1 2.4 9.5 13.6 2.6 5.5 8.2 1.0 5.3 8.2 0.5 1.6 2.4 0.1 9.5 13.6 2.6 5.5 8.2 1.0 5.3 8.2 0.5 1.6 0.4 0.6 0.1 0.1 0.1 \$2,899 \$3,948 \$1,473 \$4,328 \$4,927 \$3,102 Farm self-employment income Both sexes Male Female	Both sexes Male Female Both sexes 121,373 58,378 62,995 121,373 65,725 41,759 23,966 6,362 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 17.9 11.3 29.0 19.2 8.4 6.2 12.1 8.8 6.6 4.9 9.5 6.9 5.6 4.2 7.8 4.9 7.1 5.5 9.7 5.5 5.7 4.9 7.1 4.1 7.4 6.8 8.3 5.0 6.4 6.9 5.5 4.1 7.3 8.9 4.6 5.1 5.3 7.1 2.4 3.0 9.5 13.6 2.6 7.1 5.5 8.2 1.0 4.4 5.3 8.2 0.5 7.3 1.6 2.4 0.1 5.8 0.4 0.6 2.6 0.1	Both sexes

Table 40.--COLOR AND INDUSTRY, 1958 AND 1939: MEDIAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME OF ALL PERSONS 14 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER WITH WAGE OR SALARY INCOME AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Figures are restricted to persons who were wage or salary workers at the time of the survey. Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

		All wo	rkers		Yea	r-round ful	l-time worker	:8
Color and major industry group	Mal	.e	Fen	ale	Mal	e .	Fems	le .
	1958	1939 ¹	1958	19391	1958	19391	1958	19391
COLOR								
White	\$4,569 2,652	\$1,112 460	\$2,364 1,055	\$676 246	\$5,186 3,368	\$1,419 639	\$3,225 1,988	\$863 327
MAJOR INDUSTRY GROUP IN SURVEY WEEK								
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	\$1,136 4,834 4,134 4,729	\$301 956 777 1,141	\$2,627	\$154 1,077 804 646	\$2,038 5,306 4,775 5,318	\$381 1,550 1,276 1,416	\$3,283	\$266 1,331 1,042 869
utilities. Wholesale trade. Retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate. Business and repair services. Entertainment and recreation services. Professional and related services.	5,090 4,534 3,518 4,827 4,214 2,413 3,334 4,134 4,919	1,425 1,326 969 1,487 995 738 888 1,235 1,625	3,341 2,837 1,672 2,847 3,019 702 2,508 3,569	1,068 828 599 977 838 292 639 896 1,233	5,392 5,142 4,310 5,326 4,875 3,670 4,754 5,128	1,649 1,527 1,196 1,636 1,232 940 1,291 1,349 1,843	3,673 3,423 2,445 3,205 1,655 3,389 3,980	1,158 1,029 761 1,064 1,016 390 840 998 1,339

^{1&#}x27; Excludes public emergency workers but includes members of the Armed Forces.

Table 41.--OCCUPATION, 1958 AND 1939: MEDIAN WAGE OR SALARY INCOME OF ALL PERSONS IN THE EXPERIENCED CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE AND OF YEAR-ROUND FULL-TIME WORKERS, BY MAJOR OCCUPATION GROUP AND SEX, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Median not shown where base is less than 200,000)

		. All wo	rkers		Yea	r-round full	time worker	8
Major occupation group in survey week	Mal	e	Fem	ale	Mal	е	Fema	le
	1958	19391	1958	1939 ¹	1958	19391	1958	1939 ¹
Professional, technical, and kindred workers. Farmers and farm managers. Managers, officials, and proprietors, except farm. Clerical and kindred workers. Sales workers. Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers. Operatives and kindred workers. Private household workers. Service workers, except private household. Farm laborers and foremen. Laborers, except farm and mine.	\$5,956 498 6,034 4,398 4,291 4,970 3,909 3,090 750 2,486	\$1,809 373 2,136 1,421 1,277 1,309 1,007 429 833 309 673	\$3,501 3,313 2,943 1,604 2,075 467 1,255	\$1,023 348 1,107 966 636 827 582 296 493 176 538	\$6,513 490 6,431 4,839 5,332 5,365 4,460 3,898 1,406 3,672	\$2,100 430 2,254 1,364 1,451 1,362 1,268 549 1,019 365 991	\$4,146 3,771 3,388 2,333 2,745 1,161 2,073	\$1,27 40 1,21 1,07 74 99 74 33 60 24

¹ Excludes public emergency workers and persons having less than \$100 of wage or salary income but includes members of the Armed Forces.